

inside **Turkey's** 1920: Irish reign of workers' terror against greatest the strike Kurds -page 8 -page 5

For a Workers' Republic and International Socialism 40p

A SERIOUS crisis is looming in the health services. Four times in the last two months, nurses have gone on strike because of the appalling conditions in hospitals. In Dublin's Mater Hos-

pital 25 nurses from the Accident and Emergency services placed pickets in protest at the lack of beds available for patients in emergency care.

The nurses union, the I.N.O. say that patients in casualty can be left lying on trolleys or in wheelchairs for up to 48 hours. Patients in need of ward care are often nursed from mattresses on the floor.

30 nurses in Beaumont hospital are due to strike on April 5th. The same problem exists in St. James and the Meath hospitals.

Most city centre hospitals have been closed down since 1987 with a loss of 700 - 800 beds in Dublin.

The long promised Tallaght hospital was shelved for years by successive governments.

The nurses have to work in overcrowded and unsafe conditions

The patients are subjected to



degrading and dangerous treat-ment because of the lack of beds. Last month 100 nurses in Sligo went on strike because of staff-

ing levels. In Clonmel 100 nurses continuing to work-to-rule. from a staff of 105 placed pickets to demand that the health board employ more staff and are

A decent health service is a right for everybody.

While this Government can throw tax breaks at banks and at millionaires like Larry Goodman, working class people are suffering as a result.

They have to depend on public health and can't afford the luxury of Blackrock-clinic style care.

This is a sick society that allows people to suffer pain and degradation while the bosses can boast increased profits.

Change

But it's working class people who pay over 80% of total taxes. We deserve better and it's time

for change.

Health Ministers will continue to turn a blind eye.

Polite lobbying and appeals wont secure the extra beds and staff that are urgently needed.

They will only be forced to wake up by the action that the nurses are taking.

PAGE TWO SOCIAL IST WORKER

Jailed for life for stealing a ce of

Jerry Dewayne, a 27 year old black man, was sentenced to 25 years life imprisonment last month.

What was Jerry Dewayne's crime? Surely he committed a serious offence like murder, armed robbery or rape? No, Williams will spend most of the rest of his life in

jail for stealing a slice of pepperoni pizza. Williams was sentenced on

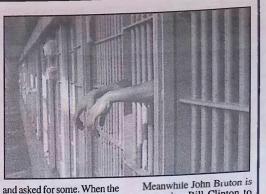
the "three-strikes and you're out" rule in America. Under Clinton's new policy anybody who offends three times, gets life -- no matter what they do on the third time. According to the prosecu-tion's case, Williams and a friend approached four teen-

each took a slice.

and order lynch mob in Cali-

agers with an extra large pizza

COUNCIL HARASSMENT OF TRAVELLERS:



encouraging Bill Clinton to come to Ireland. We are all teens refused, the two men For this crime Williams received a 25-year sentence. This piece of barbarism is designed to appease the law supposed to honour him as "a

man of peace". If he ever does arrive, so-cialists will make sure that he does not forget the name of Jerry Dewayne.

STOP OWEN'S BAIL BILL!

THE JUSTICE Minister, Nora Owen, does not appear to be too confident about the proposed Bill to change the Bail laws.

The Bill seems to have been put on the shelf-for now. Under the Constitution, anyone charged with an offence Under the Constitution, anyone charged with an offence enjoys "the presumption of innocence until proven guilty". Owen wants to change that with a new Bill which will allow judges to refuse Bail. In effect, anyone with previous convictions could be refused bail and denied their right to "be presumed inno-

Article 40.4 of the Constitution says "That no citizen cent' ould be deprived of their liberty". This is the same Constitution that Government and

Courts hold so precious when it comes to stopping women having a right to choose on abortion.

But they are not too happy about the bit that guaran-tees our right to liberty. The I.C.C.L. are campaigning against the introduction of the Bill.

One solicitor told Socialist Worker, "It seems they want to give the Gardai something to do-there is no justification for this type of legislation. It turns the action of justice on its head".

Class bias in Third Level Education-Official

AN INTERNAL UCD report obtained by So-cialist Worker shows that access to thirdlevel education in the Republic is extremely limited.

In March it organised an open day for prospective stu-dents and administered ques-

tionnaires to 18,000 people. Students from Dublin were sub-divided by postal district. 2097 students attended from the prosperous South County Dublin area.

Dublin area. However, only 290 students attended from the huge work-ing-class area of Tallaght. This discrepancy is even more startling when one con-siders that the population of South County Dublin is only around 30% of the population of Tallaght

of Tallaght. Not one student from the Dublin 17 area attended the Open Day. Dublin 17 includes the

large working-class estates of Darndale and Clonshaugh. These findings come as lit-tle surprise to those working

A teacher working in Tallaght told Socialist Worker, "I've been teaching for 13 years and I've only seen about a dozen or so kids make it to college

olds for grants. It's so frustrat-ing to see bright kids you've taught signing on."

However, they will come as an embarrassment to the gov-

tions

Dawn raid on family Electricity bills hike while profits soar

ELECTRICITY prices in Northern Ireland are to jump by another 8%. It will make the price

Northern

Ireland

It will make the price of its electricity the highest in the UK. Northern Ireland Electricity made a £75 million profit last year. Its chairman earned over £180,000. Meanwhile the Tories are still trying to clamp down on wages. While they talk about recognising the differ-ences between Catho-lic and Protestant work-ers, they make sure

ers, they make sure that we are treated the same when it comes to making sacrifices.

MRS MANGAN and eleven of her chil-dren were forcibly moved from their caravan at 7.30 on the morning of March 14th.

Ten council workers, protected by Gardai, lifted the family from their beds into a van. They then strapped the caravan, hoisted it onto a truck and moved it to a new halting site on Kishogue Lane. This family have been forcibly moved three times in the last six years. "We were living in a field in Blanchardstown

The site gates are locked between 5.30 in the evening and 9.00 in

the worning. The Mangans don't want to live in a big halt-ing site that resembles a

Ing site that resembles a shanty town. "I have 14 children and the kids need space to play and do a bit of scrap". The vast majority of

travellers will not get paid employment and the young men in particular need to carry out their own trading in scrap and machinery parts. There is nothing else

for them. Travellers living in the Kishogue site have to

walk two and a half miles to the nearest shop and

there are no phones or bus services in the area.

Damaged

Council damaged the roof

of the Mangan's caravan but the eviction notice carries a disclaimer for

any damage caused dur-

ing the move. The family now live on

of houses and shops in Dublin's

Blessington Street.

street

During the eviction the

Tallaght Two win appeal

JOSEPH Grogan and Joseph Meleady were wrongly sent to prison because of the actions of the Gardai. Although they served nine years between them, they still have not been awarded compensation.

They were accused of robbing a car in Firhouse in 1984. The owner, Eamon Gavin, jumped on the bonnet and claimed he could identify them. But it was a dark night and the car was

speeding. His evidence would

not have been enough to convict them—if the Gardai had not

helped. For several years they hid the fact that Gavin had been shown photographs of the accused prior to an identity parade. Even during the trial Gavin and one Garda denied having seen photographs. The Gardai also

for four years and had to leave because they

wanted to build a market. Then we had to leave a field in Clondalkin be-cause they wanted to

They never built them." The new halting site in Kishogue has no electric-

ity, two families share one toilet and hundreds of

children have to live in an

area without a playground

or space.

withheld vital finger-print evidence that was important for the credibility of a defence witness.

Ouashing

Despite quashing the sentences on the two men, the courts made no order for compensation.

But Eamonn Gavin has already been financially rewarded by the state for the in-juries he received during the theft of his racist slogans out Kaffir" were daubed on the doors of two blocks ABUSIVE racist graffiti has been daubed over dozens of flats.

GLENAMADDY in East Galway

was the scene of a terrible at-

tack on travellers two years

ago.

travellers.

which served them.

that if they moved into the

Kishogue site they would

'Shanty Towns'

never get out of it.

the roadside near Clondalkin village. The Mangans believe The "shanty towns" of Cappagh and Mulhuddert

ago. Local shopkeepers organ-ised a gang with hurley sticks to beat up travellers coming from the Four Roads pub. The pub was only one of twelve pubs in the village that served travellers.

They were immediately removed by Corporation workers.

A number of black fami-lies and students live on the But just a few days later local people woke up to find the entire street, doors, shops, hoardings covered with the same slimey graf-fiti. Filthy slogans like "Blacks out of Ireland", "Wogs go home" and "Get

"Everybody on the

Disgusted

"The low-life that does The low-life that does this are obviously organ-ised and determined to in-timidate the few black peo-ple who live here."

The Anti Nazi League (ANL) have been petition-ing residents in the

Despite this attack, the Gardai blamed the travellers and the pub "Run them out of town" is still the motto in parts of the West. are testimony to the cal-

> community. Mr. Mangan told Socialist Worker:

"Travellers are moved on everywhere, it's the

same in the North too and many travellers end up lous policy the council has towards the travelling emigrating. Mary Robinson is a good woman but she should come down to

these big sites and see how travellers have to live." **Residents unite to clean up** Blessington Street area to

street came out to clean it off, not just the Corpo this time", according to one local resident.

Local people are dis-gusted by this behaviour but have no expression for their appear their anger. The ANL urges every-body who opposes this kind of activity to go into the demonstration in Dub-lin on April 22nd. It's crucial we organise It's crucial we organise

racists.

now against racism and facism wherever it rears it's ugly head.

They were determined to get it closed down. Originally the Gardai hired the daughter of a presiding judge as their solicitor to demand that the pub's licence be withdrawn. That was too much even for the High Court who overuled a deci-sion to close the pub down.

But now the Gardai and the lo-cal traders have finally suc-ceeded.

college. It's just not an option.

Those from unemployed families would get a grant but, to be honest, it would hardly even cover their busfares for the user the year.

Anyone working is cruci-fied because of the low thresh-

Neither the Department of Education nor UCD would comment on the findings. unite in opposition to these

ernment.

It seems that the abolition of fees, although welcome. has had little, if any, effect on the social composition of third-level education.

