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INSIDE chindler's List: the Nazis 5 mi 2 TURN TO PAGES 6 & 7



THOUSANDS of Irish workers are being pushed onto low wages.

The employers are using the recession to drive down wages.

27% of workers in the South

of Ireland are on a basic pay of less than £160 a week.

In the North it is even worse. One third of workers are getting less than the European Union's Decency Threshold. This is set at around £120 a

week

Northern Ireland's civil service union claims that 40% of its members are entitled to family Credit.

Right across the country shop, restaurants and hotels are insisting on single time for work on Sundays or Saturday nights.

The big multi-nationals that are being praised for rescuing Irish workers from the dole queues are also among the. worst offenders.

Fruit of the Loom. the giant US multinational which has factories in Donegal and Derry pays only £110 basic, for a 39 hour week.

Organise

When workers in one of the factories started to organise against these rotten wages they found that their union had a sweetheart 'no strike' deal with the company.

Ireland's right wing politicians are now saying that too many people are staying on the dole rather than taking any of the work that is going.

They want to force the unemployed to work for miserly wages by introducing 'workfare' schemes.

They never think about forc-

ing the employers to start paying decent wages.

The scandal is that our unions are doing very little about this situation.

In the South, they are rec-ommending another three year pay deal where workers will be paid less than the rate of inflation.

Miserable

They are even recommending that poorly paid building workers take a pay freeze for six months.

But it does not have to be like this.

In 1913 Connolly and Larkin found that same type of miserable employers that we have today in cities like Belfast and Dublin.

They had a very simple message. Organisation and solidarity could beat the boss class.

It is a message that the unions should start learning again today.



MEET some of the overpaid bosses of the Irish Perma-nent Building Society. They get nearly a £1,000 for every meeting they at-tend as non-executive direc-

tors. Eileen Lemass was a

former FF T.D. and Brendan Halligan used to the General Secretary of the Labour Party. Now that is a nice like Coali-tion arrangement ! But these are only the small fry in the Irish Permanent. Four of the executive direc-



tors—Roy Douglas, Peter Fitzpatrick, Peter Ledbetter and John Burke—earned an average of £335,000 each

last in year. That was thirty times more than a hospital domestic worker

Lemass, Brendan Halligan and Pat O'Neill



AT a special meeting in the Green Isle Hotel last month the new Dublin South County Council voted to impose a £70 service charge in this area.

The threat of abolition was enough to scare the majority of councillors into voting for this tax, which has been compared to the Poll Tax in Britain. df Tallaght/ Clondalkin Branch of the SWM at paper sales have been bearing the anger of people at this tax.

Sacked

Inr

being

DONNA McAnellan

was sacked from her job at the Brookfield Centre in

Cork for being a les-

The Labour Court told her that even though the action was unfair the law did not cover discrimination against gay people at work. Friends of Donna McAnellan protested at the Brookfield Centre on St Valenting's Day

on St Valentine's Day. The case shows that despite the legalisation of gay sex we still have to fight for the rights of

gavs and lesbians

The Labour Court told

gav

bian.

They have willingly signed our petitions and most have said that they would support a non-payment campaign.

The SWM Tallaght/ Clondalkin branch pro-tested at the Green Isle where the important vote was taken.

We plan further action to stop these charges be-ing forced on the working people of South Dublin.

BS

Child Support Agency:

WHEN the Tories introduced the Child Support Agency last April they claimed that it would help women and children.

Instead it is the most unpopular law since the Poll Tax. All over Britain there has been a growing storm of protest. Hundreds of people have attended protest meetings in Bel-

Stop SPUC's

People are beginning to realise that the overwhelming majority of lone parents are not going to be better off as a result of the CSA.

Of the £530 million the agency expects to collect in

its first year, only £50 mil-lion will go to mothers and children. The rest goes straight to the Treasury. This is because, as with all Tory laws, it's the poor who are being targeted. Any maintenance paid to a mother on income support is deducted pound for pound from her benefit. In the North, men are baying their dole cut by al-

having their dole cut by al-most ten percent as the CSA takes £4.80 a week off their

benefit. The Tories say these men are "feckless" and call them "absent fathers". But the majority of men are not "ab-sent" from their children's lives

Weekends

They have them at week-ends and holidays, often more frequently than that. It's just that they don't fit the Tories' "Back to Basics" view of the world. The media have tried to

paint opposition to the CSA as coming mainly from mi-serly middle class men. They've tried to turn it into "a battle between the sexes". The reality is that it is working class women who are

suffering most from the agency's work. Many fathers already contribute what they can fi-nancially to their children's nancially to their children's maintenance, even when they're on the dole. The ex-tra few pounds that goes to the woman on top of her Income Support is usually the difference between a life of intolerable poverty and one where it's possible to have a few "extras" - like enough coal or presents for birthdays and Christmas. But why should women have to look to men for fi-

have to look to men for fi-nancial support? Women have every right to eco-nomic independence.

