DECEMBER 2nd-15th 1995 VOLUME 2 NUMBER 23 PRICE 40P



#### PAGE TWO SOCIALIST WORKER

# WATER CHARGES: **Court cases thrown out,** now keep up the fight

County Council has failed in its attempts to disconnect the water supply of 43 households in Firhouse, Tallaght and Templeogue.

The judge dismissed the first cases brought under the new legislation on the grounds that the Council had failed to prove that the people brought before the courts were "occupiers".

#### Serious

The next court appear-ance now takes place on January 18th when the council will try again to get disconnection disconnection orders against non-payers. Non-payers showed the

Council, and the courts how serious they are in their campaign to abolish the Hundreds of people from

The crowd of over 500 included representatives

from the ATGWU and BATU as well as delega-tions from St Mary's Hos-pital in the Phoenix Park and Semperit tyre factory in

21 1

Protesters demanded that Labour and Democratic Left stop all sell-outs and make the rich pay.

#### Message

Their message was clear—that the anti-water charges campaign won't stop until the charges are totally abolished.

At the moment councils all over the country are set-ting the new rate for 1996. Already people in Bray have been told that there will be a £7 increase in their bills.

The need to get organised and fight back is more evi-dent than ever. We can't rely on the courts to keep the charges at bay. The unions must be actively involved in the coursion the campaign.

divide': Vincent De Paul

**'Coalition** 

widens

rich-poor

THE VINCENT de Paul have denounced the Coalition for their disgraceful policies towards the poor.

Vincent de Paul for not Instead of closing the gap between rich and poor the 'last Budget has in our opinion and from our experience actually widened the gap further' said Bill Cleary from the being radical enough. Now the policies of the

Labour have sunk so low that even this moderate Catholic organisation is disgusted by their activities

ties. According to the Vin-cent de Paul 40% of Irish children live in house-holds with too little money to keep up an acceptable standard of liv-

ing. Next time you hear De Next time you hear be Rossa or Spring tell us that they stand for the poor in Irish society, re-member that they have moved to the right of the Vincent de Paul.

# ich get richer...

**CHIEF executives in firms** with turnover of more than £150m have given themselves a 16 percent salary

hike. While the bosses constantly tell

lakes. No more.

lakes. No more. There is a growing world food shortage. Worldwide grain and barley stocks are at their lowest ever level. In 1987, there were 104 days supplies in store. Now there are only 53 days worth. If an important crop fails somewhere in the world it could trigger a

Less food-more money THE European Union was once famous for jokes about food mountains and wine

crisis.

But as stocks fall, money is rolling in for pro-

ducers. Prices are soaring to record levels. The poor are the market's victims of

course. Rising prices mean poor countries will

have to pay an extra £2 billion for the same amount of food.

workers to tighten their belts, these CEOs now earn an average basic sal-ary of £95,600. A quarter of these earned £117,00 or more. Bosses in companies where turno-ver is £10 million secured a 28 per-cent pay rise in 1994/95. Even "or-

dinary" managers got a rise of 6 per-cent. Inflation over the period was

only three percent!!! And even worse, the salary rises do not include bonuses, pension pay-ments and other benefits—normally worth another one fifth!! Poor pay, higher profits

OUTPUT is rising in Northern Ireland but pay levels Bank of Ireland are making £1 million profits EVERY day. In just six months, they made £192 million, a 15 percent rise on the same period last year. So what excuse do the banks have to pay some of their workers less than £9,000 a year?

a worker in England do-ing the same job. The report says that

companies wishing to gain entry to the lucrative EU market."

Fianna Fail could be up to their old

The Independent Ap-peals Board in University College Dublin are inves-tigating allegations of elec-tion-rigging in student

tiple voting, impersonation and ballot-box tampering during three elections this ear. Watch this space!!!

a single long term unon ployed person. Since the last budget introduced by the Labour Minister Ruairi Quinn, they gained a miserly £78.27 a year. But a person on more than £40,000 gained £688 In the past the Labour Party often criticised the Fighting gay-bashing in Derry

OVER THE last few months there has been a significant increase in the number of people beaten up in Derry because they are gay.

#### ESAT PHONE SCANDAL

aid Bill Cleary from the

Society. The charity organisa-

tion gave the example of a single long term unem-

**TELECOM Eireann has** TELECOM Eireann has todged a complaint against its competitor ESAT, with the Depart-ment of Transport, En-ergy and Communica-tions.

ergy and Communica-tions. ESAT lease 'dedicated lines' from the public net-work of Telecom Eireann at a very cheap rate to ac-cess their own custom-ers. But it appears Telecom's competitors are breaking the rules and regulations by the use of a piece of equip-ment known as a 'router'. But Telecom's bosses are implicated in ESAT's tiddle. They have told Telecom workers to ig-nore 'specifications tests' that monitor ESAT's use of the public network.

retwork. For ESAT this means a huge savings in costs which has been given the blessing of the Telecom bosses. They are clearly paying lip-service to their own notions of competi-tion and ESAT are laugh-ing all the way to the bank.

### Is this peacekeeping?

**REMEMBER** when we were told that the UN was sent into Somalia "to keep the peace between warring tribes"?

An insight into Western "peacekeeping" methods came in a Bel-gian court recently. Seven Belgian soldiers

were on trial over their activities while part of the UN "peacekeeping" force in Somalia two years ago. A lieutenant admitted

forcing two Somali children to dig their own graves before subjecting them to a mock execution

In another case, the troops suspended children upside down above

Number of the Beast Socialist Worker read-ers anxious to help the forces of law and order will have noticed that the new Gardai confi-dential phone number contains the digits 666, Is this an omen?

a crocodile infested river Even though the soldiers were found guilty, they were given suspended sentences of just a few days and all walked free from court.



Prime

suspected gang-ster on a recent visit to the US.

Matthew McCloy, a director of the Brit-ish Horseracing Board, was on his way to the world's

vay to the world's richest horse race in New York. The very white Mr McCloy stepped off the plane and when his name went

through an immigra-tion computer it said he was a suspected black drug dealer gangster from Ja-maira

maica. Despite protest-ing his innocence, he was hauled off to the cells and charged with as-sault, resisting ar-rest and disorderly conduct.

He was later re-leased by embar-rassed New York po-lice

are falling as experts now predict the North will be-come the lowest wage economy in Europe. Bank of Ireland are making fi a typical female manu-facturing worker in the North earns £30 less than her Scottish coun-terpart and £56 less then

low wages are proving "a major draw for foreign

**VOTE RIGGING** CLAIMS INVESTIGATED

### tricks again.

electio

elections. This follows claims that a number of students, in-cluding members of UCDs Kevin Barry Cumann of FF were involved in mul-tiple voting impersonation

A number of gay groups in Derry have now got together and calted a meeting to discuss what should be done. Gay people are also facing major harassment from the RUC. RUC officers have been

RUC officers have been going to known gay 'cruis-ing' areas and entrapping gay men by appearing to chat them up before arrest-ing them. At least two men have committed suicide as a result. result-one of them a po-

liceman.

#### Lurid

This kind of activity by the police and the lurid head-lines that follow the prosecuand situation whip up prejudice against lesbians and gays and gives the green light to a minority of hardened big-ots to attack and even kill them

The 50 strong meeting that discussed these attacks decided to take some action. As a result, the first ever

gay rights march in Derry is to be held on Saturday 9th December—the day before international Human Rights

international Human Regime day. So far, the march has been sponsored by Foyle Friend, the Rainbow project, NIGRA, the SWP, Cam-paign for Decent Wages and the Derry Trades Council. Trade Unions and commu-nity groups are being apnity groups are being ap proached for their support.

AND THE VETONE Superior and Super END DOUBLE TAXING DUBLIN CARGES GAMPAIGNS TENION OF ABOLICH CHARGES WATER TAXATION END DOUBLE all over Dublin mounted loud and angry pickets on Rathfamham District Court.

inside the system

C. TO T STRING

#### things they say

"WE have access to a lot of material and

a lot of material and methods used in (Northern Ireland) by the British forces. We have not used one hundreth of those techniques in Nigeria in ensuring law and order are brought under control in Ogoniland"—Dauda Musa Komo, military governor of Ogoniland

"Ye're only a shower of wife-swapping sodomites"—Una Bean Mhic Mathuna of the No Campaign at the count in the RDS.

"And you're only an old bible basher— you're a lunatic."— Yes activist in reply.

## we think I Clinton is not 8 n Bill Clinton's trip to solve the problems of North-

Ireland was about nothing more than using the country as a gigantic stage for the campaign film for his re-election as US President.

Clinton wanted to woo the 40 million voters of Irish origin in the US.

He presides over a sys-tem where US workers are having to work longer and harder

#### Work

According to Juliet Schor in her book The Overworked America,

"Americans now work an average of 164 hours more annually than 20 years ago

This amounts to about a month more at work per year.

It is precisely because he



has nothing to offer ordinary Americans, that he tries to pull out an ethnic vote by all sorts of gimmicks. So the newsreel captured

him lighting up the darkness of Belfast or doing a John F Kennedy act by addressing crowds in College Green in Dublin.

But behind this farce there is also a more serious business at stake. Clinton was presented as

a man of peace who will help

ern Ireland. But Clinton is no peacemaker. He presides over the most powerful war machine in the world.

#### Arms

Last year the US sold \$14.5 billion worth of arms and related technology to 141 countries.

Nor has he anything use-ful to say about Northern Ireland.

How could a man who presides over racist discrimination against black people have anything to say about ending the sectarianism of the North?