For education to become a right for all, the government will have to provide more money to tackle unemploy-ment, provide living grants and raise people's expecta-tions.



restaurants. But she had the cheek

mestic violence and child abuse is by no means confined to travellers. In

confined to travellers. In recent survey, for exam-ple, one in eight Irish people claimed they suf-fered some form of physical and sexual abuse as children. Yet travellers make up only a tiny proportion of the Irish population. Stagg and Lucy Burke's statements will encourage groups of or-ganised thugs who at-

ganised thugs who at-tack traveller caravans. They show how anti-

traveller racism reaches

up to the very top of Irish society. They help to explain why the evictions we re-

port on page two are

happening. Last year, Stagg claimed that homeless was not problem in this country. It was of course,

a complete lie. But if he had been do-

ing more to provide de-cent accommodation for travellers and settled people, some of the frus-

trations that led to do-mestic violence might be

No socialist would ar-gue that children should

only be adopted by par-ents from the same eth-

nic group or race. And, to be fair, this is only one view-and is

not held by everyone in the Irish Traveller Move-

But what the court case has revealed is bla-tant discrimination against considering trav-ellers as suitable parents

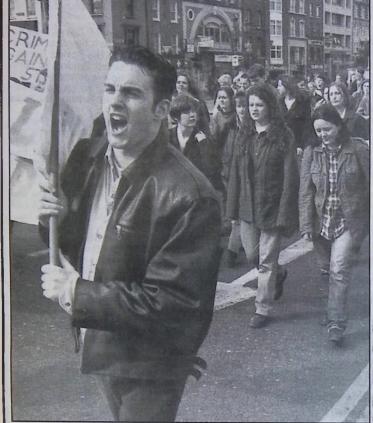
lessened.

ment.

what we think

itagg whipps up racis

PLC students march



250 students from the Post Leaving Cert colleges demonstrated to the Dail on Thursday 23rd March to demand grants from the Government. Despite the abolition of fees, the Coalition Government has done nothing for the 17,000 PLC students in the country. These students receive no grant aid whatsoever, facilities are poor to non-existent and they don't have third level status. The Government are quite happy to increase the numbers in these colleges to 20,000 next year and give no extra facilities. PLC colleges need to get organise and build for bigger and better demonstrations in the months ahead.

EMMET STAGG is a disgrace. When he took part in a Questions and Answers programme. he tried to stir up antitraveller racism.

Stagg claimed that wife beating was part of the traveller way of life. Not only did he support a court decision to order the adoption of a traveller boy by a settled family, he implied that

travellers were not fit par-ents to adopt children. Stagg was part of a panel which included the arch snob, Helen Lucy Burke

This is the reality be-

hind Labour's embrace of Irish capitalism. They should be ashamed of them-

But she had the cheek to claim that she came from a "superior culture" to travellers. Stagg did not contra-dict a word she said— but instead added his own piece of racist bile. The truth is that do-mestic violence and chid She earns a living by writing about high class

the Navvie trail they deny them even the hope of getting de-cent wages in Euro-pean countries. They get Irish wages

and are expected to pay German prices. The Irish Labour Party want building workers to be treated

like the navvies of old. They throw them out of the country because there are no jobs—then

MOST OF the European Union social legislation is full of high aspirations and does not translate into real changes in working conditions. But even this rheto-

ric is too much for some governments. The British Tories

have long resisted the Social Charter which is supposed to limit the amount of hours worked. Now the Irish Coali-

tion government are going down the same road

road. They have voted against a measure which would give workers who are posted abroad the standard wages pre-vailing in those coun-tries. tries

tries. Eithne Fitzgerald, from the Labour Party was put on the radio to explain this disgraceful devices.

explain this day. decision. Her answer: "it would add to the costs of Irish employers".

Take the building bosses. These sharks have been sending Irish workers to Germany and paying them a pit-

No soccer bans

selves.

THE decision to allow only 200 people from Northern Ireland attend the match in Landsdowne Rd with the Republic of Ireland was wrong. It played into the hands of the Nazis who wrecked the Ireland-England match. It makes mockery of the Southern govern-ment's claim to be seeking "parity of esteem". Far from encouraging greater unity on this island, it gives the idea that there are two tribes who cannot even share a football stadium with each other.

game. The best thing that people who detest the re-cent BNP activity on the terraces of Lansdowne road can do is to build for the upcoming march of the Anti-Nazi League which has been called under the slogan: Keep Ireland Nazi Free.



THE PRESS in Northern Ireland has condemned the gay group Outrage! for sending the for sending the former Popular Un-ionist MP, Jim Kilfedder, a letter urging him to publicly declare his homo-

sexuality. Sex, they claim, is a private matter and should be left private. This is gross hypocrisy

EATH

0

because, hidden behind the years of troubles in the North, is a climate of repression on sex. It is precisely the Na-tionalist and Unionist

Almost every month, a handful are dragged be-fore the courts on charges of "gross inde-cency" in the provincial towns of Northern Ire-land

tionalist and Unionist politicians who try to stop people enjoying sex in their private lives. All the North's politi-cians voted against low-ering the age of consent for homosexuality in the British House of Comland The RUC lose no op-

Paisley even set up a Save Ulster from Sodportunity to get these men publicly named in

IG

omy campaign. The religous funda-mentalists in the RUC have also gone out of their way to make life a misery for gay men.

Cover Up

The attacks on Out-rage! are another at-tempt to cover up the hypocrisy that is rampant in Northern Ireland.

The attacks don't mean that Outrage! are

the courts and known in the local area. Yet no newspaper has condemned this "outing" of individuals who choose to have sex with other consenting adults. In fact, their whole campaign of 'outing' is

It is based on the idea people in high places can end prejudice.

But people like Jim

pression—whatever his own sexual orientation.

The 'revelations' of Outrage! are seized on

eagerly by a right-wing press who want to con-vey the idea that gays should be ashamed.

This climate in turn does not help working class people to come out and feel confident about

have given bigots a field day for decades.

to adopt. Stagg has added to this hysteria and that is why he should be removed from office.

KEEP IRELAND NAZI-FREE Anti Nazi League March Assemble 2.00pm Parnell Sq, Dublin Sat April 22nd

SITES Eric Fleming, secretary for the Building Group of

SIX BUILDING workers have been killed on construction sites in the Dublin area in the last 10

months. Dublin's skyline has become crowded with cranes lately, an indica-tion of the boom in the building industry. Yet construction work

has become increasingly dangerous with workers expected to operate complicated tools and machinery without ad-equate training.

According to a SIPTU spokesperson,

BUILDIN

mons

"Workers are literally "Workers are literally taking their lives into their hands turning up for work on some sites. "Building workers are extremely angry at the lack of concern for their safety."

The unions are deanding that construc-tion bosses be forced to implement the terms of the 1990 Health and Safety Act which sets down standards for em-

for the Building Group of Unions said, "We've had plenty of meetings but little change in practice....if this happened in any other industry there would be a public out-cry with demands for a full scale enquiry "

full scale enquiry." The rate of fatalities in this industry is an outright sgrace. Unions should start to

demands on the building barons before more workers are killed. up.

SOCIALIST Worker politics are getting a response throughout the country. The Belfast branches

have been working flat out to build support for the nurses. They covered the town

with posters advertising the Day of Action for the Nurses on March 30th.

Street meetings have been held, at which sev-eral new members joined

In Derry 40 people turned up to an SWM meeting on the attacks on United Technology work-ers. Two people joined af-terwards.

Branches

In Dublin new branches are being estab-lished around the town.

A Ringsend branch was set up last week and local estate sales proved a major success.

When UCD held an open day for secondary students, the Socialist Worker Student Society in the college set up a stall. Over 20 students signed up to join the organisa-

Meanwhile, the SWM is starting to spread its wings. Preparations are being made to establish branches in Donegal and

Limerick. In all 40 people joined the SWM in the last fort-

night.

A new pamphlet is be-ing published to intro-duce ever larger numbers of people to the politics of the SWM. For the first time in decades there is the

decades there is the prospect of a large and solid revolutionary so-

cialist organisation in Ireland. If you like the politics in this paper, then why not fill out the form on page 10 and get active.

their sexuality. Kildfedder who has voted Tory all his life has a vested interest in re-Instead of outing, gays and straight people should fight together to change the two rotten states in Ireland which

each other. The best way to deal with fascist trouble on the terrace is not to limit the number of genuine fans who want to attend matches. Instead the players and managers of the foot-ball teams in the North and sought should publically endorse the Keep Racism off the Ter-races campaign. They should distribute anti-Nazi literature at all matches. They should encourage their supporters to drown out the chants of sec-tarian and fascist thugs who want to wreck the game. ch other.

SE inside the SVS

THINGS THEY SAY

"[Cantona] kicked a foul-mouthed, racist low-life. He stood up for all players, particularly black, in Britain. He should get a medal."—Paddy Murray, in The Star.

"This isn't really about romance. It's strictly business ... about getting back on the front pages of every paper in America and making deals"—Millionaire casino owner Donald Trump who attended the Cairde Sinn Fein dinner in the US on why he is getting back together with his exwife

SUPERSTARS Michael Jackson and Elizabeth Taylor are being chased by workers who haven't been paid for slaving on a celebrity TV party. The workers claim

that the Jacksons owe £1 million in wages and supplies following a lavish party thrown by the fam-ily. "Enough is enough,

The bottom line is we'd like to get paid," said workers' rep Gary Smith.

FIANNA FAIL are proudly keeping up their title as party of the really rich. £1,000 each for the next three years to party funds. The fundraising drive is being led

They have just started a fundraising drive, asking the richest and most powerful businessmen around the country to "donate"

Fianna Fail fundraising

Killer

Gas Off

THE British Govern

ment has been dumping sealed containers of deadly

gas off the Donegal

The dumps include

massive amounts of mustard gas and may

also contain sarin, the deadly nerve gas which was used to kill 10 peo-ple in the Tokyo under-ground attack

The containers are

aboard two ships scuttled after the second world war 40 miles off the

Subsequent Irish governments over the years have kept quiet about the

ground attack.

coast.

containers

Have you a

story for

System? If there is

Inside the

something

should all

send to

Socialist

Dublin 8.

you think we

know about.

Worker, PO

Box 1648,

Phone (01)

coast.

Coast

The fundraising drive is being led by Jim Lacey, chair of the Irish Aviation Authority, and himself not unknown to have the odd glass of champers.

Fight for Korean wages!

THE TORIES were de lighted to announce that the South Korean multi-national Daewoo was setting up in Antrim.

But now it has been re-vealed that the women workers at the plant are being paid less than their South Korean counterparts.

NEW figures just released show that industrial pay rates are only rising by 2.3% with inflation at 3%. Workers are also working longer and are aver-aging 41 hours a week.

nary feat, this catch up by countries which were once in the Third World". Workers in South Ko-rea have certainly fought for their rights. Northern Ireland workers should also fol-

low their example and get out of Third World condi-

According to the Trade Minister Richard Need-ham "it is an extraordi-

De Rossa's shame

HAS Prionsias De Rossa betrayed his class or is he just for-getting his lines?

getting his lines? Last year, the DL leader said that the ab-solute minimum that anyone could live on was at least £70 a week

- and that was before the 3 per cent price in-creases last year. So this year Prionsias waltzes into government, proud as punch at getting the job of Minister for So-cial Welfare. And what

happens? Benefits go up by a miserly 2.5%, when Gross National Product is growing at over 6 per cent. That leaves the basic social welfare rate at £62.50. Who says Prionsias can't add?