The Tories want to turn the clock back and force

the clock back and force people to stay in unhappy marriages because they can't afford to split up. The idea that the state should not pay out money to care for children is rub-bish. In any society the chil-dren are the future The care dren are the future. The care of children should not just be the responsibility of their

own parents. It is in all our interests to ensure children are not forced to live in poverty. It's time to scrap the Child Support Act.

Celebrate International Women's Day Stand up for your rights! PICKET THE CHILD SUPPORT AGENCY Tuesday 8th March Asylum Road, Derry

WOMEN HAVE THE RIGHT TO **INDEPENDENCE!**



RESIDENTS of Finglas in Dublin are campaigning for two local authority dumps in the area to be closed.

In the area to be closed. The dumps at Dunsink and Tolka Valley are a death trap for local children. Three have been killed in recent years. A boy was killed when he fell down a ventila-tion shaft at the Tolka Valley dump in 1982. Some years later another boy was killed play-ing on the back of a Corporation dump truck. And in 1985 a traveller boy died when a gas canister from the Dunsink dump exploded on a campsite fire. campsite fire

Campsite tire. The County Council say the Dunsink dump will not close until 1997 -after repeated broken prom-ises since 1986 that it was to close. The dump has grown and reaches to within 200 metres of Cappagh Hospital which is now intested with rate. The dumpse dumpse during the stand braith

infested with rats. The dumps have caused widespread health problems in the Finglas area, Fr Denis Collins who is involved in the local campaign said, "we have a lot of people using inhalers in the school. "During the summer the smell, dirt, dust and rubbish in the air is an environmental rightmare. We got tamilies moving here and developing res-piratory problems after a short time." The same County Council that now demands service charges is also putting the lives of work-ing class people in danger in Finglas.

THE High Court has given SPUC the green light to hound two student unions for giving out abor-tion information.

lew a

SPUC have sent a receiver into the Union of Students in Ireland and Trinity SU to re-cover £29,000 awarded to the bigots in 1989.

This is despite the fact that abortion information is now sup-posed to be legal fol-lowing the 1992 referendum

Crusade

USI President Tom Duke said: "SPUC have been

trying to silence us and close us down for over five years now and they appear to show no

shows that most young people's first sexual ex-

Prevents



sign of relenting in their misguided legal crusade.'

SPUC can be stopped if the student unions mobilise a cam-paign against the High Court decision—mass action on the streets forced the Supreme Court to change its mind over the X-case in 1992.

Poster fine

THREE pro-choice campaigners were fined a total of £900 for flyposting in Cork. Their "crime" was to put up posters giving the Abor-tion Information phone number. Judge Clifford told Fintan Lane, Deirdre Lane and James McBarron that they were being fined £300 each because their flyposting was "sheer vandalism and far more serious than the normal type of vandalism." The Judge has obviously forgotten about the pollu-tion caused by fires at ADM and Hicksons near Cork last summer—those multi-million pound vandals were treated very leniently indeed!

Bigots unite to oppose gay equa

is one issue they can unite on-to promote bigotry against gays. "to protect young boys". The law says nothing about older men who have sex with teenage

Malion, Ken Maginnis and John Hume, were able to walk side by side—to vote against making sixteen the age of consent for gay men in the UK.

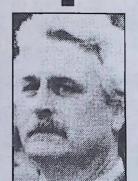
cepted the bigots' claim that the law is needed

girls. But all the evidence perience, including gay men's, is typically with someone of their own

United against equality: Mallon and Maginnis gay sex remains 21 in the North.

The Tories have said they'll have to "consider The bigots don't care about gay sixteen and seventeen year olds at risk of HIV infection be-cause the law prevents them getting safe sex information. The age of consent for

the position". This probably means that, like the 1967 Abor-tion Act and the 1967 law legalising homo-sexuality in Britain, the new law will not be ex-



tended to the North for fear of upsetting Major's Unionist friends.