Clinton may seek to nudge Britain towards a settlement. But it is one that will set up the North as a happy hunt-ing ground for US multi-nationals who seek the lowest of wages from a divided working class. The tragedy is that people

who formerly opposed impe-rialism now happily go along with the image of Clinton the peacemaker

Michael D Higgins used to denounce US policy in Nica-ragua—yet he played the part of the stage Irishman, welcoming the great white

hope. Sinn Fein used to de--but nounce imperialism—but their leading member Martin McGuinness spoke on a platform with Albert Reynolds under the heading 'Welcome President Clinton'.

#### Idiocy

In a climate of idiocy, there is a need for the genuine voice of socialism to be heard.

That is why the Socialist Workers Party remains as implacably opposed to Clinton's visit as it was to Reagan's more than ten vears ago.

**British Army** 

promotes

murderer Clegg

TWO WEEKS ago the British army proved

once again that it is anything but an impar-

tial peace keeper in Northern Ireland,

# 'Transparency, no way -we're the bosses

They might, for, example, have to pay their full tax

So militant are the bosses

THE SHARKS who hang out in the Irish Stock Exchange are up in arms.

They are linked to the British Stock Exchange where the recent Greenbury report has recommended that they disclose the salaries of directors. But the Irish rich are hav-

ing none of it. The Irish boss class love

their secrecy. While they can parade

the figures that workers earn across the pages of the me-dia, they are determined to hide the fat salaries that individual directors earn.

A confidential report from the Institute of Direc-tors to the Irish Stock Ex-



change states that "inappropriate disclosure require-ments would significantly affect the development of the stock market in Ireland'.

#### Tax Bill

Terrible things might happen.

an Irish passport.

Mark and Christopher

Getty are members of the

lionaires.

whenever it rains.

about this issues that they plan to separate the Irish buy passports Gettys

sacrifice.

ĥilĺ

They have no connec-tion with this country— **TWO MEMBERS of** one of America's but they used some of richest families their money to invest in an have been granted Irish company.

#### Prevent

Meanwhile, the Coalinotorious clan of oil miltion is pushing through a Refugee Bill which will

FOR OVER a year and a half now Laura Kinsella of Ringsend has been pleading with Dublin corporation for a new door. The old one is rotting, fused to put in a door with

smaller panes of glass or one which opens out. They say that they will replace the old one but are adamant that the new one with water sceping in under the bottom of it

And it opens in rather than out which means that must be exactly like the first. They don't appear to have a good explanation as

than out which means that the large glass panels are constantly being broken accidentally. The corporation have re-

Stock Exchange from the British.

Worse, workers might Pleas start to see through their hypocritical demands for

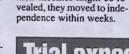
Despite 70 years of na-tionalist pleas in Ireland, this has never happened be-But when they heard that

If you are poor and per-secuted by tyrants like those in Nigeria—there is no Irish welcome.

But if you have money and want to make more

money by enjoying Ire-land's easy going tax laws, it's all smiles and quick ac-cess to an Irish passport.

A SENIOR Northern Ireland judge, Lord Jus-tice McDermott, has recently come out in favour of the retention of the non-jury trials. Hebelieves that ordinary people are not fit to decide on 'guilt' or 'innocence'. He argued that trials



their incomes might be re-

## Trial exposes PUP's 'socialist' credentials drug dealing and gun running. One of the accused is Lindsey Robb who also happens to be a leading member of the PUP.

Earlier this year Robb, Hutchinson and Ervine were part of a PUP del-egation which had talks with Michael Ancram. The case shows that the PUP has nothing to do with socialism. It still stands over the division between Catho-lic and Protestant work-ers. 'Abolish trial by jury'—senior judge

Talks

accustomed to sitting in one place for more than five hours.

hours. "I sense that more peo-ple are questioning the proposition that jury trial is fairer.. than trial by a judge seeking to do justice"

McDermott obviously doesn't trust ordinary peo-ple to come up with the

Two weeks ago it pro-moted former private Lee Clegg of the parachute regi-ment to corporal. Clegg had been found guilty of shooting Karen Reilly as she was driving through Belfast's Turf Lodge in a stolen car

in a stolen car. The driver, Martin Peake, was also shot dead.

Clegg went to prison the Brit-ish establishment whipped up a campaign for his release.

Not content with rubbing salt into the Reilly family,s

wound by releasing him. Britain has now seen its way

towards giving him a promo-

tion. The message is clear—if you are a British soldier and you kill someone in Northerm Ireland not only will you get away with it, you will prob-ably be rewarded.

tion.

But almost as soon as

right verdict. He is used to the Diplock courts which last year returned a guilty verdict in 91% of cases !

THE Progressive Unionist Party has spent the last year prevent political refugees coming to Ireland if they have stopped off in an-other EU country before arriving here. claiming to be so-

claiming to be so-cialist. Leading ex UVF men such as Billy Hutch-inson and David Ervine have travelled the world arguing that 'they have a right to change. But a case that is cur-rently before the Scot-tish High Court shows that some things stay the same. On trial are six loyal-ists charged with "con-spiracy to further the aims of the UVF" by

# ittle orincess

MILLIONS of people watched Princess Diana spill the beans on the royal family.

The interview was like a real life soap opera. The Princess of Wales admitted on the British Broadcasting Corporation that she had had an affair. When asked about Captain James Hewit she bat-ted her eye lids and whispered she was in love with him. But more important than the titillating interview

him. But more important than the titillating interview was the response to it. Nicholas Soames, Tory MP and close personal friend of Prince Charles claimed that Di was in an advanced state of paranoia. This only helped to prove her point that the palace was ganging up on her. The British media are having a field day and it seems, in general, are rooting for The Princess. But although it is gratifying to see Di with the help of the Paparazzi, pulling strips off her hus-band and his mates, she is certainly not an un-derdog.

band and his mates, she is the first derdog. She is a Princess of the British Empire. Her hus-band owns half of Cornwall and gets millions in state hand outs. Her mother in law is the richest woman in the world. Diana herself recently spent £1 million on a holiday cottage in France. She is reputed to spend £3,000 a week on hair and heauty.

beauty. 'The Queen of Hearts played her ace' was how Nell McCafferty put it in the Sunday Tribune. Nell seems to think, you poor thing, it must have been hell living with a bore like Charles.

#### Purity

Purity She even romanced about the purity of Diana's lin-eage, pointing out that she has more pedigree than Prince Charles who is merely a Battenburg. Nell Mc Cafferty should understand better than any-one the legacy of British imperialism. It is utterly amaz-ing how she can support Princess Diana simply be-cause she is a woman. But then this was precisely the sort of audience Diana was playing to when said that she was a 'strong woman' and that the palace had problems with that. I'm sure they did. The monarchy is founded on the sexist princi-ple of male priority. She herself spoke of her 're-liaf' when her first child was a boy and how she had Harry 'as a backup'.

had Harry 'as a backup'. When Charles and Diana first got married the me-dia presented it as a fairy tale arrangement. Yet it was a marriage based on the coldest political calculation. Charles needed a future queen, he needed to pro-vide heirs, he had to have a virgin bride and the whole sordid affair had to be presented as a triumph of true lo

Diana may be now putting it up to certain camps within the establishment, but she is a major player in

Diana may be now putting it up to certain camps within the establishment, but she is a major player in the Royal business. Despite a series of scandals she has been pretty useful to the Royal family who are too thick to realise that she is an asset to their business. She may have been bitter about the royal's crude insensitivity to her post natal depression and bulmina. But of course they are insensitive—they are trained from birth to be insensitive. Why else would Charles have been sent to a brutal school like Gordonstown by his palpably brutal and insensitive father? But she should not be supported or elevated sim-ply because she has got a hard time from Charles and his groupies and most certainly not because she happens to be a woman. Diana has never questioned the idea that some people are 'born to rule'. She accepts that it is good for 'special people' to live in almost unim-aginable wealth while others rot in poverty. She accepts the whole undemocratic principle of inherited wealth and power. She also wants a pyra-mid like class structure with her lot at the top and the rest of us down below. Every time the red carpet is rolled out, or the loos re-furbished or school children lined up with Union Jacks for some meaningless royal visit by Diana or Charles, the whole other for class rule, exploitation and inequality is shored up. That is why we should not shed any tears for her

and inequality is shored up. That is why we should not shed any tears for her plight.

by CATHERINE LYONS

# behind the The truth about the US President As Bill Clinton is feted by the media as a man of peace,

here is the Socialist Worker guide to the real face of the leader of the world's greatest capitalist power.

# Arms

The US which Bill Clinton presides over is the greatest supplier of arms to the world.

A US Congressional Re-search Report has shown that while there has been a slight decline in the global sale of weapons, the US

sale of weapons, the OS share has continued to grow. Of a total of \$20.4 billion of weapon sales to poorer countries in 1993, the US share was \$14.8 billion. When Clinton talks about the 'leadership role' of the US be really means the

US, he really means the right to get the biggest profit from the weapons of destruction.

#### Stoke

It is US weapons which help to stoke up war and destruction throughout the globe

Clinton pretends to have Clinton pretends to have brought peace to the Mid-dle East. But Israel is the largest recipient of US arms in the world and Egypt is the second largest. While Clinton talks of bringing 'freedom and jus-tice' to the world, his gen-erals in the Pentagon help to promote some of the

to promote some of the worst forms of oppression across the world.

across the world. The third greatest recipi-ent of US arms today is Tur-key. A huge proportion of its budget has been taken up importing US battle tanks, combat aircraft and missile launchers. launchers. The reason is that it is try

The reason is that it is try-ing to crush the Kurdish population. This year, with full support from Clinton, the Turkish regime have destroyed more than 2,000 Kurdish village and turned 2 million people into refu-gees. gees.

letters



## Cuba

Clinton has continued the policy of every other US President of trying to topple the Cuban

ple that the Pentagon wants to crush.