Arklow Council's US junket

ARKLOW PEOPLE recently while a plea from a 329 pupil junket does McElheron have to got an insight into the work- national school for a waiver on attend? got an insight into the work-ings of their FF/FG control-led Urban Council. The waiver on waiver on waiver on waiver on waiver on waiver on the work-the waiter charges was turned down.

Can we all

opt out?

SO, THE new Abor-tion Information Bill

has a clause permit-ting conscientious

ward to the following: Will legal and court workers be able to refuse

to process papers leading to evictions from family homes, which involve ba-bies, toddlers, children, parents and grandparents?

Will workers of compa-es who scab on strikes be

able to refuse to staff the alternative workplace or service used in the scab-bing operation?

The waiver would only have The councillors voted to give cost £313

£500 to their chairman Vincent And what is oh-so-important decision. McElheron for a trip to America,

A two week invite by the Las Vegas Sons of Erin!! Cllr. Nicky Kelly was the only

Why do some women starve themselves? SOME YOUNG women who should have every-thing to live for die from anorexia nervosa, the

'slimming disease"

"slimming disease". These are tragic and totally unnecessary deaths. Ano-rexia nervosa means the loss of appetite for nervous rea-sons but really amounts to people, mainly women, starv-ing themselves in societies where there is plenty of food. Sufferers are obsessed with their weight and have a completely distorted view of their body size, imagining they are much larger than they are.

completely distorted view of their body size, imagining they are much larger than they are. The results are horrendous, as they are with "Bulimia nervosa" - bingeing on food then inducing vomiting. The victims are mainly young women, but men are also affected.

They tend to be women because of the hideous images

They tend to be women because of the hideous images of how women are supposed to look that dominate our society, a society which judges individuals, especially women, as commodities, not human beings. Women are assessed according to how far they live up to what the "ideal" is supposed to be - as shown in glossy adverts, images of supermodels, and newspaper "Slim-ming Specials", while on-the next page encouraging us to eat junk food. These pressures can make people unhappy for all their

These pressures can make people unhappy for all their

lives. But as long as people are healthy and happy, why should they spend all their lives striving to attain some, supposedly perfect size and weight? Anorexia and bulimia are obscene diseases created by the obscene pressures of the society we live in today. They are one more powerful argument to fight to change it. KAREN MCLOUGHLIN, DUN LAOGHAIRE

behind the headlines

by EAMONN MCCANN

Gerry Adams' American allies

REPUBLICANS responded to Gerry Adams' US visit last month with gleeful euphoria, and it's easy to see why. While the Tories contin-ued to drag their feet about talking to Sinn Fein, Adams was hail-fellow-well-met with Bill Clinton in the White House. The impotent an-ger of Major and the rabid British tabloids was a joy to behold. To Republicans, there were also practical benefits from the US visit. Dollars can be expected to flow into party coffers now that Sinn Fein can fund-raise openly among Irish-Americans.

Includes hose who cheer on Indonesia's genocide against the people of East Timor, who were most gung-ho for arming the Contras, who support the blockade against Cuba, who among Irish-Americans. The party's image has been polished and may appeal more to Irish voters as a result of its president being presented as a respectable international figure. Accept-ance in Washington has been seen as strengthening their hand in negotiations with the NIO.

All this is on the positive side for people who want to build a conventional, mainstream, pro-capitalist party. But for people in the Repub-lican Movement who regard themselves as socialists, or who see their fight as part of the broad struggle of the of the broad struggle of the dispossessed everywhere against oppression and ex-ploitation, the news pictures from the US should have been deeply disturbing. The lunch at which Gerry Adams first shook hands with Clinton was bested by

with Clinton was hosted by the Speaker of the House of Representatives, Newt Gingrich, He's the leader of the "New Right" which swept the Congressional elections last November on the basis of a "Contract with America" reflecting the moral priorities of funda-mentalist bigots. The "con-tract" includes: throwing women and children off welfare after two yacare welfare after two years; stopping all payments to any family headed by an unwed mother under 18 or to chil-dren whose fails dren whose father is un-known: dropping all the won by mass struggles in the '60s and '70s, including food stamps and free school lunches for poor children; abolition of the minimum wage; the denial of medical treatment and welfare to millions of immigrants and

their children

Racists

also determined to dump af-firmative-action pro-grammes designed to re-

verse discrimination against

women, blacks and gays. Gingrich only agreed to have Adams to lunch after an intensive lobbying cam-paign which involved per-suading extremit reaction

suading extremist reaction-aries across the country to

contact the Speaker's office and urge that an invitation be issued. From New York

Gingrich's New Right is

roared their approval for the slaughter of the Gulf War. Possibly the most re-markable aspect of this op-eration has been the absence of even a single voice of dissent from within the Repub-lican Movement—or from the "progressives" who cluster around its fringes. The only argument put forward is along the lines

that you sometimes have to "sup with the devil"... These "sup with the devil"... These guys might be evil bastards, but they have power and in-fluence and if we can get them on "our" side, on "our" issue. it makes concerne to un issue, it makes sense to use them. This doesn't necessar ily compromise our politics...

Appeal

The spurious nature of this argument came across loud and clear in Gerry Adams' response to an ap-peal for support from the Irish Lesbian and Gay Or-ganisation. The ILGO had been banned from taking part in the St. Patrick's Day march in New York and then refused permission to hold its own protest march two hours before the main pa-rade. They asked Adams to support their right to hold the protest march.

Adams' response, printed in the *Irish Voice* was, in full: "I would hope the Irish-American community would be all-inclusive and all-enveloping on this goal would be all-inclusive and all-enveloping on this and that we would look for equality of treatment for everyone". As Maire Crowe commented in the Sunday Tribune, this "dusty an-swer" ... merely underlined the negligible support that the ILGO gets from the wider frish-American com-munity". munity".

Adams couldn't give ex-plicit support to Irish gays' right to protest because it is precisely the people who were denying them their rights that the Sinn Fein strategy in the US depends

Strategy in each on. What have supporters of gay liberation in and around the Republican Movement in Ireland to say about this? The SWM isn't anti-

The SWM isn't anti-American. We are happy to make common cause with American people ... the mil-lions of people fighting against what Gingrich rep-recente resents. As many Republicans

be issued. From New York to California, racists, homophobes, anti-woman zealots and warriors against the poor were enlisted to ensure that the Sinn Fein president was on the smeet. president was on the guestthemselves used to say once upon a time ... One world. one struggle. It goes without saying

get away with such selec-tivity, and blatant hypoc-risy. Inserting "conscien-tious objection" clauses in legislation referring to foetuses, and not doing so in legislation which affects the life of the foetus from the time s/he is born, shows them up for the hypocrites

PO Box 1648, Dublin 8



EVERYONE has heard the phrase "Education is Free". But when you think about it, after all the new books and the new uniform, it's far

the new books and the new tanding the first form being free. At the moment I'm in Transition Year. They say it's a 'year to mature' before the Leaving. Do we have to pay £75 to 'mature'? Neither of my parents are working. Then there's the health system which is also supposed to be free

Then there's the iteration of the free. My dad broke his leg around this time last year, and it's still broken now. Whenever he has an appointment to see the doctor, he just looks at his leg and sends him home with more painkillers. JENNNY BYRNE, CLONDALKIN.

Will all the above work-ers, and, indeed, many others, be granted the same immunity as the Doctors? they are. MARGARET QUINN, CORK Methinks not! Politicians should not

872 2682 one to express outrage at the Fax: (01) 872 3838 Socialist Worker welcomes etters

WO

around the Mexico's 'shock therap

THE MEXICAN government announced on March 9 a "shock therapy" plan more strin-gent than anything previously contemplated.

The value-added tax, which hits the poor the hardest, would be increased by 50 percent. Petrol prices are to be raised by 35 per-

With inflation currently running at 50 percent, a 10 percent minimum wage in-crease will hardly be no-

The austerity package re-ceived backing from U.S. business and financial leaders who sponsored the £30 billion international bailout plan President Clinton en-

The austerity package is the price ordinary Mexi-cans are being asked to pay for the crimes of their leaders

Already, as many as 250,000 workers have lost their jobs in the economic crisis, which came to a head when the peso's value plunged in December.

The economic crisis has sharpened the political cri-sis at both the top and bot-tom of Mexican society.

At the top of society, the thieves in the ruling Insti-tutional Revolutionary Party (PRI) are turning on each other.

by LANCE SELFA

On March 2, Mexican

authorities arrested the brother of former President Carlos Salinas, Raul. Prosecutors charged him with masterminding the as-sassination of Ruiz Mas-sieu, the PRI's deputy leader, last September. The crisis descended into

BUT THE root of the fight in the PRI goes much deeper than

Zedillo's electoral

standing. Mexico's bosses are also

split on how to respond to the Zapatista uprising and to popular demands for

to popular demands for greater democracy. On March 9, the coun-try's assembly approved a bill granting amnesty to Zapatista National Libera-tion Army (EZLN) combat-ants if they surrender their arms.

arms. This followed only a

Bosses

farce when Carlos Salinas moved into the house of a supporter in Monterrey and began a hunger strike to

protest at attacks on his "reputation." Many people want Carlos Salinas prosecuted for his role in bringing about Mexico's economic debacle In a non-binding Febru-

month after Zedillo un-

leashed the army to crush the uprising and to arrest its

brought forth an outpouring of protest throughout Mexico.

Crush

But while Zedillo backed away from his hard-line

rhetoric, the army has con-tinued a "low-intensity" war in Chiapas, attempting to encircle and to crush the EZLN.

Hundreds of cases of

hard line

leaders

Zedillo's

split

ary referendum conducted by the Civic Alliance, a coalition of election watchdog ntion of election watchidog groups, more than 80 per-cent of the 350,000 people who voted said Salinas should be put on trial. The Mexican Prime Min-

ister, Zedillo is hoping the prosecution of Raul Salinas will win back some public support.

army torture and murder of Indian civilians have been reported.

The government has moved an estimated 7,000 peasants from the pro-govermnent National Con-federation of Peasants (CNC) onto lands formerly occupied by peasants sym-

occupied by peasants sym-pathetic to the EZLN.

Working hand-in-glove with the reactionary Chiapas landowners, the army expelled thousands of peasants from lands they had occupied after the EZLN's uprising.

on



Members of the Zapatista National Liberation Army

threat:

Zapatistas

Until now, the Zapatistas

have refused government "peace" overtures. The EZLN does not have

the military strength to hold out against a sustained of-fensive that involves the

Mexican and Guatemalan armies (and U.S. advisers).

Secret

But the Zapatistas are hoping—and Mexico's bosses are fearing—that the economic crisis in the rest of Mexico will undermine

the government's ability to suppress them.

in the Juarez tax free zone for multi-nationals—wor wage increases above those negotiated by the pro-gov ernment unions.