Prejudice

This leaves teenage gays in the North open to more intolerance and prejudice

also leaves them

ple who nearly started a riot outside the British parliament on the night of the vote showed the kind of anger that all of us, gay or straight, should feel about this denial of sexual equal-

The police say they are going to enforce the law.

We need to get on to the streets to say that we won't allow them to.

We need to tell our bigoted politicians that we want a more open and tolerant society in Northern Ireland, not more of their repression.

open to even heavier doses of police and British army harassment. The six thousand peo-

UNIONIST and nationalist politi-cians have again shown that there

ade

Paisley and Seamus Mallon, Ken Maginnis

in the UK. Hume and far right Unionist John Taylor voted to make eighteen the age of consent, but the rest of the bigots— including Mallon—voted to keep under-21 gay sex illegal. The biggest scandal was that the attempt to bring equality failed by only 27 votes, thanks to 35 Labour MPs who ac-cepted the bigots' claim

WeThink **Unionist MPs whl** SECIA 12 UNIONIST MPs are

competing with each other to whip up sectarianism in the wake of the Downing St declaration.

At a meeting in Portadown, Paisley listed out a number of Catholic sounding names who were working on the BBC to hoots of derision from his audience.

A few days after his rally, Cormac McDermott was mur-dered in the town of Ballymenia—one of the first Catholics to be killed there in

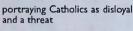
In the House of Commons, the Unionist MP John Taylor called for the vetting of the large number of Irish building work-ers who were employed in the Channel tunnel. In a racist slur he claimed that

they had "their chaplaincy and their lish pubs". Christopher McGimpsey from the Official Unionist Party



boasted about the constructive' meeting he had with the UDA to explain his party's policy on the Downing St Declaration. Nobody should be surprised

with these antics. Unionism has been built around a strategy of



Instability But today there is a new in-stability at the heart of Union-

ism. The Downing St declaration offers nothing concrete about lifting the discrimination and harassment that has affected nationalist areas. But it did indicate a simple

truth about British policy when it said that they have "no selfish, strategic or economic interest in Northern Ireland". In the past Britain's rulers had

a vital interest in the North. Key sections of British capital had in-vestments in Belfast. The mainnance of military bases in the North played a secondary but important role during WW2. The partition of Ireland was

also a salvage operation designed to warn others who tried to break from the wider British

empire. Today this has changed. The Tories regard the Unionist establishment as political dinosaurs that they have to placate to keep

themselves in power. The open acknowledgement of this shift in Britain's interest began well before the Downing

St declaration in a famous speech by Peter Brooke, the former Northern Secretary.

ASSACRE EXPOSE

SRAEL-PLO PEACE

But now it is creating a major problem for the Unionist upper class who have who have held the loyalty of Protestant work-ers for decades. As the DUP bigot, William

As the DUP bigot, William McCrea put it "it is not very pleasant when you insist on your right to be a British citizen to be told that Britain has no interest in you". As their connections with the

British establishment loosen, the Unionist parties can promise to deliver less and less to their followers.

Support

In order to hold their support together, the Unionist leaders will try to whip up more and more sectarianism. They will give the nod and the wink to the UDA and the UVF to get on with the job of killing in the hope of

extracting more concessions. But this can also mean that thousands of Protestant workers can quickly become dis-gusted with the antics of their Unionist leaders.

If the logic of Unionism leads to more and more horrific at-

tacks on fellow Catholic work-ers, then many can start look-

ing for a different road. That is, if there is a real alternative open to them. That will not come from republicans. Despite their talk about Wolfe Despite their talk about Wolfe Tone, Adams and the republican leadership only talk about the need to defend 'our' (Catholic) community. They want an alli-ance with Albert Reynolds who wraps the green flag around him wraps the green flag around him to attack his own working class. What is desperately needed is a socialist alternative that gets

a base in both Protestant and Catholic areas.