This is why Clinton has recently strengthened the 35 year old blockade against this little country.

The US has ignored all the feeble protests from the UN which has called on it to lift the illegal blockade. Yet it launched the Gulf War on the claim that the Iraqi leader Saddam Hussein did not obey UN resolutions.

that while other candidates claimed to be tough on law and order he was the only one to sign an order for execution.

As governor of Arkansas he sent a black disabled man to his death.

There are currently 3,000 prisoners on death row in America. One of them is Brian

Robertson who is scheduled for execution on 10 January 1996. His mother Bettie Roberston told Socialist Worker about her anger.

"They didn't find his fin-gerprints on the weapons or anything, so they just deter-mined that because he was young black man from Texas who had a hard time of it, he should go to prison. I believe it is really a racial

conviction. "We live in a middle class

"We live in a middle class mixed area and the person who was killed was an eld-erly white man. "Brain's father was mur-dered in 1974 and they ar-gued that Brian had a prob-lem with that and wanted to retailate retaliate.

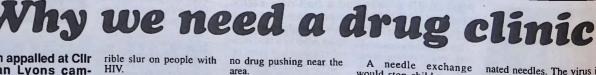
"Brain's trial, which only lasted a week, was mainly looking at the problems he had in growing up—being hyperactive and this sort of

thing. "The question I ask is, why is it that the white man why is it that the white that who murdered my husband only got 13 years (and he got off after 2 or 3 years) and here is my son who is convicted of a crime and he

gets the death penalty" "I sold my home to try and get a good lawyer for him and hired a private de-tective to get Brian off so this exhausted all the money I have. But I felt it was worth it to save my son's

"Yet he still got the death penalty and this has taken a toll on me and the other three boys."

Socialist Worker welcomes letters. Keep them reasonably short and send to Letters to the Editor, Socialist Worker, PO Box 1648 Dublin 8 or fax to (01) 872 3838



clinics.

I am appalled at Clir Sean Lyons cam-paign against the Blanchardstown Drugs Clinic. I was disgusted at the campaign's posters saying No HIV Clinic.It was a hor-

The facts are that the pro-posed clinic is a methadone clinic—so no other sub-

stances will be used in it. Security at Blanchardstown hospital will make sure that there is

no drug pushing near the агеа

### Exchange Blanchardstown has al-ready a drugs problem—so we need more and not less

A needle exchange would stop children con-tracting Hepatitis B while playing with contaminated needles that have been thrown away. Despite the myths there is very little chance of con-tracting HIV from contami-

nated needles. The virus is nated needles. The virus is very delicate and cannot survive in temperature lower than the human body. Politicians like Sean Ly-ons are only trying to whip up fears to promote their right wing ideas.

regime. Although Cuba's claim to be socialist are bogus, its defiance of the wishes of US imperialism is an exam-

## Ignored



for the US Presidency he boasted

# **HUGE STRIKES AND** DEMOS ROCK we fight and s ler we can R h

FRANCE is in the grip of revolt, with the biggest wave of strikes and protests for years rocking the Tory government.

"The government has declared war on the workers and students. "But if we fight and stand together we can

win"

So said Phillipe, one of the 100,000 demonstrators who brought Paris to a halt last Friday in a magnificent show of strength. Across France well over

five million public sector workers struck for the sec-

Workers struck for the sec-ond time in a few weeks. As well as the monster demonstration in Paris an impressive 50,000 turned out in the southern port of Marseilles. Tens of thou-sands marched in a score or more cities, from Toulouse and Lyon in the south to and Lyon in the south to Rennes and Lille in the north.

Even the bosses' newspa-

Even the bosses' newspa-pers had to admit that over half a million took to the streets—although the real figure was much higher. Friday 24th was a day of impressive strike action. Public transport halted. Ports were shut and striking rail workers disrupted the prestige Eurostar Channel Tunnel line. Workers across the pub-

Workers across the pub lic sector, including coun-cil workers, teachers, hos-pital workers, postal work-ers and civil servants struck and marched.

Delegations from private industry joined them as did thousands of students who themselves have been strik-ing, occupying and demonstrating. Friday's protests were

just one wave in a growing tide of revolt. The next day saw tens of

thousands march again through Paris on the biggest women's liberation demon-

stration for years. Three days later saw an-other day of strikes by pub-lic sector workers, with huge demonstrations again taking to the streets across Franc

The fight is on against the right-wing government's plan to push through savage attacks on the health serv-

attacks on the health serv-ice as well as social secu-rity and pensions. And rail workers stayed out after Friday through until the start of the next week, striking against sav-ne ich end route outs

week, striking against sav-age job and route cuts. The workers' revolt coin-cides with the biggest stu-dent upheaval for years. tens of thousands marched through most cit-ies with around 40 colleges occupying or striking to demand more government money. money.

PAUL McGARR'S evewitness report from Paris

A national student dem-onstration was set to march

through Paris. There is no doubt that this inspiring revolt has the power to beat the govern-ment. But it also faces ob-stacles familiar to those liv-

ing elsewhere. The anger in France is mixed with a lack of confidence rooted in years of defeats. And union leaders are desperate to limit the

are desperate to minit the action. The path the struggle fol-lows in the coming weeks will depend much on how successful militants are in building on the rising anger and arguing for strike action beyond that already called.

### mounts as workers 2 1 NOVEMBER's march in Paris was a mixture of fury at the govern-ment and bosses, and a carnival mood among workers beginning

mood among worke to feel their power. Across the city people smiled. Heads that on nor-mal days are often bowed were lifted with new hope. "We're going to kick your arse Juppe!" sang a group of nurses about the Tory prime minister. As the protest passed down the fashionable Boulevard Haussmann, thousands upon thou-

Boulevard Haussmann, thousands upon thou-sands of workers suddenly struck up the socialist an-them the International. They marched past the well-heeled sitting over their business lunches in the smart streetside restaurants. You could plainly see

the fear and unease on the faces of the rich as the demonstration rolled past.

demonstration rolled past. "We are so big and pow-erful. I am very, very happy today," said Remi, a teacher who was march-ing and dancing along with his workmates. "For years the bosses have been getting more money and our public services and wages getting cut. We've had enough". "The government says it doesn't have the money.

STUDENTS JOINED Novem-ber's march chanting "stu-dents, workers, solidarity" and were cheered and ap-

and were cheered and ap-plauded by workers. The student revolt in France is over exactly the same attacks that British students are facing. "There are not enough books, or teachers. In lectures we have to sit on the floor" says Christelle, a student at Paris's Sorbonne university. She has been elected to join a national action committee of del-egates from all the colleges which is leading the struggle.

We should take it off the bosses." Metro driver.

### Solidarity

The same feeling of solidarity was there on the demonstration among all those fighting the government

"If the government doesn't listen after today we will need more strikes, says Patrick, a Paris

'Students, workers, solidarity' "The movement grew really qulckly. A couple of weeks ago we could only get 50 students to a meeting now hundreds come and there is a really strong feeling." The students are demanding more money for the colleges and more teachers.

#### United

"The attacks on students and on workers are all part of the same fight" says Christelle. "If we stand together we can win". The movement has united black and white against their real enemies.

problems students face".

Welfare

"This government is

said

just out to smash up our public services and wel-fare system," said

And, in a near univer-sal comment, he added, "The government attacks mean we'll have to work 40 years instead of 37.5 years to qualify for a "They should use the money they waste on the nuclear bomb tests and give it to us".

full pension he says. "We work long enough already, and if we are forced to work longer there will be less jobs for

with the students. We all have families and know the

Bruno is a business studies student at Evry University. "We are demanding equal treatment for foreign students who are dis-criminated against by the gov-ernment and the police." There is a student at the Censier University in Paris, "There is such a good feeling. People are discussing and won-dering how to fight, how to or-ganise, there are discussions about ideas, about everything. "It all changed so suddenly. Many people are beginning to think they can change things. The more we do the more we think is possible!"

MarieFrance, a library worker. "We are going to stop them." Her workmate Lisa added, "We are really badly paid, most of us get less than 600 a month and this government has the

less than 600 a month and this government has the cheek to talk about public sector workers being privileged!" The anger is about more than just the latest attacks. "People are angry

about everything," says Pierre a telecom worker. "In my workplace tempo-rary contracts and job cuts and low wages are big issues."

Issues." Jean is a building worker in the CGT union federation which had the biggest contingent on the march.

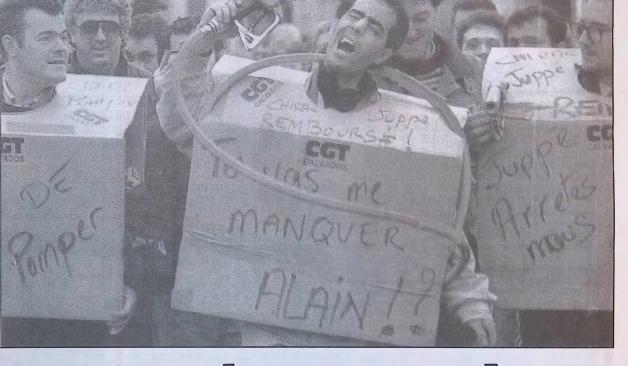
"Today is brilliant. But we need more strikes. If we stand together, the workers and the students we can kick this govern-ment out!"

Any worker here will immediately recognise the problems facing French workers.

"Anne, a striking nurse, explains, "In the health service we've seen less and less money for nurses and care, but more and more for managers.

"This government is out to destroy the health serv-ice our parents fought for. We have to stop them".

Only six months ago the Tory Jacques Chirac was elected as president of France. Now he is the most hated ruler in decades.