Employers in nearby plants closed their factory gates to prevent strikers from influencing their own workers.

Mexico today is a tinder box. As Jesus Navarro, a marcher in a March 8 antigovernment protest in Mexico City told Reuters: "The people are agains the government. We want a

Zapatista administration lec by Marcos and his com

"Chiapas was first to rebel, but all the other states will follow."

rades from Chiapas.

by

ing standards" The memo's author, John Roett, urged the bank to pressure Zedillo to crack down on the EZLN and Mexican workers.

A secret memo prepared for Chase Manhattan Bank

in January, recognised this

crisis...raises the issue of whether or not the Mexican

working class will accept a prolonged period of wage losses and diminished liv-

The Mexican monetary

Already, two major un-official strikes—at the TDK and RCA/Thomson plants

RKEY'S REIGN OF TER



ON TUESDAY the 20th of March Turkey launched a massive military invasion of Kurdish areas in North-

4

ern Iraq. 35,000 troops poured over the border after they received a nod and wink from the NATO generals who operate in the area.

They bombed villages, smashed up property, arrested and beat villagers and are cur-rently deporting prisoners to Turkey.

Not one member of the Kurdistan Workers Party, the PKK, has been taken alive. Reporters who have tried to

go near the area have been at-tacked and their films have

been confiscated. That the civilian population would suffer in this invasion was inevitable.

Suffering

In the past Turkish ministers have claimed that Iraqi Kurdish political groups were actively engaged in guerrilla warfare.

warfare. They see the ordinary people as the enemy and do not dis-criminate between them and members of the PKK who are waging a war. Kurds living inside Turkey have been suffering similarly for years. Arrests, torture and executions go on apace, villages

are regularly raided by soldiers and crops have been bombed. Two million Kurds living in the conflict zone in Turkey have been forced to flee their homes in the last ten years.

Human rights groups and or-ganisations concerned with the struggle for an independent Kurdistan have detailed lists of atrocities.

atrocities. Turkey has one of the worst civil rights records in the world. Socialists and other political ac-tivists are frequently arrested and jailed. Editors of *Socialist Worker*'s sister paper in Tur-key have been fined heavily for reporting on the atrocities. Kurdish MPs in Turkey's Parliament have been arrested

and one of Turkey's best known

and one of Yarkey's best known writers, Yashar Kemal, is on trial for speaking out. The country's economy is in a shambles with mounting debt and an official unemployment rate of over 20%.

Like many a country in the same situation, its leaders target a minority as a diversionary tactic. The manner in which they

brag about the operation on-go-ing in Iraq is proof in itself that it is a nationalistic attempt to bolster morale as well as a determination to brutally smash any opposition to the state. The Turkish Prime Minister,

Tansu Ciller, is now talking about setting up a "Security belt,' along the border. She has given no indication as to how long the Turkish army intends to carry on this savage cam-

to carry on this savage cam-paign. They will try to stay as long as they can. They have no rea-son to fear any interference from either the EU or the US. At the end of the Gulf War the US led allies partitioned Iraq because they said they needed "safe havens" to protect the Kurds. the Kurds.

Now these safe havens have been turned into terror zones. US warplanes, which still pa-trols the skies, have given intel-ligence information to the Turkish army. It shows why an imperialist

army should never be trusted by anyone who wants national freedom.

For more information and mes-sages of solidarity contact : Kurdistan Information Centre 10 Lower Camden St Dublin.

Italy: Fascists bomb gypsy children



TWO YOUNG gypsy children were badly injured in

TWO YOUNG gypsy children were badly injured in mid-March by a bomb in the Italian city of Pisa. A motorist gave a booby-trapped doll to Sengu Demirowska (13) and her three year old brother, Emran When the girl opened the package it exploded, injuring he legs and arms. The blast blew off the boys right hand. Doc tors have said that he may also lose the sight in his left eye A group caling itself *White Brotherhood* subsequently claimed responsibility for the attack. One man, Emanuelo Caso (19) has been arrested in connection with the attack A search of Caso's home unearthed guns, knives, explo sives, fascist insignia and a poster of Mussolini. Reports in the Italian newspaper La Repubblica have linked Caso to a neo-Nazi group called *Ludwig* which or entates on the soccer team, Fiorentina. The bomb is part of a growing number of attacks across Italy on immigrants and gypsies. In January, fascists left a booby trapped children's book of fairy-tales outside a gypsy camp in Pisa. A five year old boy lost a hand in the subse quent explosion.

camp in Pisa. A five year old boy lost a hand in the subse quent explosion. Over 800,000 gypsies died in fascist concentration camps during the Second World War. They were used as a scape goat for the ills of society. Todays fascists are trying to stir up anti-gypsy feeling in Italy. But they are meeting with huge opposition. Shortly after the attack, over 1,000 people shouting 'fas cists out, gypsies stay' took part in a protest march through the centre of Pisa.

PAGE SIX SOCIALIST WORKER

Can the courts deal with rape? by GER TUOHY

THE DECISION by the Court of Criminal Appeal to reduce the sentence of the rapist in the X case from 14 to four years caused universal outrage and disgust.

Anyone with an ounce of human feeling sym-pathised with the horrors experienced by the girl in the X case: from the age of twelve she was sexually abused by a family friend; she be-came pregnant as a re-sult of rape; she was injuncted from travelling to British for a obstrian to Britain for an abortion; her personal trauma has become one of the most talked-about issues in Ireland.

To add final insult to all her injuries, her rape has been trivialised by last month's court decision. With full remission her rapist will be released in two years time.

Judge O'Flaherty maintained that it was not a case of "out and out rape" because there was "no force or duress used".

In his eyes, in order to be credible a rape victim needs also to have broken bones and bruises.

Instead, the court found him guilty of no more than "a breach of trust'.

The judges showed more sympathy and un-derstanding for the rapist than the victim.

They claimed that he had "suffered grievously ... had lost his business and therefore his livelihood ... he had surfaced from humble origins to a posi-tion of some affluence".

This implies that he would have got a longer sentence if he were a young unemployed man and that the destruction of the giri's normal life counts for nothing.

The reduction in sentence is an outright insult to women, telling them that rape is less significant than theft of property.

Abused

Two weeks before this ruling a 22-year old drug user was jailed for five years for his part in a rob-bery which netted £4,610.

A month earlier, a hand-bag thief was also jailed for five years. Victims will be scared to

report rape or sexual as-sault because they will be further abused by the le-

al process. Only 5% of confirmed cases of child sexual as-sault end in prosecution. The judges' attitudes shouldn't come as a huge surprise

surprise.

Judges come from wealthy, elite families, are

educated in private schools, lead privileged lives removed from the experiences of ordinary peo-ple and are political ap-pointees of Fianna Fail or Fine Gael.

In the past Judge O'Flaherty represented SPUC in the abortion in-formation action against a number of students.

number of students. Feargus Flood, one of the other judges in the case allowed Lavinia Kerwick's rapist go scot-free three years ago. In the aftermath of the X case judgement numerous women's groups have de-manded a review of sen-tencing policy and a

tencing policy and a change in court attitudes.

But this case shows that the courts can never offer any solution to crimes like rape.

The legal system re-flects and reinforces all the inequalities and injustices

in wider society. Calls for higher sentenc-ing for rapists or any crimi-nal is dangerous because it dove-tails with the right-

wing view of crime. This view sees crime as This view sees crime as the sole responsibility of the individual perpetrator and not the society that breeds it and that continu-ously portrays women as passive sex objects. Under the guise of concern for women, right-wing politicians like Nora Owen and Liz O'Donnell try to whip up a law and order hysteria. Nora Owen is currently

Nora Owen is currently trying to restrict the right to bail and the right to silence even in petty crimes.

Punitive measures offer no solution to crimes like rape which have their roots deep within the na-ture of society.

Racism

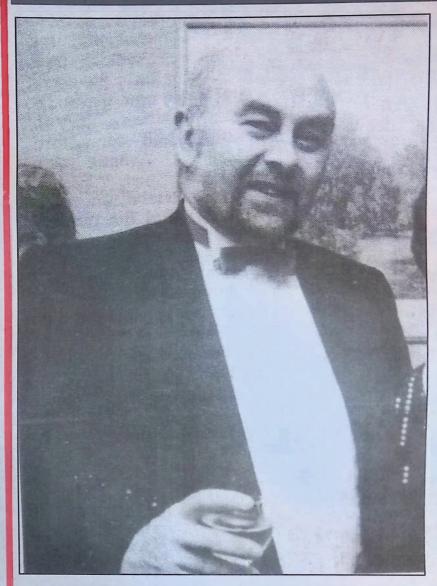
This is most obvious in the U.S. where the maxi-mum sentence for rape, the death penalty, does not prevent rape.

Instead, because pun-ishment is never adminishment is never admin-istered in a neutral way, the racism of U.S. soci-ety means that black men are seven times more likely to be ex-ecuted for rape than white men.

The justified anger over the X Case judgement re-flects the huge change in Irish women's expectations

It would be disastrous if that anger was deflected into a law and order drive rather than fighting for women's rights.

LABOUR AND DEMOCRATI



When Dick Spring faces the Labour Party conference in Limerick this year he can feel confident that there will be little open opposition to his policies.

Yet Labour Ministers are despised by many of those who voted for them in 1992 and opinon polls show that the Labour vote is slipping to nearly half of its level at that time.

Labour voters have plenty

of reasons to be angry. The first budget of a Labour Minister, Ruairi Quinn, was dubbed "Ruari's bourgeois budget" by the Sunday Tribune because of the number of tax breaks it gave to stockbrokers breaks it gave to stockbrokers, big farmers, bankers and the

owners of service industry. The Labour Minister for the Environment, Brendan Howlin, is campaigning inside the gov-ernment for the right to discon-nect the water from those who have refused to pay their serv-

ice charges. The Labour Minister for Edu-cation, Niamh Breathnach, is refusing to give grants to the 17,000 PLC students who come from predominantly working class backgrounds.

At the same time, she has done nothing to reduce the subsidies that are given to private schools

There will be little opposition to these strategies simply be-cause the traditional left wing of the Labour Party has col lapsed.

Five years ago figures such as Michael D Higgins and Emmet Stagg spoke against

Coalitions with right wing parties.

Co-Opt

But in the late 1980s, Spring managed to smash the harder left in the Labour Party.