Catholic areas. And it can be done. Hundreds of Catholics and Protestants have signed petitions calling for the sacking of the racist Profes-sor in Coleraine (see Page 12). Thousands have defied Ian Pais ley and supported the ICTU peace marches at the end of last year

Northern Ireland does not have to be immune to the radicalisation that is happening across Europe at the moment. That is why we invite our read-ers in the North to get active and join the SWM.

n't day

LOCAL counds in Waterford and Dublin have

agreed to introduce new service charges. Each household in the County Councils area of Dub-in will have to pay between £70 and £85 per household.

household. The Council agreed to push through the charges after the Fianna Fail Minister for the Environment Michael Smith threatened to abolish them. None of the Labour Party councillors voted against the charges. But in the last local elections Labour pledged to resist charges for water or refuse collection. The Green Party councillors voted for the charges. They bried to justify their decision on environmental grounds by claiming that there should be a 50p charge on every bag of refuse that was used. refuse that was used.

It never struck them that those living in poverty might be forced to dump their rubbish over a wall rather then forego a meal for their children. The service charges are scandalous. They are a form of dou-

The service charges are scandalous. They are a form of double taxation. PAYE workers already shoulder the main tax burden in Ire-land. Last year they had to put up with a 1% levy while the inch managed to get through their third tax amnesty. The services charges take no account of income. Those earning over £30,000 a year will find little difficulty paying their charge. But for those on a take home pay of £120 a week it can be a terrible blow. The service charges can be beaten if there is a mass non-payment campaign. The bills will start arriving in April and meetings should be organised on housing estates to organise those who are refusing to pay. In the early 1980s, the government had to back down from service charges in some of the main urban areas because few people actually paid up. In Waterford, hundreds of people chased away sub-contrac-tors that tried to turn off the water supply in houses on the Paddy Browne Road. Workers from Waterford Glass arrived to help out in the battle with the scab contractors. That type of militancy can once again help to put manners on government that thinks it can ride rough shod over work-ing class people.

ing dass people.

53 Palestinians as they were praying in a mosque has exposed the reality behind the PLO-Israel peace deal.

ried out by a fanatical Zi-onist, Baruch Goldstein.

100.000 settlers who were encouraged to take up land to colonise the West Bank by the Israeli government.

is allowed to carry weap-ons. But Palestinians are stones

Under the PLO-Israel peace deal, these settlers are allowed to stay on the West Bank. There are no serious plans to disarm them.

The peace deal also allowed the Israeli army to stay in the West Bank to 'protect' them.

The Israeli government's



eaction to the massacre shows how little has changed. Palestinian areas were immediately sealed off by huge numbers of

troops Six more Palestinians were butchered by the Israeli army on the same day as the massacre.

Peace will not come to the Middle East by deals which have been built on the demoralisation of the PLO.

Only a workers uprising

across the Middle East which topples the racist state of Israel and puts in its place a secular state where lews and Arabs can live together will remove the conditions which drove fanatics like Goldstein to murder Palestinians.

THE massacre of

The massacre was car-

Goldstein was a one of

Every settler in the area shot for merely carrying



"I'VE always said that if anyone is in breach of the conditions they have agreed and of the NATO ultimatum, I would be the first to call in air strikes."

in Sarajevo as the conflict in Yugoslavia broadformer

former Yugoslavia broad-ened alarmingly. General Rose has also called for another 5000 troops to be sent to Sarajevo. His aggressive stance is hardly a suprise, as General Rose is a former SAS commander; active in Northerm Ireland; responsible for the storming of the Iranian Em-bassy; and Thatchers' right hand man during the Falklands war. NATO has assembled the big-gest collection of Western air

gest collection of Western air power since the Gulf War and is ready to hit Serbian positions from bases in Italy.

Withdrawal

Western politicians were claiming that this show of force was worthwhile as it has resulted in the withdrawl of Serbian forces from around Sarajevo. In fact the world has become

In fact the world has become a significantly more dangerous place. One consequence of NATO's threats was that Russia quickly made an arrangement with Serbia, to bring in 800 of its troops to Sarajevo. Russia Foreign Minister Andrei Kozyrev later boasted that "Russia cannot be ignored when major international diplo-matic actions are being consid-ered."

Vitaly Churkin warned that NATO could not expect to launch air strikes and avoid be-ing drawn into "all out war". en more extreme Russian na-

So said General Sir Michael Rose, current UN commander

tionalists have called for back-ing Serbia to "total victory". Despite all the talk of humani-tarianism, the worlds major powers are clearly jockying for po-sition and influence in the re-gion. Intervention from any side should be opposed as making an escalation of the conflict more likely.