# Divorce vote deals for bigots "IT WASN'T even about

the right to re-marry, I just wanted to bury a relation-ship with my husband that has been dead since 1981

"Only then can I look forward and choose what I want to do. I am abso-

lutely delighted". That was Mary's reaction to the divorce referendum. No matter how small the margin, the bigots and the Bishops were beaten and it was a time to celebrate.

Angela had probably more rea-Angela had probably more rea-sons than most to be happy. Nearly twenty years ago her marriage broke down and she got an annulment from the Catholic Church. Thinking her marriage was over she re-married in both the church and in the civil ceremony held af-terwards

terwards.

terwards. But by 1986, she found herself up before the High Court on a charge of bigamy when her second mar-riage broke down. For nearly a year she was pillo-ried by the courts until finally the matter was resolved by a High Court annulment

annulment.

She was a victim of Ireland's crazy laws which pretended that separations did not happen.

#### Legal Limbo

Nearly 80,000 people were con-fined to a legal limbo by the ban on divorce.

Some of them had been part of abusive, violent marriages. The ban on divorce only encouraged some men to believe that they still 'owned' their wife.

For others the relationship split up fairly amicably. They just wanted the choice to marry again in the future

The people voted to reject stupid irrelevant arguments about tax in-creases—and acknowledge that no Bishop or State should dictate how

Bishop of State should dictate now to run our lives. They were sick of the hypocrisy of the Church who lecture about morality—but cover up for the most sickening forms of child abuse. Even in the last week of the ref-

erendum it was revealed that a priest who was the nephew of Eamonn Casey was transferred from Limer-ick to his uncle's diocese in Galway for abusing children. Some compensation was paid— but by now a clear pattern had

but by now a clear pattern had emerged.

If you were a priest you got away with paying up money to keep your crimes quiet. It was only if you were a lay person were you sent for trial. The vote on November 24th was

a clear signal that people have enough of this hypocrisy. It was a vote to separate the church and state in the South.

# The bigots who do not like democra

**IMMEDIATELY** after the result was announced, the bigots of the anti-divorce lobby showed their con-

N 114

Judge Rory o Hanlon said that 'According to the cat-echism of the Catholic Church, a grave offence had been committed against the natural law'. He threatened to bring the whole issue back to the Su-preme Court to get the refer-endum cancelled. The bigots believe that they

endum cancelled. The bigots believe that they have a chance before the up-per class judges. They showed their con-tempt for ordinary people by claiming that their votes were bought by an incompetent government. Yet they never sought an in-junction to stop the referen-dum—before the voting started. Their charge of undue pres-

Their charge of undue pres-sure to influence the result is

No campaign

pure hypocrisy. They threw everything into a NO vote and lost. They started the campaign with Bishop Clifford claiming that divorce led to more car acci-dents and higher instances of smoking—and their lies just kept growing.

#### Lined Up

In the last week of the campaign they even lined up the Pope to interfere in the refer-endum by calling for a No

endum by calling for a No vote. Yet the Pope had never said anything publicly on the spate of child abuse scandals that his priests engaged in. They organised a march in Dublin under the banner of a prayer rally where a US fun-damentalist preacher whipped up the crowd by claiming that Satan was at work. In all of this the Bishops worked far harder to pressu-rise people than they did in 1986.

Their statement that divor-Their statement that divor-cees would be denied the sac-raments, including extreme unction, was probably the greatest piece of blackmail ever attempted in an Irish vote. When they complain now about the unfair result, they should be told to take a very long running jump.

The sinister paymasters development. Human Life International behind the

1980s. He took around a dead foe-

tus that had been preserved

Racist

Human Life International

also engages in racist prop ganda.

Fr Marx has argued the the problem facing Europe that white women are having too few children and will b 'out bred' by women from he lamic backgrounds. lamic backgrounds.

At the end of the campain O'Hanlon had admitted th

THE intervention of the far right Human Life International in the campaign was a sinister

is run by a US priest Fr Paul Marx who was given free ac-cess to Irish schools in the abortion.

in a jar to frighten Irish school boys and girls about



# tempt for democracy. 1 5 WIT HI



# t's a class questi

The Sunday World head-line said it all. "The work-ing class deliver the goods".

goods". The working class estates of the major cities swung the YES vote. This represents a major change on who is for the 'lib-eral agenda' in Ireland. In the past writers like John Waters and Joseph Lee claimed that the demand for change came from the liberal Dublin 4 set. They pretended that this area was out of sync with the 'real Ireland'. But the most enthusiastic support for change in Irish society now comes from Dub-

lin 9, 11, 14—and in the work-ing class areas of Waterford, Limerick, Cork and Galway. While the liberals may have started to look for change in Irish society, it will be the work-ing class who will carry through the battle.

#### Restrictive

The restrictive nature of di-

The restrictive nature of di-vorce now directly discrimi-nates against workers. The new article in the con-stitution specifies that people must make 'adequate material provision' before they can get a divorce. This means that a big farmer

This means that a big farmer

from Meath who voted No can

from Meath who voted No can more easily get a divorce than a working class voter from Darndale who voted YES. The government is also dis-gracefully saying that the first divorce case will not happen until 1997. The wealthy can still travel to America and get divorces easily and have them recog-nised in Ireland. But working class people

But working class people who delivered the YES vote

still have to wait years. Throughout the referendum the SWP campaigned for cheap, easy access to divorce. This class position is now more relevant than ever.

# The feeble vernment iliza

The divorce referendum just passed by a whisker-but the main reason for the high NO vote was the appalling campaign ran by the government. There was always den 1980s and bound to be a bedrock NO world where

vote. The family has always been promoted as the key social unit in Ire-land. Politicians have used the idea of the family as a reason for not building up proper social services. Women have been actively encouraged not to take up

and employment. Although the number of married women in the la-bour force has risen dra-

matically in recent years, it still stands at 29%—the second lowest in Europe. This allowed the NO campaigners to get a hearing for their argument that divorce is all about splitting a wage packet between two families.

#### Liberalise

In most other countries divorce was made easily available in the 1960s. The ruling class felt confident that they could liberalise their societies and many working class people felt that they could have confi-dence in the future and wanted to expand their dewanted to expand their de-gree of personal freedom. In Ireland, divorce debate came in the recession ridden 1980s and 1990s. In a world where the future is bleak, the ideal of the fam-ily is held up as a haven that can offer protection against an outside world. This is also why the big-

ots could tap into a feeling of bitterness and despair

that haunts many. But none of this explains why support for divorce fell so dramatically—at a time when the Bishops were never so rocked by scan-dals

dals. Here the main responsibility lies in the weak and terrified government that started the referendum.

#### **Hitting Out**

They thought it was enough to get a consensus in the Dail and that their voters would then follow like sheep. They also believed that

the campaign should be conducted quietly rather than hitting out at the Bish-ops. They expected the NO side to behave with the same

side to behave with the same gentlemanly politeness. Labour and Democratic Left accepted these ideas completely. The DL cam-paign co-ordinator, Liz Mcmanus told a public

meeting in Bray at the party had decided not to canvass as it was a difficult moral is-

as it was a difficult moral is-suc. They even allowed one of their councillors Mick Billane to *lead* the anti-di-voree campaign in Tallaght. The Labour Party did lit-tle better. Throughout the whole campaign their post-ers managed to avoid using

ers managed to avoid using

the word divorce.

The parties in Dail Eireann did not want to take on the Bishops with any vig-our because they knew the Church has been a rock for

stability for Irish capitalism. This is why they only wanted to nudge them aside rather than take them on. Their tactics almost lost

the vote for divorce 

### WE

THE DAIL parties who fought a cowardly campaign on divorce believe that the process of change in the

South must now be stopped. According to the *Irish Times* political corespondent, the government saw divorce as 'the final piece of the liberal agenda'. The liberals who started off the process

The liberals who started off the process of change in Irish society now believe that it will promote instability if it is pushed further. But the fight to separate the Church and state in the South is only starting. There is no state education in Ireland as our primary schools are mainly run by par-ich pricets.

ish priests

Taxpayers pay for the cost of the school and the salaries of teachers—but the Bish-ops demand that the ethos of their church is pushed through subjects as diverse as the

Irish language and even Maths. Many voluntary hospitals are run by reli-gious orders who ban operations such as sterilisation and vasectomies.

Sick patients are still forced to watch the Mass on televisions in their wards or put up

with visits from the Legion of Mary. Thousands of working class people are still forced to pay up to  $\pounds000$  to have an abortion in Britain when it could be provided in Ireland.

#### Control

The absence of secular control over our schools and hospitals directly works against the interests of working class people. In the past the Bishops aligned with elite groups of doctors to stop a fully free and comprehensive health service developing. Today the religious operate a two tier health evistem with fast track entry for the

health system with fast track entry for the rich in private hospitals—and long delays for the poor in public hospitals. They have produced an education system which achieves high results for the upper class—and discards thousands of working class equations for the system.

class pupils as educational failures.

The battle to carry through the separation of Church ans State will now shift from liberals to revolutionary socialists who are de-termined that the process does not stop.

In the battles ahead there is now a working class constituency who can be won to the demand for change.

That will provide a far more radical threat to Irish capitalism than the Dublin 4 liberals

ever dreamed of.

