

SITUATION IN INNER MONGOLIA HAILED
(2 November 1967)

[Full text of a Jen-min Jih-pao and Chieh-fang-chun Pao editorial entitled "The Red Sun Shines Over the Prairie of Inner Mongolia."]

News of great joy has come from the broad prairies of Inner Mongolia. The revolutionary committee of the Inner Mongolian Autonomous Region has been born in the forward bastion of antirevisionism on the northern frontiers of our nation!

The founding of the Inner Mongolian Autonomous Region's revolutionary committee has proclaimed the complete bankruptcy of the handful of counter-revolutionary revisionist and national splittist elements in Inner Mongolia. It has cut off the black hand of their backstage supporter -- China's Khrushchev -- stretched into Inner Mongolia, dealt a severe blow to the subversive conspiracy hatched by imperialism, soviet modern revisionism, and Mongolian modern revisionism. It has vital importance in the consolidation of China's frontiers and the proletarian dictatorship of our nation, the strengthening of the unity of various nationalities in our country, and the development of socialist construction in China.

This is a decisive victory won by the great proletarian cultural revolution personally initiated and lead by Chairman Mao in Inner Mongolia! It is a great victory of the proletarian revolutionary line represented by Chairman Mao! It is a great victory of Mao Tse-tung's brilliant thought!

We respectfully tender our highest respects and warmest congratulations to the proletarian revolutionary comrades, comrades in arms, and to the 13 million people of various nationalities in Inner Mongolia!

The founding of the Inner Mongolia revolutionary committee is the result of the heroic struggle and repeated trials of strength against the handful of party persons in authority in Inner Mongolia taking the capitalist road carried out by the proletarian revolutionaries of Inner Mongolia under the wise leadership and concern of Chairman Mao and the support and encouragement of proletarian revolutionaries throughout the country.

In this terrible, soul-shaking battle of the classes, the broad masses of Inner Mongolian proletarian revolutionaries, infinitely loyal to Chairman Mao and to his proletarian revolutionary line, faced black winds and fought

raging waves, and withstood the most strenuous of tests. They unceasingly strengthened proletarian party spirit, overcame petty bourgeois group spirit, and created favorable conditions for forming revolutionary great alliances and revolutionary three-way alliances. The proletarian revolutionaries of Inner Mongolia won new merit for the great proletarian cultural revolution in Inner Mongolia.

At the crucial juncture of the PLA in Inner Mongolia, who held high the great red banner of Mao Tse-tung's thought, stepped boldly forward to give resolute and vigorous support to the proletarian revolutionaries. Uniting with the proletarian revolutionaries and fighting together with them, the struggle against the handful of persons in authority in the Inner Mongolian party was carried out victoriously.

The victory of the struggle to seize power waged by proletarian revolutionaries of Inner Mongolia once more proves that no matter how acute and complicated the struggle may be or how great the resistance is, no forces can stand up against the advance if Chairman Mao's revolutionary line is resolutely implemented, the great strategic plan of Chairman Mao is adhered to, and the absolute authority of Mao Tse-tung's thought is established in a big way.

Our great leader Chairman Mao taught us that the unification of our country, the unity of our people and the unity of our various nationalities -- these are the basic guarantees of the sure triumph of our cause. Chairman Mao also said that national struggle, in the final analysis, is a question of class struggle.

The handful of persons in authority in the party in Inner Mongolia taking the capitalist road are agents of feudal princes and nobles, owners of large herds, landlords, and the bourgeoisie who have wormed their way into the party. For a long time they have waved the red flag to oppose the red flag, frenziedly implemented the reactionary line of revisionism and national splittism, covered up class contradictions, provoked the relationship between nationalities, and created splits among the nationalities to sabotage the unity of the fatherland. Their criminal objective is the restoration of capitalism to meet the need of imperialism and modern revisionism.

Experience in the struggle between the two classes, two roads, and two lines in Inner Mongolia tells us again that Chairman Mao's great theories and a series of principles and policies concerning the national question are the only correct guidance to correctly handle the national question, and are the reliable guarantee for consolidating the unification of the motherland and strengthening the national unity.

All the nationalities in our great socialist motherland, no matter which one, have a common ideological basis. Marxism-Leninism and Mao Tse-tung's thought, and have a common road, the road of socialism and communism.

We must proceed from the standpoint of class and class struggle taught by Chairman Mao to correctly forget the class struggle, the dictatorship of the proletariat, the giving of prominence to politics, and holding high the great red banner of Mao Tse-tung's thought.

The revolutionary forces are always advancing while the reactionary forces are bound to fail. The great proletarian cultural revolution in the Inner Mongolian area, through a twist and reversal, has completely laid bare the true features of the class enemy and greatly tempered the revolutionary masses and the revolutionary cadres.

Now the red sun has illuminated the Inner Mongolian prairie; the situation of the revolution in Inner Mongolia is unprecedentedly fine, and it will become better and better in the future.

While celebrating the great victory we have won, we should not forget that the class enemies at home and abroad will certainly not take their defeat lying down. They will make trouble again and again. The soldiers and civilians in Inner Mongolia, the forward bastion of antirevisionism, should maintain high vigilance, strengthen the alert against the enemy, expose and smash all intrigues of the class enemy in good time, consolidate the red political power of the proletariat, and consolidate the frontier of the motherland.

They should resolutely carry through Chairman Mao's latest instruction to use "combat self-interest and repudiate revisionism" as their guiding principle, carry on in an even more penetrating way the revolutionary mass criticism and repudiation, completely refute, overthrow, and discredit China's Khrushchev and his agents in Inner Mongolia, and thoroughly wipe out their evil influence.

Plant the great red banner of Mao Tse-tung's thought on every inch of the Inner Mongolian prairie and turn Inner Mongolia into a red great school of Mao Tse-tung's thought!