In any case the UN has no solution for the area. Their latest aim is to partition Bosnia, with the parts containing majority Croats and Serbs being added to the current states of Croatia and Serbia. They want to combine this with a UN administration over an ethnically divided Sarajevo.

Sarajevo. Amir Telibecirevic protested at the UN plans and told the *In-dependent:* "They want to split up Sarajevo. We are all mixed— Serbs, Croats, Muslims, Jews— and we want to stay like that." Even if the UN brokered an agreement to their latest plans, it would lead to further divisions amongst the population and

amongst the population and three hostile unstable states as three neighbours.

Solution

There is a solution to the warfare in former Yugoslavia. It lies with the ordinary working class people of the area who are becoming increasingly sick of the war and the nationalist politi-

cians. Mary Kaldor for the Guardian observed: "Ethnic partition is based on hared is deep-rooted, especially after two years of war. My im-pression is different." Most people do, even now, want to live together; they blame nationalists, gangsters and war-lords, not their friends and

Africa: Will elections bring real

neighbours who happen to come from different ethnic backgrounds.

In the factories of Sarajevo. Belgrade and Zagreb, workers have the power to end the war and kick all the warmongers out THE Western powers have put on a show of con-cern for the people of Sarajevo. But their hypocrisy is shown in the way they have helped to arm and fund the butchers of East Timor.

East Timor is a half of an is-land that lies 300 miles north of land that lies 300 miles north of Australia. It was originally colo-nised by Portugal but after they withdrew, the Indonesian mili-tary dicator, General Subarto invaded the island in 1975. East Timor has been occupied by the Indonesian army ever

by the Indonesian army ever since. Some 200,000 Timourese

by the Indonesian inc. since. Some 200,000 Timourese have been murdered. According to John Pilger who has entered the country secretly, "Not even Pol Pot succeeded in killing proportionately as many Cambodians as the Indo-nesian military Generals have killed East Timourese." The teaching of the language of East Timor is banned. Eth-nic minoroties such as the Chi-nese population are subject to genocide. According to the Indonesian

genocide. According to the Indonesian military commander in 1982 "It is Indonesian civilisation we are bring to East Timor and it is not easy to civilise backward peo-ple"

ple" Yet the Western powers have done everything to help the In-donesian generals. The British government sold £300 million worth of ground attack and worth of ground attack aircraft to the Indonesian army after the invasion.

When it was pointed out to him that the Hawk aircraft which were manufactured by British Aerospace were used in wholescale murder, Alan Clark,

wholescale murder, Alan Clark, the former Tory Defence Min-ister said, "I don't really fill my mind much with what one set of for-eigners are doing to another"

change?

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e butchers of East find, David Owen who is the peace envoy to Bosnia claimed that reports of the killings in East Timour were 'exaggerated,' At the time of the invasion,

the British Ambassador to In-donesia sent a note to his fordonesta sent a note to us for-eign office saying that it was in Britain's interest that Indone-sia should "absorb the territory as soon and as unobtrusively as possible." As the killings increased in

East Timor, the shipment of arms from the US doubled. When a UN resolution was

When a UN resolution was passed calling for an Indonesian withdrawal, the West did eve-rything to block any action. Yet East Timor and Kuwait shared one thing in common. Both had abundant supplies of

oil.

In the case of East Timor however, the favourite butchers of the Western powers had grabbed the oil supplies. That was what made the invasion right !

GERMAN WORKERS

FLEX MUSCLES THIS month has wit-nessed the revival of mili-tancy amongst the best organised workers in Eu-rope—the German metal-workers. Their union, IG Watali has 3.2 million Metall, has 3.2 million members out of the 3.6million metalworkers

3.6million metalworkers of Western Germany. Their campaign will decide who pays for the current re-cession in Germany, workers or employers. The German engineering employers want plant bargain-ing; flexibility; a pay freeze and an end to the holiday bo-nus. They have threatened lock-outs in response to strikes.