Join the Socialist Workers Party "The Socialist Workers Party were more direct than the government. 'Let the Bishops look after their own families' its poster declared under

Let the Bishops look after their own families its poster declared und a photo of Bishop Casey."
 That was the verdict of the Sunday Tribune.
 The SWP fought the campaign with a determination that was second to none.
 30,000 leaflets and thousands of posters were produced.
 Canvassing teams were organised in many working class areas.
 We now appeal to all those who want to carry through the fight to separate Church and State to join our ranks. The battle has only started.

| Name  | □ I want to join<br>the SWP           |
|---|---------------------------------------|
| Address   | I want more information               |
|   | I want to receive                     |
| Telephone   | copies of Socialist<br>Worker to sell |
| A SALES AND A SALES AND A SALES AND A SALES AND A SALES |                                       |

Return to SWP, PO Box 1648, Dublin 8, Tel (01) 872 2682

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argued that ing Europe is en are having n and will be

en from Isexpensive postering campaign must have come from their sinister friends in Huhe campaign, idmitted that nds. man Life International.

one of the anti-divorce groups

had spent £188,000 on their

Although they deny it, much of the money for their

campaign.

# Nigerian military murders activists but... Shell oiled the hangman's noose

BEHIND THE murder of Ken Saro-Wiwa ordered by the Nigerian dictatorship lies oil, repression, the brutality of the market—and workers' resistance. It is a rebirth of this revolt that offers hope of change in Nigeria. Human rights activist Saro-Wiwa and eight others were condemned

a military appointed tribunal. There was no pretence of a proper

trial, there was no appeal. The regime has made it clear that it cares nothing for the storm of criticism

from around the world.

from around the world. The nine facing the gal-lows had campaigned against the exploitation of the Ogoni region of south east Nigeria. Nigeria's economy is dominated by oil, providing 85 percent of foreign exchange earnings. The largest company is Shell, which controls almost half the oilfields. Shell has just announced profits up 31 percent to £1.12 billion in just three months. The destruction of the lives and environment of the Nigerian people is one of the costs.

costs

Shell has operated in the Niger delta since 1958, extracting almost £20 billion of oil from Ogoniland. Spillages devastate huge areas. The slightest spark can set off fires which burn for days, killing people and destroying houses and crops. It was this arrogant contempt for the Ogonis that saw Saro-Wiwa help set up the MOSOP protest moment.

#### Pressure

Its first gathering in Janu-ary 1993 saw 300,000 of the area's 500,000 population turn out to demonstrate

support. At that time the Nigerian At that time the Nigerian regime was under pressure from strikes in many other areas. It wanted to demonstrate to the oil companies that it could "maintain order". A leaked document revealed the military apparently discussing with Shell the funding of a special unit to suppress the Ogoni resistance.

unit to suppress the Ogoni resistance. It stated, "Shell operations are impossible unless ruthless military operations are undertaken". A squad aimed at "wasting targets, cutting across communities and leadership cadres, especially vocal individuals and groups" was recommended.

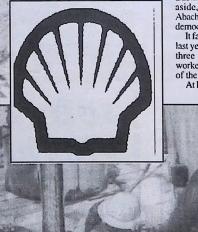
vocal individuals and groups" was recommended. According to human rights organisations, around 2,000 people have been killed by the military. When four Ogonis were mysteriously assassinated in 1994, Saro-Wiwa and other activists were immediately declared guilty by the regime. Shell, refusing to protest, said it "cannot be expected to become involved in political matters".

matters". The accused were held without access to lawyers or doctors for nine months. They were abused and shack-led hand and foot.

by CHARLIE **KIMBER and DAVE McDONAGH** 

如服.

ards



Despite the country's huge resources, most Nigerians live in poverty. But workers have the power to cut off the profits of the

# Mass strikes pinned down brutal regime

NIGERIA IS Africa's most heavily populated country with 90 million inhabitants. Since independence from Britain in 1960, it has seen six emment's flow of funds was

successful coups and 25 years of military government. But there have also been

waves of strikes. The last military dictator, General Babangida, was forced to speed up his proposed time-table for a hand over to civilian rule after a big general

ian rule after a big general strike in 1988. The presidential elections, eventually held in June 1993, were seen by most Nigerians as a farce—70 percent of peo-ple did not vote.

#### Opponent

But when Babangida re-fused to accept a win for his opponent Moshood Abiola, it acted as a flash point for ha-tred of the government and years of falling living stand-ards

Strikes and demonstrations almost swept out the regime. Babangida was forced to step aside, although the present

Abacha government is no more democratic. It faced its biggest challenge last year when a huge strike by three million, headed by oil

workers, paralysed large parts of the country. At least two thirds of oil pro-

pres. cut off and splits deepened in-side the ruling class over how

to cope. The action saw the beginnings of unity between work ers of different ethnic back grounds.

grounds. A shop steward told Social-ist Worker at the time, "The exciting thing about the strike is how people have withstood everything the government has thrown against them and how it is developing day by day." Another added, "This is not an industrial dispute, it is an

an industrial dispute, it is an insurrection. It is about who is going to run Nigeria and in whose interests."

In one instance port workers declared a shipment of food to be a "people's landing" and dis-tributed it to strikers' children. Students from the Delta

State University, spured on by the strikes, invaded the local broadcasting company and broadcast anti-military speeches. But the union leaders were terrified of spreading the action and then called off the strikes

just as they were growing They allowed Abacha to re

Guinness court the generals

OlL IS not the only black liquid making profits in Nigeria. One of the com-panies which has made millions under the pro-tection of Nigeria's mili-tary is Guinness. Guinness Nigeria was quoted as one of the country's top ten companies in 1993. Its workers earn only £40 to £50 per month along with free meals and a ration of beer. Their bosses on the other hand enjoy a maximum tax rate of 25 per cent and live a pam-pered lifestyle complete with domestic servants. Guinness workers in Ireland have every rea-

Guinness workers in Ireland have every rea-son to make common cause with their fellow workers in Nigeria.

cover. He has jailed union leaders, democracy campaigners and closed down most of the

The ruling class is actively encouraging ethnic and re-gional differences hoping to fracture the opposition. Such manoeuvres threaten

Such mandetvices threaden to unleash a civil war like the one in Rwanda, except in a country 14 times larger. But the country's economic and social crisis means there is always the chance of revolt breaking out again. Nijeria despite its immense

breaking out again. Nigeria, despite its immense resources, is the world's thir-teenth poorest country. Average income has fallen from £700 a year in 1980 to £185 a year today. One in five children die before they are five years old years old.

#### Brazen

Yet brazen wealth sits side by side with the poverty. Hundreds of thousands live in sharty towns around the cities while the rich build mansions surrounded by razor wire and guards.

guards. Half the population is illiter-ate but the wealthy hire private jets to take their children to ex-clusive European schools. Last year £8,000 million of oil revenue was declared to have "gone missing", swallowed by the military elite and its business supporters

This nuling class is every bit as hostile to the majority of Ni-gerians as the boardrooms of London, Paris and New York.

However, Nigeria's rulers are growing ever more desperate. Foreign banks and govern-ments are pressing for repay-ment of £25 billion deb.

"Bosses are uncertain how far they can push workers be-fore strikes start again," reports one of Nigeria's tame newspapers. Workers' resistance means

that Abacha cannot guarantee a compliant workforce or deliver the profits the multinationals demand.

Earlier this year the president of the Manufacturers Associa-tion of Nigeria said that indus-try "is in the fast lane to total colleges "

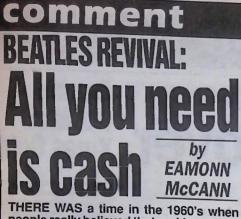
try "is in the and collapse." We need a storm of protest. Migerian government and to the Nigerian government and to Shell, demanding the imme-diate release of all political pris-oners, free trade unions and po-litical partice.

litical parties. But the hope for real change lies in a renewal of workers' struggle.

True colours SHELL have dis-tanced themselves from the hangings but showed their true col-

rich

showed their true col-ours in meetings with Ken Saro-Wiwa's brother. Brian Anderson, the head of Shell Ni-geria, told Dr Owens Saro-Wiwa he would only intervene to stop the executions if the Ogoni movement called off their pro-tests against the oil company.



people really believed that rock'n roll was revolutionary.

Mick Jagger was snarling out his credentials as a Street Fighting Man, Dylan was predicting that A Hard Rain's Gonna Fall and the Beatles had elevated so-cial irreverence to an art form.

It was the shock waves from the youth quake epicentred in Liverpool which had most impact in Ireland.

Ireland. With their ready wit, pro-letarian scouse accents and breezy disrespect for authority, the Beatles pro-vided apt role models for masses of young people thoroughly pissed off with lish "traditional values". It helped of course that

It helped, of course that the Four Fabs wrote bril-liant songs and played them with bounce and verve and subtle harmo-nies. But for millions the attitude mattered just as much much.

#### Apple

Now the Beatles' management operation, Apple, is trying to recreate the magic of the early days. Well, the economic magic

anyway. Re-mastered records are on release, the mam-moth documentary series has been sold to over a hundred "territories", books, bootlegs and vid-eos are on offer every-

where. In one of the biggest marketing campaigns ever mounted, more than a hundred thousand life-sized cardboard cut-outs of the Four have been de-livered to "outlets" in the US alone. Many ageing Beatles

US alone. Many ageing Beatles fans will feel vaguely cheated by all this. Not just because the "new" single "Free as a Bird" is a dull countrified dirge with a plodding bass-line that sounds like Adam Clayton on Mogadon but because the ruthless, profit-oriented re-launch of the band seems to contra-dict what they represented years ago.