He set out to co-opt the soft mar left by offering them Ministe-rial positions in order to shut bour them up. to m

The Labour Party a

Democratic Left are hold

annual conferences in 1992, they returned th

number of left wing TDs

Dail Eireann. But now th

at a time when disillus

supporters. Here KIERA

is growing among t

looks at their reco

However the collapse of the left is also due to their own poverty of ideas. They see no alternative to the must

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Democratic Left: From Poacher to Gamekeeper **DEMOCRATIC Left claims**

to be a more radical party

to be a more radical party than the Labour Party. Its leader Pronsias de Rossa says that "The social demo-cratic (labour) model is in as much crisis in Europe as the communist model". He wants to build a new style left wing party.

But there is little sign of this in the new government. De Rossa, who is the Minister for Social Welfare, gave the lowest all-round increase in benefits in thirty years.

Liz McManus, is the DL Junior Minister for Housing presides over a crisis in Dub-lin where the Eastern Health Board is spending £500,000 a year in putting families into B+B accommodation.

In Opposition, the party had a long record of attacking hypocritical "Irish solutions to Irish problems". But it failed to criticise Noonan's Regula-tion of Information Bill which brings in page forme of brings in new forms of censor-

ship. Today Democratic Left is as Today Democratic Left is as committed to running Irish capitalism as the Labour Party. For many years the leaders of Democratic left ar-gued that the former USSR and East Germany were "so-cialist countries" where the planned economy brought ben-efits to working people. But after the truth about these countries was revealed in

these countries was revealed in 1989 the party did an about turn and embraced Western capitalism. This coincided with a sharp

decrease in involvement in workers' struggles. In 1991, DL leaders supported an all-Party Dail statement de-nouncing an ESB workers strike. When TEAM workers were fighting to defend their conditions, Eamonn Gilmore urged them to accept manage-ment's package.

Attacking

No wonder one Democratic Left branch has submitted a resolution to its conference at-tacking the idea that the party should be overly associated with the impoverished! This shift means that the *Sunday Tribune's* political cor-respondent Olivia O'Leary could recently claim that "on many economic issues, DL

But uign ail w sters resse orkin The dist olitics.

SOCIALIST WORKER PAGE SEVEN

would have to be drawn into a discussion on what are the

key priorities for production

and where resources need to

Transport

ICLEFT IN COALITION

Our Party and eft are holding their Prences in April. In eturned the higest ft wing TDs ever to But now they meet en disillusionment g among their ere KIERAN ALLEN their record.

Coalition disasters

The present Coalition is no different to all recent Coalitions.

The present Coalition is no different to all recent Coalitions. 1973-1977: Labour-Fine Gael: Unemployment shoots up from 71,435 to 115,942. Government tries to postpone equal pay in public sector. Labour Ministers support the establishment of a Garda "Heavy Gang" to wring confessions out of suspects. 1981-82: Labour-Fine Gael: Government introduces a major pro-gramme of cuts. Falls because it seeks to put a tax on children's shoes. Labour leader Michael O Leary leaves party to join Fine Gael. 1982-87: Labour-Fine Gael: Spring sends in Gardai to break ESB workers strike in Cork. Labour health Minister, Desmond, introduce savage cuts into the hospitals. Three major unions threaten to disaffiliate from Labour over its performance. 1992-1994: Labour-Fianna Fail: Spring defends the sale of Irish pass-ports to wealthy millionaires. Labour Ministers back up the TEAM man-agement in their attack on workers. Labour accepts a white wash re-port on the Goodman scandal and then agrees to apppoint its author, Liam Hamilton, as Chief Justice.

V nave V Taled?

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own pov-

tive to the

Today all sections of the La-bour Party accept the priority is er to shut e of the

to make Irish capitalism work. They have no real argument with Ruairi Quinn when he says that government intervention must "foster and develop an en-

feels perfectly at home with Fine Gael". In the past many voted DL because they wanted a more fit wing alternative to Labour. But the party's entry into Coa-ition has removed all pretence of radicalism. There is now a real question of radicalism. There is now a real question over the future of the party. A rouping around Rabbitte and dilmore are already hinting in the future lies in a merger with the Labour Party. Former left wingers in the fabour Party have also tabled motion at their conference to pen up merger talks with DL. Up to now the party leader, de Rossa, has resisted these stablished to combine parlia-mentary activity with a cam-ming strategy which makes to filter to Labour. But it is impossible to cam-



it different to Labour. But it is impossible to cam-pain for change outside the pail when the party has Min-peters in a government that presses for more attacks on working people. The reality is that DL offers the distinct alternative in Irish polices. If it survives, it will move anther to the right to operate as a conscience of Fine Gael.

terprise culture rather than a de-

pendency culture". This is code for saying that scarce resources must be channelled to the business class while levels of social welfare must be cut back so that workers are forced to accept lower wages

wages. In reality this an adaptation to the politics that were pro-moted by the Tories in Britain in the 1980s.

Survive

Quinn even claims that there will be no jobs created "unless investors have confidence in the way that government manages its own affairs".

Irish capitalism, however, is weak and has always had to depend on government subsidies. It has to survive in a world

system which is more crisis ridden than ever and where money rapidly switches across the globe in pursuit of the fastest buck.

All Labour Parties try to win a base among workers by ex-pressing concern for poverty

and unemployment. But once they get into office they are forced to turn on their own supporters in order to make their national capitalism com-patitive

petitive. If the Irish Labour Party is more weak-kneed than its coun-terparts in Europe, it is only because the national capitalism it champions is weaker.

Building an alternative

THE Labour Party and **Democratic Left have moved** dramatically to the right. But many of their former sup-

porters are moving to the left. This means there is a huge

vacuum that can be filled by genuine socialists. The mistake of the left wing of

The mistake of the left wing of the Labour party and Democratic Left was to seek electoral change. They thought that power lay in parliament. When they found out that big business dictated to par-liament, they bowed to its demands.

The new left of the 1990s has to adopt a different road. Instead of concentrating on building an electoral base, it has to be geared towards organising and support-

ing workers struggles. Rather than seeking socialism from above, it has to build it from below. This means building the confidence and fighting ability of workers by stressing solidarity

and militancy. It also means declaring openly that revolution—the full uproot-ing of capitalism rather than piece meal reform-is its goal.

what do socialists say?

How can capitalism be ended? by CONOR KOSTICK Society as a whole, through workers councils

UNLESS workers set out to break the power of big busi-ness through a revolt from below, little real change will

take place. Politicians can make speeches in Dail Eireann and even pass a few pro-gressive laws but these can be undermined. Money can be withdrawn from the country, capital can be shifted to different sectors of the economy, the

sectors of the economy, the press can be used to cam-

paign against changes. A socialist society would have to rely on the activity of thousands of workers who have taken control of their factories

and offices. First, it would earry through the wholescale redistribution of wealth.

In Ireland, today the top 10% of households have 42% of the wealth.

Wealthy

Ownership of the banks and big business would be taken out of the hands of the few wealthy individuals.

Parts of overlarge houses would be allocated to the homeless and families liv-ing in overcrowded condition

The exclusive private clubs, country estates, special private hospitals which the rich now use could be changed to serve general social need.

Luxury restaurants and hotels could be turned into centres for relaxation for the mass of the population. Second, a socialist soci-

ety would cut down on the levels of waste, inefficency and duplication in the capi-talist economy.

Resources that were wasted on arms spending would be immediately redirected to hospitals or education. The millions spent on ad-

be allocated. vertising and 'marketing' would be cut back to allow This process offers im-mense benefits over market a greater emphasis on the quality of products. Instead of a massive bumechanisms. Diseases like AIDs

reaucracy which tries to su-pervise the activities of or-dinary people, a workers government would rely on initiatives from below to expose shop floor levels of waste or ecologically dan-

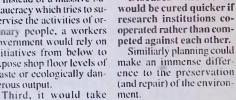
people feel at work. It could not make the boring humdrum jobs instantly enjoyable but it could ensure that workers commit-tees take on more and more of the organisation of pro-

It would ensure that there is a point to work by producing objects that are useful to society.

This in turn would lead to a higher quality of output be-ing produced in fewer hours (so allowing a shorter work-ing week) and less need for external forms of discipline as workers who control pro-duction would collectively discipline themselves.

These type of measures make possible a more decisive transition to socialism. Intead of an economy being geared to a relentless drive for profit, it could start to be re-organised to promote the welfare of society as a whole. This would involve the

gradual suppression of the market and its replacement by a form of democratic planning.



gerous output. Third, it would take measures to overcome the basic aliention that most

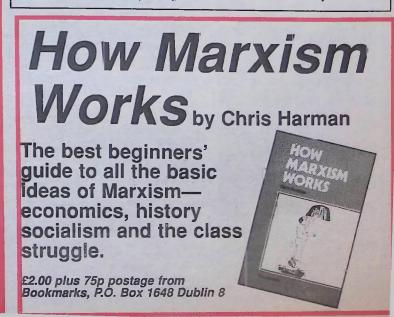
Planning for society as a whole would mean the provision of more free services. There is no reason why peo-ple should have to pay for public transport. It is a form of discrimiduction.

nation against workers who already add an hour or so to their working day by trav-

elling long distances. Similarly many forms of art and culture should not be restricted to the few because of exhorbitant ticket prices Society as a whole can pay for these services through its general labour. Conventional economists

scoff at this and claim that it encourages waste. But look at the situation with water today. Water is free, yet people don't leave their taps on or keep their baths full to make sure they're getting as much of it as they can.

A society which was producing the goods that peo-ple wanted would have no difficulty in organising dis-tribution fairly.



75 YEARS SINCE: Irish workers greatest STER By CONOR KOSTICK

COULD THERE ever be a revolution in Ireland? The events surrounding a massive general strike seventy five years ago showed just how close this country came to one. Ireland at the time was in the the National Executive.

midst of an enormous upheaval, as the British authorities unleashed the Black and Tans in a desperate at-tempt to prevent the country gain-ing its Independence. The prisons had filled with vic-

tims of persecution, many of them socialists and trade union organisers in the front of protests against British rule.

On April 5th, 1920, sixty-six of these prisoners in Mountjoy, Dub-lin, decided to begin a hunger strike to highlight the fact that some of them were being held without charge.

As word of the hunger strike spread, crowds began to assemble outside the prison to shout their support

Each day the numbers grew, until 40,000 people were packed on the streets around the prison. The British deployed hundreds of

soldiers and some armoured cars to prevent the crowd breaking in.

Matters were reaching a crisis oint. Rank and file trade unionists across the country urged their leaders to act in support of the hunger strikers.

Realising that they had to act, the National Executive of the Irish Labour and Trade Union Congress sent telegrams around the country ancing a stoppage.

An emergency manifesto was sent to the Evening Telegraph. The strike began with rail work-

ers refusing to move a single train after 4.30pm on Monday 13th April. the only exception being for the mail train carrying the instructions from As the news arrived, workers in town after town joined the strike with incredible speed and determi-nation. In preparation for an extended stoppage, worker's commit-tees began the organisation of food supply. Local Town Councils in many

towns handed over the use of the municipal buildings to the worker's committees

Very quickly economic and political issues were raised in the strike.