Strikes. The union wants a 6% pay increase and any change in working hours to be on their Thur hours at ready terms. They have already proven that the employers hard line can be taken on, by

holding a series of short warning strikes. However a major weakness on their side is the attitude of the top officials. Union leader Klaus Zwickel has repeatedly said "we do not want a big social conflict."

said "we do not want a big social conflict." As a result the all-out strike will start on March 7th amongst just 10,000 workers of the Lower Saxony area. Not until two weeks later is it planned to escalate the dis-pute to 170,000 workers of the Hamburg. Bremen and Schleswig-Holstein regions. Even so, unless the employ-ers back down, the workers have the organisation and power to win a major victory. The stakes are high for all of German society, the govern-ment has just armounced a public sector pay freeze. The light of the engineers is the key to a breakthrough for all workers, a victory could shift the political climate in Germany -channeling the an-ger at the Government and isolating the far right.

civil war. The "freedom alliance" of white fascists and black tribal **APRIL's elections will** bring black majority rule to South Africa for the first time. leaders is boycotting the elec-

Does this mean the end of oppression of blacks?

But the extreme right, both black and white, are threatening

None of these organisations has much support. They will be marginalised in a multi-racial Throughout this century white minority rule was guaranteed by the brutal apartheid system.

Only whites were allowed to vote and when blacks protested they were gunned down by the

marginalised in a multi-racial South Africa. Instead they want to splinter the country into racially based "homelands". The fascist AWB is calling for a whites only "volkstaat"—ef-fectively continuing apartheid, while the self-proclaimed Zulu party, Inkatha, wants a Zulu kingdom. army. Now the main anti-apartheid organisation, the ANC, is certain to form a government after the multi-racial elections.

kingdom. Inkatha's power base is in the Kwazulu homeland. Prime Min-

Kwazulu as a virtual dictator-ship. His uncle, Goodwill Zuelethini, is the king.

Poorest

The homelands are creations of apartheid, designed to keep blacks out of the cities and on

The dictators who rule them owe their positions to the white South African government. They know that an ANC vic-tory will leave them completely marginalized

marginalised. Although Buthelezi claims to

represent the Zulus, most Zulus support the ANC, Nationally, Inkatha's support is just three percent.

so they have launched a murderous campaign against ANC supporters—particularly

In this way they hope to force the ANC to grant greater pow-ers to their regional govern-

For years the South African regime has used Inkatha to in-timidate the ANC.

Inkatha death squads have been backed up by the army and secretly funded by the govern-ment.

These butchers can only have been encouraged by President De Klerk's recent call for the ANC to be "cut down to size"

The ANC has responded to this intimidation by making con-

They have agreed to devolve powers to the provinces—a key Inkatha demand.

Inkaina demano. They have even agreed to con-sider the fascists' "volkstaat". None of these concessions have been matched by Buthelezi or the Afrikaner right. On the contrary, each concess

On the contrary, each conces-sion has only encouraged them to demand more.

ister and Inkatha leader Mangosuthu Buthelezi rule

Russian troops march into Bosnia the assumption ... that ethnic

Sinn Fein Ard Fheis the co ň ALMOST three hundred ionists

journalists turned up to the Sinn Fein Ard Fheis.

It was huge change from the days when Sinn Fein was banned from the airwaves in the South.

For years the media tried to por-tray Sinn Fein as a group of psy-chopaths. This helped to create the atmosphere where 18 of the party's members in the North have been murdered by political assassins.

The media turned out in strength to get some idea of how the party was party going to respond to the Downing St Declaration.

But Sinn Fein insisted on further "clarification". They had every right to do so. The Declaration says nothing about removing discrimination and har-assment in Catholic working class areas.

The Declaration is build around ambiguity and a clever play of words. In the House of Commons, Major could stand up and tell Unionists that it had copper-fastened their position while Reynolds told that Dail that it opened the way to a new Ireland. The Sinn FeinArd Fheis showed that

the party is unlikely to accept the Down-ing St Declaration—but there were also signs that they not very far off accept-ing some deal that may emerge over the next period.

In an RTE interview at the conference, Adams argued that all sorts of options could be considered. He did not rule out an arrangement where both Britain and the South of Ireland would establish a form of joint sovereignty over the North

The key to the situation for Sinn Fein is the activities of Albert Reynolds. Throughout the whole conference there was little criticism of the Fianna Fail



leader. Instead he was praised for addressing the 'core issue' in a way that no other FF leader had.

But this represents a fundamental misunderstanding of how FF works. All Fianna Fail leaders from De Valera to Haughey have indulged a rhetoric against partition.

Concern

De Valera even kept the South of Ire-land out of the WW2 because of Britn's support for partition. FF did not do this from any concern ain's

for the position that Northern nationalists found themselves in. While de Valera was denouncing Churchill, he was also hanging republicans.