Apple was set up in 1967 as a visionary opera-tion which would use money generated by the Beatles to fund projects conventional business would back

conventional business wouldn't back. To that extent, it was consciously anti-capitalist, it was a piece with the soft-left political positions which the band, particularly John Lennon, took up against war, for the environment, anti-racist, generally on the side of the oppressed. At the same time, eve-rybody around Apple was aconful of political ideas and political organisation. When they talked about "building a party" they didn't have an ideological foundation in mind. They gave the impres-sion of believing that a new generation unencumbered by the past might waft its way to revolution on a and good inter-personal vi-brations. That concept of Apple wouldn't back

That concept of Apple

PLAY: **Playboy of the** Western world

#### by KIERAN ALLEN

WHEN The Playboy of the Western World was first staged at the Abbey there were riots by the sort of a crowd who Connolly called 'The Pope's Brass Band'.

a holy, green isle. As it happens, they were right. The Playboy is a re-

ally subversive play. The present production at the Abbey is well worth see-

The stage set and style of acting give a feel of Irish peasant life at the turn of the century.

#### Hovering

At key moments in the play, the director Brian Brady, has a silent but watchful priest hovering around. He stands as a sort of symbol of the type of Ireland

bol of the type of Ireland which Synge warned against in an other of this plays, *The Well of Saints*. The main character in *The Playboy*, Christy Mahon, becomes a hero in the Mayo village he visits because he has killed his father. As word of his great deed spread, the bold Christy takes on a new confidence in himself. The weakling son be-comes a great womaniser and athlete. Asked about the new splurge of Beatles' projects, the veteran US rock critic, Griet Marcus, author of the "Mystery Train", referred to a "dream that died". It's easy to see what he means. But "delusion" would have been a better word.

and athlete. and athlete. But how could a play-wright turn a father-mur-derer into a hero? Some critics have looked

Cost

In reality, *The Playboy* drew its inspiration from Synge's observations of the type of Irish family that grew out of the famine. historian. K H



wealth in the countryside

who saw their sons as little more than cheap labour for

the farm. The spirit of many young men was crushed as they waited for their fathers to pass on the land.

#### Plight

As late as the 1940s a TD in Dail Eireann complained

Approval

about the plight of 'boys' in rural Ireland. The 'boys' were often aged 40! Synge's play is a testi-mony to the dark side of the Irish traditional family so lowed by today's biots.

loved by today's bigots. All forms of love are dis-torted and tarnished by the pressures to accumulate land. The Widow Quinn is presented by Synge as an independent, sexually active voman

#### Attracted

But although attracted to But although attracted to Christy, she is more than willing to see him marry Peegen Mike—provided he will give her a sheep walk through Peegen's farm after he becomes the co-owner.

Synge shows brilliantly how oppression can breed a desire to live on legend and myth. Mahon comes into Peegen's life more as the mythical father killer than as a man.

His reputation provides the promise of vibrancy which any tie to the crawthumping Shawn Keogh who can talk of nothing but priests and papal dis-pensations can never come near meeting.

Synge came from an Anglo-Irish background but with the perception of an 'outsider' he was able to in-stinctively grasp how the dreams of Irish nationalism could easily sink to the sec-tarian state that the South became.

This is why the bigots hated him at the start of the century—and why we should still applaud him at the century's end.

the time of the coming into operation of this Constitu-tion". The 'permission'—

merely to recognise the other religions was never granted by the Pope and his advisors.

#### Recognise

Walshe told Dublin that waishe told Dubin that the Vatican could not ap-prove the Constitution be-cause 'there is only one Church, and Catholics should not formally recog-nise existence of any other'. other'

other'. But however much the Pope might like to keep Ire-land as *the* Catholic country of Europe, times have changed a lot since 1960, where Keogh's book fin-iches.

Today most Irish people, including practising Catho-lics, want to live in a society where people of all religions and none are recognised. There can be no return to the Ireland of 1922-60.

■ Dermot Keogh, *Ire-Iand and the Vatican, the Politics of Diplo-macy of Church-State Relations 1922-1960,* Cork University Press, 1995, £18.00

### A history of **Church** control than had previously been by **GORETTI**

### HORGAN

WHEN POPE John Paul II made a plea to the Irish people to vorce, he was fol-lowing a long tradi-tion whereby the Vatican has inter-fored in Ireland fered in Ireland.

In the past it was not the extremists of Youth De-fence or Muintir na hEireann that invited the Vatican to intervene.

Dermot Keogh's recent book Ireland and the Vatican 1922-60 shows that the atican was asked to interfere by the main political parties

Keogh's book gives a hugely interesting look at how the Church-State part-nership worked. It was a

clear case of 'you scratch my back and I'll scratch yours'.

In return for the state basing all legislation on Catholic teaching and al-lowing no trace of 'godless communism' in schools or hospitals, the Church co-operated in attacking all subversive ideas and activities-in ensuring that things stay the way they are.

Extreme

De Valera took this relationship to its most extreme in his 1937 Constitution.

His Constitution was to be a Catholic one, not simply because of his religious devotion but because he d to have Vatican ap-

proval for his proposals. De Valera knew that his new Constitution would be passed by referendum only if the Church were to en-

a repetition of the land sei-zures and factory occupa-tions of 1919-21, a part of Irish history which De Valera always feared would return. So, the 1937 Constitution

enshrined the 'special posi-tion' of the Catholic Church 'as guardian of the Faith pro-

teaching the basis of all leg-islation, particularly in rela-tion to the family and per-

tees to private property which would criminalise the workers and landless labourworkers and landless labour-ers whose independent ac-tion during the War of Inde-pendence had helped bring to power Fianna Fail and the section of the boss class it

the Constitution was greater

In spite of the openly Catholic character of de Valera's Constitution, how-ever, the Vatican was not en-

sonal relationships. It also contained guaran-

represented. Keogh shows how the in-fluence of the Vatican and

dorse it. It was intended to hinder thought. The Pope and his closest dvisers were consulted on all the most controversial Ar-

ticles

tirely happy with it. It did not go far enough for Pope Pius XI or for Car-dinal Paceli who was later to become Pius XII. fessed by the great majority of the citizens'. It made Catholic social

A top civil servant was sent to Rome in April 1937 to get the general approval of the Pope and to 'get per-mission to phrase Article 3 so as to include the phrase "The State also recognises the other Christian Churches, namely Church of Ireland etc., as well as the Jewish Congregations and the other religious bodies existing in Eire at

The cost of accumulating was a peculiar pattern of late marriages, large families and a brutalisation of many men BOOK:

beatles had elevated so-rm. collapsed rather quickly, as hippies hired for having the right hair-style stole every-thing they could lay their hands on. Since then, the com-pany has operated quietly enough, keeping track of the Beatles' interests, en-suring that royalties were paid, negotiating fran-chises, keeping bootlegs off the market. And now it's back in the big-time. The Guardian last month described Apple as having become 'one of the most efficient money mak-ing machines in a notori-ously merciless industry'. A former employee said that the company is 'utterly feared within the music business'. One current executive They claimed that Synge as attacking their image of

feared within the music business". One current executive says, "We have consider-able resources, both finan-cial and in terms of the Beatles' name, and we use it ruthlessly. Why not? "The point is to win the biggest market share pos-sible for our product". He might have been talking about computer software, saloon cars, iron ore, any-thing.

Dream

The notion that the

world, or even our own lit-tle patch of it, can be changed through involve-ment in popular culture, on the basis of a feeling for freedom, without need to locate the source of social ills in the system of eco-

ills in the system of eco-nomic organisation, this notion can be attractive, for a time. But it won't work.

a time. But it won't work. Even when promoted by brilliantly talented people, it leads not to the over-throw of it, but to involve-ment in the very system it had been intended to sub-vert

Listening to Neil Aspinall, managing direc-tor of Apple since its foun-dation, talking today about "product development", "global marketing strategy" and "market share", one is reminded of the last para-graphs of Orwell's "Animal Farm" when the animals lock in through the window of the farm-house from the pigs to the farmer and back again and realise that they can't tell the difference any more.

People who reckon that arts co-ops or "free radio" or environmental love-ins can change anything should remember—if the

should remember-if Beatles couldn't do it..

word.

vert.

more



Workers create all the wealth in capitalist society. A new society can only be constructed when they collectively seize control of that wealth and plan its production and distribu-tion.

FOR REVOLUTION, NOT REFORM The present system cannot be reformed out of existence. Parliament cannot be used to end the system

The courts army and police are there to defend the interests of the capitalist class not to run society in a neutral

fashion. To destroy capitalism, workers need to smash the state and create a workers' state based on workers' councils.

Workers councils. FOR REAL SOCIALISM, EAST AND WEST: The SWP welcomed the break-up of the USSR and the end of the East European dictatorships. These states were not socialist but were run by a state-capitalist class. We are against the domination of the globe by imperialist powers and we oppose their wars. We are for the right of all nations, East and West, to self-determination.

FOR AN END TO ALL OPPRESSION We oppose all forms of oppression which divide and weaken the working class. We are for full social, economic and political equality for women

Intra equality for omen. le stand for: free sontraception and free, galised abortion and ie right to divorce; the omplete separation of nurch and state, an end or church control over schools and hospitals; an nd to discrimination gainst gays and sbians; an end to cism and anti-traveller igotry.

otry. argue for working ss unity in the fight ainst oppression.

against oppression. FOR WORKERS' UNITY IN THE NORTH: Northern Ireland is a sectarian state, propped up by the British Army. Catholic workers are systematically discrimi-nated against by the state. The division between Catholic and Protestant workers weakens the whole working class. Workers' unity can only be won and maintained in a fight to smash both then states.

We states. We stand for the immedi-ate withdrawal of British troops. Violence will only end when workers unite in the fight for a workers' couble republic

FOR A FIGHTING TRADE UNION MOVEMENT: Trade unions exist to defend workers' interests. But the union leaders' role is to negotiate with capitalism - not to end it. We support the leaders when they fight but oppose them when they betray workers. We stand for independent rank and file action.

FOR A REVOLUTIONARY PARTY: To win socialism socialists need to organise in a revolution-ary party. This party needs to argue against right-wing ideas and for overthrowing the system. The SWP aims to build such a party in Ireland.