Dispersed

Soon reports started to come in to Dublin on the effectiveness of the action. The Cavan secretary of the Irish Transport and General Workers Union (forerunner of SIPTU) sent this telegram:

"Wire received 6pm; meeting held, strike agreed upon. Tues-day—Cattle fair dispersed; shops closed, protest meeting held; resolution of protests meeting head, reso-lution of protests passed; Red flags and motioes. Workers demand re-lease of all Irish prisoners promi-nently displayed. GPO closed 12 noon, pickets posted, mass meeting, all union decide continue strike; strike committee formed; Town Hall commandeered as headquar-ters; Permits issued."

ITGWU secretaries sent similar reports from all over Ireland. In any towns the workers took complete control.

The Russian Revolution, just three years beforehand, made a powerful impact.

One Sinn Fein writer complained



Internees released from iail

that "Never was a country so devoutly Catholic-yet the enthusiasm for Bolshevism was overwhelming." In several areas strikers an-nounced that a worker's soviet was

being established. Tralee, for example, an In ITGWU secretary reported that the trades council was turned into a worker's council which took full control of everything:

Suspended

"We had our own police who kept order and saw that business was suspended, issued permits for

everything required. Pickets pa-trolled streets. In fact workers controlled all". Bagnalstown added the following

to their report: "On the second day of the strike

"On the second day of the strike we held a public meeting on the Market square and publicly pro-claimed the establishment of a Pro-visional Soviet government to po-lice this town to keep order and ra-tion out food supplies." A journalist was in Killmallock, East Limerick when the strike estated.

started: "I made a visit to the local Town

Hall-commandeered for the pur-

pose of issuing permits—and was struck by the absolute recognition of the soviet system—in deed if not in name.

in name. "At one table sat a school teacher dispensing bread permits, at an-other a trade union official control-ling the flour supply—at a third a railwayman controlling coal, at a fourth a creamery clerk distribut-ing butter tickets ... all working smoothly".

Another reporter from the Manchester Guardian was shocked by

chester Guardian was snocked by the experience: "In most places the police abdi-cated, and the maintenance of or-der was taken over by the local Worker's Councils ... In fact, it is no exaggeration to trace a flavour of the proletarian dictatorship about some aspects of the strike." about some aspects of the strike.

Stunned

The authorities were stunned by the action.

The police and military were helpless to intervene in the face of such

a massive movement. They concentrated on guarding Mountjoy to prevent it being stormed—an action which would have certainly ushered in a very dif-ferent revolution to that simed at hu ferent revolution to that aimed at by Sinn Fein

Lord French, the Lord Lieutenant

of Ireland was stricken with panic and contacted his top civil servants. At a hasty meeting they decided to selectively release some prison-ers in order to head the movement off

off. But after only a few hours, as reports of the militancy flooded in, Lord French did an about-turn. The British empire, the strong-

est superpower of the day was on its knees.

They could not crush the general strike and so released all the hunger strikers unconditionally. British authority had been routed and would never recover.



Johnson arrested in a raid on Liberty Hall

THE EXHILARATION and confidence that came from the strike the North.

of the First Dail. The dramatic actions of the

O'Brien and the other leaders of the Irish Labour and Trade Un-ion Congress were good at us-ing left wing rhetoric—and then making abject compromises. They claimed that they sup-ported the ideals of the Russian revolution but in reality they wanted to play a part in an inde-pendent capitalist Ireland. As the left wing republican leader Peadar O Donnell later wrote: "They wanted to get on the 'prompter's stool' and act as advisors to Sinn Fein".

helped draw up the constitution

Not only were the British au-thorities challenged, but also the Irish business class. The labour leaders began to

Shift

remained as high as ever. It could be built on-as was proven over the next two years when revolutionary socialists were able to organise further soviets and take-overs of factories.

able to organise further sovie But the soviets that sprang up during the general strike did not last after the return to work. The reason is that the people leading the working class move-ment had no intention of bring-ing about a revolution along the lines of that of the Russian work-ers

dampen down militancy and spread pessimism about the power of workers. Thomas Johnson, William O'Brien and the other leaders of

Their paper drew the following conclusions from the struggle:

Since 1918 they had been con-ducting close talks with the lead-ers of Sinn Fein, and indeed had

These were torn in their lovalties. A four week general strike in Belfast the year before had resulted in the city being taken over by a strike committee of both Protestant and Catholic workers threatened that arrange-

both Protestant and Catholic workers. If the War of Independence had been turned into a fight for a workers republic, thousands of Protestants workers could have been won to the struggle. The radical socialist Sam Kyle stood for councillor in the Shankill area and topped the poll in 1920 on and topped the poll in 1920 on just such a platform. But the more the movement

But the more the movement for Independence was led by Sinn Fein, the more alienated were Protestant workers from it. The tragedy of the whole stormy period from 1917-1923 is that Ireland had no revolutionary socialist party. With Connolly's death in 1916 the revolutionary left were very small and disor-ganised. As a result the largest ever dis-

As a result the largest ever dis-play of Irish working class mili-tancy shook British authority, but did not achieve an even deeper and much needed socialist revolution.

"A word of warning is neces-sary. A general strike *in Ireland* alone won't bring freedom, won't even bring down a Government. "For an industrial object a gen-eral strike in Ireland won't em-barrass the British government overmuch."

This shift away from militancy and towards Sinn Fein meant that the labour leaders had little to say to Protestant workers in

reviews

COMMENT What is behind the currency crisis?

LIKE MOST people, I reach for the off but-ton on the remote control at the slight-est mention of the phrase 'money mar-kets'.

Lately, however, I've begun to take much more of an interest. Its not just my fascination with the fact that a sleazy yuppie like Nick Leeson had access to hundreds of millions of pounds and made hundreds of peo-ple unemployed. No, my interest is due to the fact that through no fault of their own any-one with a mortgage is being crucified by in-creased interest repay-ments.

Much of the gobbledy gook surrounding the money markets is a de-liberate attempt to hide from us mere mortals

what is really going on. So here is the *Social-ist Worker* 'all you ever wanted to know about the money markets but couldn't be bothered to cok! guide ask' guide. The crisis is due to the

The crisis is due to the fact that the German economy is coming out of recession. At the same time Sterling weakened against the Deutschmark (DM) be-cause of the political un-certainty surrounding John Major.

Parasites

As a result, the stripe-shirted parasites who play the markets were presented with a perfect

opportunity to make (even more) money. They began buying Deutschmarks in vol-ume. They hoped to take so much money out of the Irish economy (among others) and in-vest it in the DM that the government would be forced to devalue.

government would be forced to devalue. Devaluation' means that ordinary people can buy less with the pound in their pockets. This type of shady-dealing, doesn't just go on in London and Wall Street. You can bet your bottom Dollar that every major Irish bank and company availed of this opportunity to make a quick buck. During the 1992 cur-rency crisis, lish institu-tions accounted for nearly half of the specu-lation against the Punt, one major bank even boasted while advertis-ing its pension plan that it had been the first to begin speculating. All talk of patriotism

All talk of patriotism and the national interest goes out the window when the bosses can

make a financial killing. You'd almost feel sorry for Ruairi Quinn. There he was, so desperate to show capitalism that he can be trusted that in his can be trusted that in his first budget he gave £1.50 a week to pen-sioners and £35 million to the banks, yet his friends in the business community kick him in the teeth at the first op-

The markets had Quinn by the proverbial short and curlies. 40% of Ireland's exports go to Britain, and a similar per-centage to Europe. The speculators gam

The speculators gam-bled that with the price of the punt rising against sterling those industries which rely on Britain and which couldn't sell their goods in Britain as they became more expensive would scream blue mur-der It worked in 1992 der. It worked in 1992.

Determined

However, Quinn is so determined that Ireland

determined that Ireland will be part of a Single European Currency (which will mean huge profits for big business) that he is prepared to turn a blind eye to the threat to jobs caused by parity with sterling. In 1992 the currency crisis was caused by the recession in Europe. To-day it is due to economic recovery. The crisis, and the higher interest rates it produced, will slow economic recovery. And as a result the cycle will emerge again, and again, and again. The market really is the eco-nomics of the mad-house

house As we go to press, the As we go to press, the currency speculation has eased. This is being portrayed as a vindica-tion of Quinn's policy. It has more to do with luck and the fact that the speculators were con-tent (for the moment) with forcing the Spanish and Portuguese to de-value. value.

value. It might be two days, two months or two years but there will be another currency crisis in the near future. As usual it will be ordinary people who will suffer the con-sequences.

sequences. The government has wasted hundreds of mil-lions of pounds in buy-ing its own currency to stop the speculators get-ting their hands on it, in-terest rates may in-crease further and thou-sands of jobs are on the line.

This madness will go on for as long as the lu-natics control the asy-lum.

- JASON McELLIGOTT

The sham of a celibate priesthood

FILM

RUTH O'CONNOR review the film

Priest

PRIEST is an excellent movie. It is provocative and powerful. The script writer Jimmy McGovern and the director Antonia Bird are two socialists who are not afraid to deal with the contradictions and ambiguities

of people's lives. The film is set in a working class community in Liverpool. A young, well-spoken, conservative priest, called Father Greg (played by Linus Roache) arrives and from the start has difficulties adapting to his new

has difficulties adapting to his new surroundings. The people of the community don't seem too impressed by this new priest's holier-than-thou ap-proach. He tries to do "home vis-its" until he's told to "piss off" by the locals often enough. He also has initial problems with the priest, Father Matthew, with whom he has to share a house. AND he has problems facing un to his

whom he has to share a house. AND he has problems facing up to his own sexuality. Father Matthew is played by Tom Wilkinson. We warm to his character immediately. He's socially and politically aware, and also seems to be seally human!

aware, and also seems to be really human! He's a bolder, more worldly man and a dab-hand at karaoke nights. He doesn't hide the fact that he lives with a woman—his "house-keeper", played by *Mona Lisa* star, Cathy Tyson, When the locals discover Fr Gree is actually gay they

Fr Greg is actually gay, they

THE AMAZON rainfor-

The AMAZON rainfor-est has been de-scribed as the "lungs of the world" and en-vironmentalists from all over the world have rushed to its defence.