According to he former RUC chief, Jack Hurmon FF offered the best co-operation on border security when Charles Haughey was in power—but Haughey still managed to engage in anti-British rhetoric. The aim of FF has been to use the

the oric against partition to unite the Southern population in a way that masked the class differences. The only difference in the case of Reynolds is his timing. The British gov-ernment is more seriously interested in

getting some movement on the North than it has been for nearly twenty years.

The secret talks between the British government and the IRA are one sign of this.

Although the present Tory govern-ment may rely on the Unionists for votes, they have also distanced them-selves steadily from the Unionist establishment.

Recipe

What both Reynolds and Major want where the Southern government would pretend to look out for the interests of Northern nationalists and the British government would do likewise for Un-

But this would be a recipe for institutionalising the divisions of the work-ing class while making room for the section of the Catholic middle class to get their share of patronage. Sinn Fein

get their share of patronage. Sinn Fein have now positioned themselves to ac-cept such an arrangement. The attempt by Sinn Fein to move towards Reynolds was seen in an unre-ported incident. One Sinn Fein coun-cillor called for the party to give the councillors in the South some leeway to accept service charges if they thought they were the best deal on offer. He was only narrowly defeated after an impassioned speech by the Dublin

an impassioned speech by the Dublin City Councillor Christy Burke.

The Sinn Fein conference took place The SINN Fein conference took place amidst growing tensions within the ranks of Unionism. But the party had little to say to Protestant workers. Incredibly, Adams claimed that 'what Protestants needed was a de Klerk'. He may have been referring to the need for

may have been referring to the need for a politician who was able to compromise

mise. But the analogy spoke yards about Sinn Fein's attitude to the Protestant working class. They see them as a privi-leged class that are like the whites of South Africa.

But no Protestant worker employs a Catholic maid and few have swimming pools in their back garden.

What Protestant workers need is not a right wing compromiser like de Klerk but political leaders who stand up for their class interest.

Sinn Fein's Ard Fheis showed that although they had scored many victoalthough they had scoted many victo-ries in the publicity war they cannot make any real gains for the many work-ing class Northern Catholics they rep-resent. And they never do so while they place communal politics above those of class



IRELAND's yuppies are up in arms. Their target is the Residential Property Tax.

Home owners who have an income of more than £25,000 a year will have to pay taxes on houses valued at more than £70,000

The Irish Times thinks it

The Irish Times thinks it is an outrage. John Bruton thinks he can re-build Fine Gael by campaigning against it. Gay Byrne has used his Morning Ireland show to attack it. But the hypocrisy of the

But the hypocrisy of the nch is sickening. Gay Byrne, stands to

loose £500 because of the size of his fancy house in Howth.

But he never mentioned that on his radio pro-

gramme. The real scandal is that the rich in this country are not paying enough tax. Every home owner in

Ireland is given a mort-gage relief on their tax bills. But the rich benefit

most from this subsidy. The bigger the mort-

The bigger the mort-gage, the more tax relief is given. 60% of the tax relief on mortgage, VHI and life assurance goes the top 20% of income earners. Only 5% of the benefit goes to the bottom half. The rich nav far less on

The rich pay far less on

accommodation costs than the poor. Flat-dwellers and those renting houses spend 16% of their income on rent.

But the rich only spend

2% of their income on their house The Irish rich get off lightly on inheritance taxes. Raise

These taxes only raise half the amount in Ireland

that they do in Europe. A parent can leave up to £687,000 to their four

children without them having to pay a penny in

tax. The Irish rich have a

long history of squealing and getting rid of taxes on them

They got rid of the Wealth Tax in 1977 after it been in operation for two years.

THE Coalition plans to raise far more money from the unemployed than from the rich. The Residential Propfrom attacks on those

erty Tax will bring in £5 million to the government. But six times that amount is being raised

who are out of work. **Pay Related Benefit** has been abolished. This could cost some-

Bruton

wants to emphasise

'family values' but oth-ers like Alan Shatter

reckon that they need to present a more lib-

himself

one who becomes unemployed £17 a week.

Blueshirts will be vic-torious in Ireland."

behind Fianna Fail.

last two years. Inherit-ance tax on the big farms has been cut.

also due to get big transfers of European Union funds over the

not know how to han-dle the changes that are happening in Irish life.