# news & reports—politics; the unions—

# **CRISIS IN THE HOSPITALS** Nurses' anger boils over workers Xmas fight

#### **MIDLANDS STRIKE**

than equivalent hospitals elsewhere.

elsewhere. The result has been less patient care and high levels of stress for the nurses. One nurse at the Mullingar hospital told *Socialist Worker* that "We have to do compul-sory overtime.

NURSES have taken industrial action over the terrible levels of understaffing in Midland hospitals.

### At the end of November At the end of November they held protests at Portlaoise, Tullamore and Mullingar hospitals and are now planning to step up their campaign if no satisfactory solution is found. Staff levels at some of these hospitals are 40% less than equivalent hospitals NURSES CALL FOR ACTION

In Wexford last weekend the nursing convention of SIPTU passed an emergency motion calling for a "ballot for industrial action up to and in-cluding withdrawal of labour."

Cluding Withdrawal of IabOUr." Talks between the SIPTU and the Department of Health broke down last month after the Government rejected im-proved pay terms for the nurses. Noel Dowling who is chief negotiator for the nurses said, "the stand nurses were taking would be a defining moment in the history of the pro-fession in the state."

fession in the state." Many nurses believe that "it is no coincidence that low pay continues to prevail in one of the few professions where women employees are dominant." All the signs are that the health cuts being imposed are set to worsen. Health Minister Noonan has already accepted a 5% reduction in his department from Quinn's next budget

a 5% reduction in his department from Quarts is its budget. The anger and militancy that is being shown in the Mid-lands Hospitals, in St. Ita's and among SIPTU members could spill over into major industrial action in the Health Service in the next year. Nurses are traditionally consid-ered "a soft touch" by the employers, but have been pushed to their limits and will flex their muscles against this Gov-ernment to fight for improvements in the health service and for better pay and conditions.

tion across the country against the run down of our health services. from the nurses in SIPTU. The protests are a sign of the growing anger of nurses who have started to take ac-

#### **PSYCHIATRIC NURSES**

Nurses showed their anger and militancy two weeks ago at a general meeting in St. Ita's psychiatric hospital in Dublin.

One shop steward of the PNA, the nurses' union, told Socialist Worker, "About three times the numbers we expected turned up for the meeting and it was very mili-

The nurses told their union executive to go back and or-ganise a plan for action."

#### Refusing

Already the nurses have placed an embargo on taking in any more patients into lock-up wards. They are also dutics which is being done by the Gardai. One nurse told Socialist

Worker, "The Gardai don't always do this duty very hu-manely. We've had patients in with black eyes and bruising. They use handcuffs on them all the time. It's very degrad-ine "

all the time of the second sec

According to one worker in St. Ita's, "The cuts in health mean much more dangerous conditions for patients and

conditions for patients and for staff. "Already there is major overcrowding in the geriatric wards. This is a fire hazard and is completely unfair to the patients. What Noonan is banger that the Tories sold and it doesn't work". Nurses in psychiatric hos-

and it doesn't work". Nurses in psychiatric hos-pitals are angry that the gov-ernment plans to make paernment plans to flake pa-tient care more community based means that they will have to take serious cuts in pay to work in the commu-nity. For a qualified nurse it could mean a pay cut of \$2,300 a year.

22,300 a year. The militancy of nurses in St. Ita's has forced the PNA union leaders to enter into discussions with other nurs-ing unions, INO, SIPTU and IMPACT for a unified and planned campaign against planned campaign against cuts in the Health Service and to fight for decent pay and

Dunnes

Amas tight WORKERS in Dunnes Stores have balloted for pick-ets on Sundays because of the company's refusal to pay the traditional treble time for Sunday Christmas Trading. Already The Square in Tallaght and Dunnes in Rathmines have been pick-eted out on Sundays. 35 more stores will be picketed from early December. One shop steward told So-cialist Worker, 'We know that Dunnes management are try-ing to undermine the union. They won't give us paid time off to do union courses. They won't meet with our officials and they are even threaten-ing to do away with our noticeboards.'' Dunnes Stores has still not paid up the 3% increase due under the PESP which was recommended by the Labour Court nearly a month ago. And other employers

And other employers around the country are be-ginning to take a leaf from the Dunnes bosses book.

Dunnes bosses book. Sunday trading pickets were placed on Penneys in Galway and Roches in Henry Street has balloted for Sunday pickets. These greedy bosses are also trying to break the traditional treble time pay for Sundays at Christmas.

### that "We have to do compul-sory overtime. "Sometimes there are no dinner breaks. Holidays have also been cancelled because of the dangerous low level of resources. You can imagine the stress that is all causing." In Mullingar there is a neo-natal ward but no staff have been provided to work it. Last year 50 premature births were treated there. The action was organised by the Irish Nurses Organi-sation but got full support meetings-SWP all welcome branch

WEEKEND OF SOCIALIST **MEETINGS GREAT SUCCESS** 250 attend Marxism 95

**i JOIN THE SOCIALISTS i** 

If you want to join Socialist Worker,

fill in this form and send it to: PO Box

1648, Dublin 8, Tel: (01) 872 2682

Name .....

Address.....

.....

Phone.....

MARXISM '95 was a big such Socialist Workers Party. 250 socialists came from all over the coun-try to take part in more try to take part in more socialist ideas are for today.

Largest ever The largest ever contingent came from Bel-fast where the SWP has been doing systematic work around the col-leges and on the fight to keep leisure centres open for working class people.

One new member who joined the SWP said, "it was really excit-

"You learn so many things you had never heard about at school.

"It helped to give you the big picture which is so important when you are involved in day to day issues."

#### Highlights

One of the main highlights of the weekend was a meeting on Church and State which turned into a celebration of the defeat of the Bishops in the referendum.

After the conference SWP members hit the streets with a new poster: *Hello Divorce; Bye, Bye Bigots.* £250 was immedi-

BELFAST CENTRAL Meets every Wednesday at 8pm in Penny Farthing Bar, Upper North Street

CORK Meets e COHK Meets every Tuesday at 8pm in An Spailpin Fanak opposite Beamish Brewery. South Main

BRAY

DUBLIN COOLOCK av at 8om

DUBLIN CLONDALKIN Contact 872 2682 for details

decided to join the or-ganisation and meetings are being planned for new areas where the SWP has not been active before.

DUBLIN PEARSE ST/ RINGSEND Meets every Thursday at 8pm in Trinity Inn, Pearse St. DUBLIN TALLAGHT Meets very Wednesday at 8.00pm, Tallaght Welfare Society, Tallaght Village. DUN LAOGHAIRE Meets every Tuesday at 8pm Meets every Tuesday at 8pm in Smyths Pub. GALWAY Meets every Thursday at 7.30pm in Currans Hotel, Eyre Square—contact national address for details. MAYNOOTH Meets every Wednesday at 6 pm—contact national address for details.

NEWRY

Meets every Wednesday at 8pm—contact national address for venue.

WATERFORD

Meets every Thursday at 8pm in ATGWU Hall, Keyzer St.

#### ately raised in a bucket collection to help cover the huge expenses run up during the divorce campaign. Twenty people also DUBLIN DRIMNAGH Meets every Tuesday at 8pm in the Bentley Pub, Drimnagh Boad

Road DUBLIN FINGLAS Contact national address for

DUBLIN NORTH CENTRAL Meets every Wednesday at 8pm in Conways, Parnell St. DUBLIN RATHMINES Meets every Wednesday at 8pm in O'Connells Pub, Richmond Street.

There are Socialist There are Socialist Worker members in: ENNISKILLEN; COLERAINE; LURGAN; CAVAN: DONEGAL; NAAS; LIMERICK; KILKENNY; DUNDALK; BRAY; ATHLONE; DROGHEDA. If you would like to get in touch, contact our national office at (01) 872 2682, PO Box 1648, Dublin 8

BELFAST SOUTH Meets every Tuesday at 8pm in Queens Students Union.

DERRY Meets every Tuesday in Badgers Bar at 8pm

HAY Meets every Monday at 8pm in Royal Hotel. DUBLIN BLANCHARDSTOWN Contact national address for details

Meets every Thursday at 8 in the Artane/Beaumont Family Recreation Centre, Kilmore Rd.

send in your reports telephone: (01) 872 2682, fax: (01) 872 3838

#### Lay-offs **Dockers** protest planned in casual Semperit following a period of de-cline in Dublin Port. ment and with the Chamthey have to sign on for the day

SEMPERIT tyre factory in Ballyfermot plan to lay off 81 workers in order to reduce production costs of it's Dublin operation.

Semperit is a multi-national company with plants in Scotland, Portugal, Sweden and the Czech Republic.

The bosses claim that production costs in Dublin are out of line and must be reduced by 6.2% in 1996. The plan is to reduce

the workforce, keep the pay down and increase production by introduc-ing new work practices.

#### Profit

The company already owe the workforce the 3% local bargaining clause of PESP but say they are unable to pay. But profits from the Ballyfermot plant are buge

huge

In 1993/94 Semperit cleared £6.5 million in Dublin alone. Now they claim that each factory has to compete with the other

Unfortunately the union leaders appear to be swallowing the bosses' logic and are negotiating the job losses and cuts with management.

One of the workers in Ballyfermot told *Socialist Worker*, "We got a 'doom and gloom' session from management at the insti-gation of the unions.

"No questions were taken from the floor. They spewed out their line and said "Thank you gentle-men. End of session".

Semperit workers need to put up opposition to the union line.

This is just another ex-ample of the pure greed of the bosses who use the threat of closure and competition from other countries to make more and more profit from their workforce.