But, curiously, they rarely mention the people who live and work under the trees.

reject him and don't want him to take part in their church anymore. Father Greg's fitness coach, Charlie, is incredulous and astounded when he finds out, "You never told me you were queer. We even had a shower

Hypocrite

But it is the Bishop who is the real hypocrite. Any time we actually see "his holi-

together

KIERAN ALEEN reviews Burning Season on the life of Chico

Mendez

ness", he is surrounded by sterling silverware and heavy stering silvervar and heavy duty mahogony furniture. He tells Father Greg, "The best thing you can do is piss off out of this community". The only central character who welcomes Father Greg's cornality is his house mote

sexuality is his house-mate priest, Father Matthew. Antonia Bird produces one of the most convincing potrayals of male homo-sexual love I ve ever seen on sexual love I ve ever seen on screen. She ensures that

The fight of the

rubber tapers to

save the rainforest

of humour—and at crucial moments—to literally change a viewer's emotions in a flash from tears to laugh-

ter. Towards the end of the Eather Greg bantilm we see Father Greg ban-ished to an old religous re-tirement house and he's in the company of one of the

nastiest, crankiest, and repulsive characters we meet in

a defence of gay sexuality against the kill joy attitude of the church.

of a celibate priesthood. A Fr Mathew explains, celi bacy was cleverly created tt control land and property owned by the church. By for bidding sex and relationship within the priesthood th within the priesthood, the Church avoids the responsi bility of making payments to widows or partners of priests

urbs of Liverpool. He had to submit a copy of the scrip to the authorities who ther refused permission for use o a church.

other churches in remote parts of the English country side he discovered that the "offending" parts of the script had already been faxed there. As Jim MoGovern himself said, "The Lord may work in mysterious ways, but the Catholic church uses the far medical" fax machine

the forest. Mendez wanted to save the forest from the beef barons in or-der to protect the live-lihoods of his mem-bers who gather the rubber resin from the trees

It is a twentieth cen-tury battle against the new clearances.

Convinced

work under the trees. A new video Burn-ing Season changes all that. It is a brillant film about the life of Chico Mendez, the leader of the Rubber Tappers Union, who was murdered by the big ranchers clearing The film opens with Chico's father bring-ing a sackful of rubber to a trading store. He is forced to accept that it weighed only 40 ki-

los—although the scales clearly show 70. Later Chico de-scribes how the look in his father's eyes convinced him to be-come a fighter and a socialist. The film switch

The film switches to a church sermon where a union organiser shows how any in-dividual stick can be

When the union grows it meets with the shocking brutality of the Brazilian state. The ranchers call on the paramilitary police to murder and torture. Here the film is power-

It pulses with class struggle. Don't miss it.

lished a virtual acad-emy of torture and ex-ported their tech-niques to other right wing regimes in Latin America.

America. One of the best scenes in the film is a debate between Mendez and a liberal environmentalist. Chico objects to the idea of being pre-served as a relic of the past, "When you are poor, you want devel-opment—but develop-ment that brings jobs and a livilhood to us".

cracked—but a bundle of sticks is nearly im-possible to break.

middle class. fully accurate. In the 1980s, the Bra-zilian police estab-

nearly all viewers feel the passion and wonderful intenthis movie.

sity between the two lovers. But she also manages to inject just the right amount

This film destroys the myth that the best

defenders of the envi-ronment are the caring

He insists on speaking to Father Greg in Latin and chaperoning him anytime there is a male visitor. So, when good old Father

Matthew comes to visit and after they've finished a bot the the finest malt, they pre-tend to have sex, panting like mad and loudly and RE-ALLY shock this nasty out

ALLET subset You actually feel the mis-chievous delight amongst the audience as they are won to before of gay sexuality

Exposes

The film exposes the shan

This entire film puts a spotlight on the institution o the Catholic Church—and about time too. Jimnfy McGovern, found it very dif ficult to actually get a suit able church location for film ing. First, he tried Catholic Churches all around the sub Churches all around the sub

When he approached

where we stand

Workers create all the wealth in capitalist society. A new society can only be constructed when they collectively seize control of that wealth and plan its production and distribution.

FOR REVOLUTION, NOT

in present system innot be reformed out of istence. Parliament innot be used to end the

stem. lice are there to defend e interests of the pitalist class not to run ciety in a neutral

fashion. To destroy capitalism, workers need to smash the state and create a workers' state based on workers' councils.

workers' councils. FOR REAL SOCIALISM, EAST AND WEST: The SWM welcomed the break-up of the USSR and the end of the East European dictatorships. These states were not socialist but were run by a state-capitalist class. We are against the domination of the globe by imperialist powers and we oppose their wars. We are for the right of all nations, East and West, to self-determination.

FOR AN END TO ALL OPPRESSION We oppose all forms of oppression which divide and weaken the working class. We are for full social, economic and political equality for women

pointcar equality for women. We stand for: free contraception and free, legalised abortion and the right to divorce; the complete separation of church and state, an end to church and state, an end to church control over schools and hospitals; an end to discrimination against gays and lesbians; an end to racism and anti-traveller bigotry.

gotry. e argue for working ass unity in the fight gainst oppression.

against oppression. FOR WORKERS' UNITY IN THE NORTH: Northern Ireland is a sectarian state, propped up by the British Army. Catholic workers are systematically discrimi-nated against by the state. The division between Catholic and Protestant workers weakens the whole working class. Workers' unity can only be won and maintained in a fight to smash both the Northern and Southern states.

states. We stand for the immedi-ate withdrawal of British troops. Violence will only end when workers unite in the tight for a workers'

FOR A FIGHTING TRADE UNION MOVEMENT: Trade unions exist to defend workers' interests. But the union leaders' role is to negotiate with capitalism - not to end it. We support the leaders when they light but oppose them when they betray workers. We stand for independent rank and file action.

FOR A REVOLUTIONARY PARTY: To win socialism social-ists need to organise in a revolutionary party. This party needs to argue against right-wing ideas and for overthrowing the system. The SWM aims to build such a party in Ireland.

news & reports—politics; the unions-

A plan to carve up ESB workers

TIM HASTINGS, industrial correspondent for Independent Newspapers has just published a study on industrial relations in Ireland's semi-state companies. RICHARD BOYD BARRETT looks at what it reveals about the planned attacks on ESB workers.

HASTINGS makes it clear that his reason for writing *Semi-States in Crisis* was the shock of the 1991 strike in the ESB and the recent disputes in Irish Steel and TEAM. For him those disputes signal the need to "face

workers and pay-cuts are a necessary and inevitable development.

Job losses

2,900 jobs are to go. A fur-ther 2,000 jobs are to go in Telecom. This is in a coun-

try where nearly 300,000 are without jobs already. The blueprint for cut-

SWM

Meets every Wednesday at 8pm, contact SW sellers or national address for details BELFAST SOUTH Meets every Thursday at 8pm in Queens Students Union

Meets every Wednesday at 8pm in the Anchor Inn, Georges Quay

CORK

BELFAST CENTRAL

In the ESB this means that

down traditional union power." He believes that large-scale redundancies, the in-troduction of "flexible" work practices, contract

workers that will be needed in the future". But he approves of the shift by the ICTU towards helping management intro-duce change, rather than fighting to defend the interests of their members. After the 1991 strike in

After the 1991 strike in the ESB, Peter Cassells of the ICTU chaired a commitee which proposed new structures to build "partnership and trust". Hastings sees this as an op-octunity to undermine unportunity to undermine un-ion power at the ESB. But he is concerned about

The blueprint for cut-backs in the ESB was laid down in the McKinsey pro-posals which were pub-lished in September 1994. In the McKinsey plan, demarcation between differ-ent jobs will be broken down. Instead of the old dis-tinction between craft work-ers and general operatives, the shop stewards' power to resist the changes. He wor-ries that the shop stewards res that the shop stewards at the Moneypoint plant did not "trust the Participation Council". He hates when shops stewards intervene at these councils only "with an industrial relations agenda". Hastings believes that the power of the shop stewards will be undermined when they can be persuaded to put ers and general operatives, a new grade of utility worker is to be created. is to be created. Hastings admits that by getting "craftsmen doing their own cleaning" there will be "major implications

they can be persuaded to put their trust in management's

DUBLIN BALLINTEER Meets every Wednesday at 8.00pm in Ballinteer House

BLANCHARDSTOWN Meets Tuesdays at 8pm in the Blakestown Community Centre

DUBLIN

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plans. He also reveals the strat-egy behind the McKinsey plan of splitting the com-pany into five different parts. He claims that it will decen-

He claims that it will decen-tralise elements of pay bar-gaining and mean: "The incentive for work-ers in one station to take action in support of workers in another station would be significantly reduced in this situation."

In other words the Mc Kinsey plan is to divide workers in order to weaken them all and exploit them all the more easily. But the book never tells

us where all these attacks on workers pay and conditions will end.

Practices

In reality the more workers have accepted pay cuts, productivity deals and changes in work practices the more bosses have come back looking for other concessions.

Just six months after workers in TEAM were forced to accept draconian changes in their pay and conditions, management are now back demanding more. If workers accept the management agenda and the priorities of the market, then privatisation becomes more likely. The British experi-ence shows that the more workers make concessions in order to ward off privati-sation, the more they fatten up the company's profits for sharks who want to buy into

it. It. The only people to gain out of this process will be "the new generation of chief executives", as Hastings only them calls alls them. In Britain this "new gen-

eration" of directors in gas and electricity are on sala-ries of £500,000 plus.

In Ireland this process has already started with the Chief Executive of Telecom reputedly earning £250,000, However, workers

shouldn't be pessimistic. One thing that comes through again and again in the book is the fear bosses and government have of workers taking action.

THIN

Power

management are now adamanagement are now ada-mant in the view that if we have another serious strike involving power cuts, we might as well all resign" Workers should take heart from this fear. Their shop stewards should start planning resistance to the McKinsey plan. This book

McKinsey plan. This book, written by a hired scribe of Tony O'Reilly, shows how frightened the Irish estab-lishment are of the workers'

Class Hall B at 6pm. NEWRY Meets every Wednesday at 8pm - contact national address for venue. WATERFORD Meets every Thursday, 8pm ATGWU Hall Keyser St. Thursday 23rd March There are *Socialist Worker* members in: ENNISKILLEN;

Socialist Worker Public Meeting of Che Guevara Wed 5th April 8pm, J O'Connells Bar 29 South Richmond St Portobello

Socialism

Belfast: Wed 12 April, Central Hall, Rosemary St Blanchardstown: Tues 11th, Blakestown Community Centre Clondalkin: Monday 3rd, Clondalkin Leisure

Centre;

Dublin Central: Thurs 6th April, North Star Hotel, Amiens St; Dun Laoghaire: Tues 4th, Smiths Pub, Lower

Georges St; Drimnagh: Tues 11th, The Bentley; Drimnagh Rd;

Ringsend: Wed 5th, Slattery's Pub, Bath Road Finglas:Wed 5th: see local posters for details Ballinteer:Wed 5th, Ballinteer House All meetings start at 8.00pm—for more details contact (01) 872 2682

Phone.....