OVER A hundred dockers staged an angry protest recently outside the headquarters of the Dublin Port and Docks Board over casualisation in Dublin Port. Most dockers are now for work at 7 or 8 am every

morning to see if there is work for them. employed on a casual ba-This means they turn up If they don't get work

Decline

The casualisation of em-ployment in Dublin docks was ended in 1972 but reintroduced again in 1992

# Fight ESB's plan to slash jobs

**UNIONS in the ESB** are expected to be-gin balloting their members on the new plans for the service after nego-tiations which

large sec workforce.

D

lasted a year. Peter Cassells, General Secretary of the ICTU in-tervened in the negotia-tions after talks broke "Cassells was acting as a mediator between the two sides. Each union got two hours of a meeting with him and he was very quick to issue his recom-mendation. All he talks down a month ago. Cassells acted as 'media-tor' between the two sides and has issued his recomabout is consensus, con-sensus, consensus. mendation. Details of the outcome

movement.

Socialist Worker spoke to an ESB shop steward who is angry and disillu-sioned with the response

from the trade union

Mediator

SIS

sensus, consensus. "But we are very fear-ful that the deal is not all it's cracked up to be. Straight away members of the ESBOA and elecare patchy but it is clear that there will be opposi-tion to the deal among sections of the tricians will be excluded

from the 6% pay rise and that will be paid out in lump sums over three years. Even then it's not years. Even then it's not guaranteed that the lump sum in year 3 will be paid up. That depends on all the changes in work practices being imple-mented." "What really needs to be talked about bers is

be talked about here is not just how good or bad the deal for the workers is but the bigger agenda as well. The ESB want to do away with 3,000 jobs in a country riddled with unemployment. "Why should we turn the company unside

the company upside down, privatise it and benefit the rich instead of ordinary people. They

are talking about a 5% hike in consumer prices straight away and up to 20% increases in two years for domestic users. But the costs will go down for commerce and industry."

#### Resources

"We will have no guar-antee that these will be decent jobs in the future. They want to use con-tractors all over the company, pay less wages and worsen conditions like pensions.

"Energy and water are natural resources and shouldn't be handed over to private capitalism. They belong to the peo-ple. And we will all end up paying for the rich to get richer. These are the issues the media don't talk about."

During this period a large number of dockers were laid off with little payment and underfunded pensions. At the same time senior management were leaving with lump sums of over £100,000.

#### Campaign

Michael Corcoran of the Michael Corcoran of the Marine Port & General Workers Union told So-cialist Worker, "We met with Enda Connellan, the Chief Executive of the Dublin Port & Docks Authority. "He told us he had no

responsibility whatsoever towards these workers. "We are meeting with Gilmore from the Govern-

ber of Commerce. "If we don't get any sat-

isfaction from them we will have to step up this campaign. It's like 1913 conditions."

Dockers from Merseyside in England are visit-ing Dublin to build solidarity for their two month old struggle, 500 dockers were sacked after they had taken unofficial action in

a protest over casualisation. Already they have re-ceived tremendous sup-port from workers in the US, Canada, Australia and Seate uko are black ing Spain who are blacking their work. This is beginning to hit

the company who are showing signs of the pain.

## Firemen resist Social Welfare cuts

RETAINER firefighters all over the coun-try are being hard hit by cuts in Social Welfare payments.

Weffare payments. They are planning an important national dem-onstration outside the Social Welfare offices in Dublin if there is no progress made from talks involving SIPTU and officials at De Rossa's de-partment. Socialist Worker spoke to one of the repre-sentatives of the Retainer Firefighters Associa-tion

tion

"These cuts have hit many workers very badly for the last 10 or 11 months. I had one worker with me during the week who is taking home £51 per week for himself and his wife to live on.

£51 per week for himself and his wife to live on. "The bureaucrats at the Department of Social Welfare don't give a damn. They just push the pens and slash people's income. "Our member earned £4,300 last year as a re-tained firefighter and has been penalised this year by a deduction of £41.00 a week. I just don't know how some of them live".
"This is a scandal. People are expected to live on low wages and still take more and more cuts. Firefighters will be on the streets if they don't get realistic change from the Government. "As one of the firefighters put it. "Action will be the only thing that will make De Rossa re-verse the cuts and give us a living income."

WORKERS in Belfast's Leisure Services are continuing their campaign against the City Council's plans to axe the service.

dustrial action.

One Shop Steward told Socialist Worker, "If the Council get away with cutting these services they will be after other areas like cleansing and narks regularly picketed and parks.

#### Demanded

The Shop Stewards committee for the Leisure Services have demanded that their unions call a city-wide ballot of all council workers for in-

**Belfast** Council meetings are

shop stewards have been lobbying council-lors from the SDLP and Alliance Parties to argue for a vote against the cuts.

"They want to save money on the backs of the workforce and at the ex-pense of working class communities in Belfast. City wide industrial ac-tion in all the services would really show them where to get off."

on dent Society and in places like Coleraine University they made no secret of in-

reaucrats. campaigned energetically



MANDATE TRADE TRADE MANDATE OFFICIAL TRADE DISPUTE MAI OFFICIAL TRADE DISPUT

their case.

vorkers stri 11 TWENTY workers are on strike at a pub in Blanchardstown for the last month. A 180

The owner of the Mountview Pub insists on paying low wages and refuses to pay extra for security. The strikers have been subject to physical intimidation but morale remains high.

They have gotten tremendous support from the public who are boycotting the pub. Local SWP members also toured around other pubs owned by the same manager to highlight their case

### Students reject ban politics Students in the University of Ulster voted overwhelming to reject a proposal by the Students Union to ban political societies

Decisive

from the colleges. The Students Union

proposed to insert clause in its own consti-tution banning political affiliates or organisations which had a "political element to their constitution'

When it was pointed out

that this would also include organisations like the GAA and some Christian groups the union dropped the men-tion of "political element" but continued with their at-tempt in ban political or tention to try to get rid of SWSS. tempt to ban political or-ganisation. This was clearly aimed at the Socialist Workers Stu-But socialist students

against the union and the

### ban was decisively de-feated. The notion that students

should not be political was rightly rejected and it is a clear victory against the anti-left student union bu-

PAGE TWELVE SOCIALIST WORKER



For a Workers' Republic and International Socialism 40p

# ruton & M -T rs The ceasefires have been a gain for working class people. No section would now tolerate a return to armed struggle.

JOHN Bruton and John Major have rushed through an agreement on North-ern Ireland before Clinton's visit.

Clinton's visit. But it will do nothing to end the problems of sectari-anism in Northern Ireland. All they have done is to set up an international body to discuss whether the IRA should hand in its weapons and simultaneously started a new set of talks with the right wing parties who dominate Northern politics.

#### Stall

The reality is that the whole issue of 'de-commis-sioning' is a red herring de-signed to stall any progress in the North in the North.

If Bruton and Major really wanted peace, they would be

## Where will all-party talks lead?

**MAJOR and Bruton have set the** end of February for all-party talks.

talks. They still disagree on the pre-condi-tion of IRA disarmament—but even if they overcome this obstacle, what would all party talks achieve? The strategy of both governments is to cobble together a settlement which keeps the North in the UK for the fore-seeable future—but which allows the South a greater say in advancing the interests of the Catholic middle class. Both governments are still happy to see Northern politics organised along communal lines rather than on the lines of class. Their aim is to institutionalise sectari-anism—not to abolish it.

looking at how all guns could be removed from the North. Instead they hide the fact that: Loyalists legally hold 140,000 licenced weapons.

Instead of a return to an old style

Instead of a return to an old style Stormont, they want Hume—and even at some future time, Adams—to join Trimble in the management team of Northern capitalism. Even if successful, their plans will make little difference to the lives of ei-ther Catholic or Protestant workers. According to the *Wall St Journal* workers will continue to live in an 'eco-nomic mess' where 'some 70% of the are in low paying service jobs, mean-ing that the average male weekly earn-ings are 15% lower than the rest of the UK"

A settlement arrived at in all party talks would only guarantee a stability for the multi-nationals who could take advantage of these wages.

The number of British troops in the North have not dropped below the level they were in 1992—even though there has been no armed campaign for over a year. The RUC was allowed 300 plastic bullets this year alone alone

inside:

The

truth

about

Clinton

-pages 3 & 4

The British intelligence service MI5 actively colluded in the importation of South African weaponry to the loyalist death squads.

#### **Prop Up**

Bruton and Major want to put the activities of their se-curity forces beyond any questions. In doing so they help to prop up the right wing ideas of David Trimble and Ian Paisley who deny that there ever was any sectarianism at the heart of the Northern state. state

Far from being a recipe for peace, this is an encouragement for continued low level sectarian conflict.

Mass

rock

strikes

France

pages 3 & 4

The peace of the last year has allowed thou-sands to glimpse the possibility of a different sort of politics. In both Catholic and Protestant areas there is an open cynicism towards politicians who have used sectarianism to suppress talk of workers interests. interests.

interests. When groups of Catholic and Protestant workers fight together, they awaken an enthu-siasm that stems from a powerful example. But the desire for class unity also competes with the pull of ghetto politics. Every defeat raises the question, which 'side' will suffer most. This is why the fight against sectarianism will need more than economic unity.

#### Breaking

It requires the building of a minority in the working class who are willing to break with the old traditions of communal politics. For Protestant workers it means breaking from loyalist politics which encourage superi-ority over Catholics. For Catholic workers it means seeing that re-publicanism has come to a dead end when it has to appeal to right wingers like Bill Clinton and Fianna Fail. Fianna Fail.

That sort of unity will be forged when there is a force that sets itself the task of dismantling both sectarian states on this island and build-ing a society fit for all workers.