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DUBLIN DRIMNAGH Meets every Tuesday at 8pm in the Half Way House. DUBLIN NORTH

meetings-

CENTRAL Meets every Wednesday at 8pm in the Conways Pub, Parnell Street

DUBLIN PHIBSBORO Meets every Thursday at 8pm in The Snug, Eccles St. DUBLIN RATHMINES

Meets every Wednesday,8pm, in the Junction Pub, Kevin Street/ Wexford Street

DUBLINM RINGSEND

Meets every Wednesday,8pm, in Trinity Inn, Pearse St **DUBLIN SOUTH**

CENTRAL Meets every Thursday, 8pm, Trinity Inn, Pearse St.

DUBLIN TALLAGHT Contact 8722682 for details of meetings

DUN LAOGHAIRE Meets every Tuesday in Smiths Pub, Dun Laoghaire at 8.00pm

MAYNOOTH Meets every Thursday in

ENNISKILLEN; COLERAINE; LURGAN; KILKENNY; DUNDALK; LIMERICK; BRAY; ATHLONE; DROGHEDA and GALWAY. If you would like to get in touch, contact our national office at (01) 872 2682, PO Box 1648, Dublin 8

all

The Politics

Hastings describes how the 1991 ESB strike shat-tered the confidence of management and struck fear into the government. One senior figure in the ESB told him, "The top

(deinenen

power,

welcome

Socialist Worker Public Meetings Connelly and the fight for

send in your reports telephone: (01) 872 2682

Cork busworkers strike against victimisation

HUNDREDS HUNDREDS of busworkers in Cork City staged a one-day unofficial strike on Wednesday 15th March in protest at the suspension of a colleague.

The SIPTU shop steward at the depot had been given one-week's suspension for his part in an unofficial stoppage in 1993 when the company wrote to workers telling them not to support a strike which was taking place in Sligo.

Protest

The action resulted in his suspension which has been appealed through the Labour Court.

But the Court recently upheld the sentence and the entire Cork City garage stayed out of work in pro-

WORKERS at the United Technolo-

gies Automotive (UTA) plant in Derry

are to circulate a pe-tition asking AEEU head office in Lon-

don to intervene

and protect the workers' rights to proper trade union

Many of the forty

workers who attended a

meeting organised by the local branch of the SWM complained that shop

stewards were not doing what they were elected

Workers, especially

young women, are being

shouted at and humili-

ated by supervisors while their shop stew-

to do.

representation.



Flashback: Gardai attack picketers earlier this year.

test at the treatment of their both NRBU and SIPTU. steward. The action received full

The workers believe that the punishment for the un-official stoppage was being support from members of

made on a union activistregardless of what union he belonged to.

As one worker put it "Bus Eireann have a policy of trying to root out the union activists and it doesn't matter to them what union you are in. They seem to want to go after us for being militant in Cork."

The busworkers display of solidarity will help to put manners on the management

This week the NRBU ballot for industrial action right across the whole transport service in the event of scab labour being used, has received overwhelming support from workers in Dublin Bus, Irish Rail and Bus Eireann. Workers voted to defend their right to strike against the sort of attacks that the company used to break the one-day strike in Cork. Limerick and Galway last month

TEAM workers' safety stoppage

WORKERS at TEAM Lingus staged an unofficial stoppage on Friday 24th March in response to the lack of

safety at the plant. When management tried to address a mass meeting of the workers they were heckled and shouted down by the angry meeting.

The bosses at TEAM tried to threaten and bully people back

to work. They argued that the stop-page was "just the shop stew-ards flexing their muscles".

Damaged

But there is real anger in the plant at the lack of safety, a number of aircraft have been damaged by the low safety standards.

The response of the workers certainly shows that TEAM are not beaten or bowed but are ready to fight back.

PENSION RIGHTS OR A

TWO YEARS ago Education Minister Niamh Breathnach promised the INTO annual conference that she would implement early retirement for teachers. Negotlations with the teachers' unions which should have been completed by last November had not even begun. But talks took place when the teachers threatened a ballot for industrial action.

So far there is little worthwhile on the table. Teachers are being offered early retirement at 55 years of age with 35 years service.

But most teachers cannot reach this level of service.

Very few will secure permanent jobs by the age of 20, especially with the Department using temporary appointments on an in-creasing basis.

The unions have recognised that there was no movement until they stepped up the action.

They have promised the Government that they will ballot for action if there is no real offer made to them before their Easter

conferences. Teachers have the right to strike for their pensions.

The unions should be prepare to take on the Education Minis-ter and hold her to her

STRAND CINEMA CLEANERS STEP UP ACTION

Derry: United Technologies Automotive

BOX OFFICE income at the Strand Multi-plex Cinema in Derry has been slashed

ards look on and do or

it was agreed that what

the workers at UTA need

At the SWM meeting

say nothing.

has been slashed where cleaners have been picketing to fight for their jobs. The women lost their jobs when work was contracted out to a Belfast contract elegency cleaning agency. But last week the

workers stepped up their action. Eamonn McCann, chairperson of the Derry Trades Council

is an action group which

would campaign for a fighting trade union within the plant.

Management have

says "The strikers are having increasing success in persuading people not to go into the cinema". Last week members

the Socialist

Dublin Worker branches staged a solidarity picket on the head office of the cinema's distributors,

been doing its best to

exploit divisions be-

tween different groups of

workers and to imply

that they have different

workers demand union service

Abbey Films. The picket was well showed the company that there is a lot of public support for the strike.

The company have

offered the women of pay than they had earned at the cinema, according to one of

In fact this is not the

case at all. Either work-

ers stand together or they

will all lose out.

The first test of whether a fighting union can be built is likely to be around the staff canteen.

Canteen workers fear that management are preparing for the con-tracting out of the catering section.

If that happens the rest of the workforce must take action to defend their jobs in the canteen and keep them as direct UTA labour.

A victory on the can-teen would give all the UTA workers more heart for the bigger fight ahead against the imposition of shift work.

But the strikers will keep up the pressure for their jobs. They have the sup-port of the people of Derry. promise.

ROYAL MAIL:

JOBS AND postal services in Derry are under threat in the latest pro-posed round of Royal Mail cuts.

The proposals would mean the elimination of all night duties, a 5am starting time and the amalgamation of delivery routes.

Unpaid

In return, the workers will be expected to do unpaid overtime for any

work not completed inside the allotted hours.

But Royal Mail can be stopped.

15,000 London postal workers went on unofficial strike in the middle of January against these kind of changes.

Workers at the NWDO sorting office, came out in solidarity, followed by workers in the giant Mount Pleasant site.

Within a few hours postal workers had shown they could defy the courts, defy their bosses and organise real effective action. Postal workers in

Derry and throughout the North could take a leaf from their book.

OUEENS LIBRARY CRISIS

SOCIALIST Worker Student Society at Queens University organised a picket of the library on March 22nd.

March 22nd. The already overstretched resources in Queen's li-brary are set to reach crisis point. The head librarian has described the situation as the "worst case scenario". Several lecturers have urged their students to take more militant action, with one calling for an occupa-tion of the library buildings. The work being done by Queens SWSS and the suc-cess of the picket, will help direct people's anger. The next picket called will be better supported and even more successful.

more successful. This is just the beginning of the fightback at Queens, certainly not the end.

CORPORATION AND HEALTH BOARD WORKERS REJECT DEAL

local authorities health

workers accept

drastic changes in The plasterers and bricklayers have also voted down

The changes will include craftworkers carrying out work proper to others and will ultimately do away with many jobs.

Members of UCAAT, the build-ing workers union, have rejected the deal by four to one.

WORKERS throughout the

and boards have been balloted on a new deal which will link their pay with

logue payment is made to workers periodically. But this time round the bosses are trying to make workers

productivity. The £6.81 ana-

tled to.

work practices for the small payment which workers believe they are enti-

the deal. The results show that there is a real sense of anger among public serv-ice workers.

That anger should be built on in all local councils and health boards to stop the attacks taking place on jobs and condi-tions.

work elsewhere in Derry at a better rate their bosses.

interests

PAGE TWELVE SOCIALIST WORKER



inside 1920: Irish workers' greatest strike -page 8

For a Workers' Republic and International Socialism 40p





THE TORIES are rattled by the growing anger over nurses pay. Thousands of workers took part in the Fair Pay Day on March 30th to show their disgust at a 1% pay award.

The Tories hope that they can use the dedication the nurses have to the NHS to stop them taking industrial action.

down

In Belfast the City Hos-pital is closing down its nurses homes in an effort to save money and many nurses are forced into sub-

standard housing that exists around the hospitals.

Luxury

With the low wages they earn, nurses cannot afford a decent place to live.

the Russell Court flats, doc-

But at the same time in

But many nurses now feel that they will have to strike to win their rights. One nurse told *Socialist Worker* about the reality of

Worker about the reality of the job. "When your shift ends it is not just a case of going straight home. There are always odds and ends to do. Usually we work be-tween half an hour and an hour extra. You can't really refuse because you are made feel as if you are let-ting your colleagues

tors are housed in luxury accommodation at the exaccommodation at the ex-pense of the NHS. The hos-pital even picks up the tab for their phone bills. The crisis in the NHS has not occurred naturally. It is the culmination of 16 years of Tory rule.

of Tory rule. They have created levels

of poverty which is de-stroying the nation's health. At the same time they

have reduced the funding to the health service, where doctors choose who they

can and will treat. The NHS have cut nurs-The NHS have cut nurs-ing staff, denied employees a decent wage and still find the money to pay adminis-trators £90,000 per year to implement their policies. Vocal public support for the nurses shows that peo-ple are telling the Tory goy-

ple are telling the Tory gov-

ernment, enough is enough An opinion poll carried out by the *Nursing Times* shows that 91% of the pub-lic support the nurses' pay claim while 61% would support industrial action by the nurses.

Meagre

Nurses themselves see the meagre pay award as the tip of the iceberg. They are constantly drawing attention to the existing conditions which

effect patient care. One sister in Belfast's City Hospital told Social-ist Worker how five night sisters have been replaced by eight night co-ordinators. These new posts doo't

These new posts don't involve "hands-on" nurs-

ing care and yet the wages for the new jobs have been increased to £25,000 from £20,000 for the sister's job. Nursing posts have been lost at the cost to the NHS of £100,000 per year.

Turkey's

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Kurds

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The same nurse drew our The same nurse drew our attention to the defunct practice of using "bay beds"—this is where pa-tients are left in beds out-side wards while waiting for a proper bed to become available.

"Women patients are of-ten left in bays outside the men's wards for long peri-ods of time. We have no-where else to put them." A junice dectar in As

A junior doctor in An-trim told Socialist Worker that in certain wards male and female patients share the same wards not because of choice but because of bed shortages.

"I have never come across this practice be-fore" she said "I always assumed it was against EC regulations."

Nurses are in a militant mood and the public are firmly behind them. It's time for the unions to start making real demands.