THE main right wing opposition party, Fine Gael, is in deep trouble.

in deep trouble. Opinion polls show that it is getting less than 20% of the vote. An attempt to get rid of John 'Brutal' Bruton has failed. The reason is that Fine Gael has lost any role in trish political role in Irish political

life. It stands for 'the free market' and 'self reliance'

But the FF/Labour Coalition have already proved that they are working flat out to build up the Irish boss class



Fine Gael has also started to loose its 1930s. base among the big farmers. Ireland's ranchers helped to form the fas-

They were terrified that FF's policy of pro-tectionism would stop them exporting cattle to Britain. Fine Gael grew out cist Blueshirts in the

One of its leaders, John A Costello, said: "The Blackshirts were victorious in Italy, the Brownshirts were victorious in Gerwere victorious in Ger

many as assuredly the

BURDEN ON THE POOR

But today the big farmers are swinging

eral face. When the Dail de-

bated the issue of le-galising homosexual-ity, the Shatter wing 'talked out' the oppo-

sition of the conserva-tive wing of Fine Gael. The crisis in Fine Gael has been one factor which has helped FF to stay high in the

opinion polls. With an opposition like that, even Albert Reynolds can start to shine.

Farm income has jumped by 37% in the

Transfers

The big farmers are

next six years. Fine Gael also do

of the Blueshirts.

THIS FILM IS SO ACCURATE THAT BRITISH soldiers remove bodies from Belsen concentration camp

0 UG E FAPITALISM PROD THE NAZI murder of six milmore than ever. So in January 1939

lion Jews stands out as a crime without parallel.

In Auschwitz, the biggest of the death camps, murder was or-ganised like a factory assembly line—with a huge bureaucracy to run it.

to run it. How could it have happened? Some try to explain the Holo-caust by saying it was caused by something in the German "nature". Others see it as an explosion of ancient prejudices, with the Nazis as successors to the European rulers who led pogroms against the Jews in the Middle Ages. But the Holocaust was not simply a hangover from the past. It was the product of the most modern form of social organisation— capitalism.

capitalism. The Nazis were able to carry out

such horrors because they gained control of Germany—the strongest industrial and military power in Europe—in a situation of deep crisis that tore capitalist Europe apart in the 1020 the 1930s

the 1930s. Hitler may have been a madman. But the heads of German big busi-ness, the army and the civil service turned to him.

They believed they could save their profits and power only if the working class was totally smashed, and Hitler led a movement that

and Hitler led a movement that could do it for them. *He mobilised millions of middle* class victims of the crisis. These people—clerks, profes-sionals, small shopkeepers, farmers— felt their lives were being ruined by the pressure from big business, espe-cially the banks. But they also feared the workers. Hitler blamed their plight on the lews.

Jev

Jews. He claimed it was not German bosses but "Jewish finance capital" that was to blame for inflation and mass unemployment. He claimed "Jewish Marxists" ran the unions





"MURDER WAS organised like a factory"-shoes of the dead at Auschwitz

Jews.

trol of some industries for them

selves. Big businesses continued to eat up small businesses. There was soon disillusion and

Inere was soon distilusion and revolt among some of Hitler's street fighters. He quelled it by murdering their leader, Roehm, during the "Night of the Long Knives" in 1934. But if Hitler could not keep all his followers happy, he could divert their frustrations by repeated attacks on lews

war. But war threatened immense suf-fering and Hitler needed scapegoats

and the workers' parties. Putting the Nazis in power and "cleansing" Germany of "Jewish in-

"cleansing" Germany of "Jewish in-fluence" would put everything right. Some sections of German big busi-ness believed the nonsense about a "Jewish conspiracy". Others did not. But they were all prepared to hand the government to Hitler in January 1933 because his racist movement, with its 400,000 storm troopers and its millions of votes, could smash the trade unions and every other working class organisation. Not a single union branch or shop stewards committee survived. Tens of thousands of socialists and trade unionists were rounded up. Many died. In fact, Hitler did little for the middle class people who had voted for him.

Jews. These grew ever more vicious, leading to the terrible "Crystal Night", in November 1938, when Nazi mobs ransacked Jewish homes and shops across Germany. The Nazis knew only one answer to the crisis of German canitalism. The roads knew only one answer to the crisis of German capitalism. They required an empire to pro-vide industrialists with raw materi-als and markets, and that meant

for him.

The economy remained in the hands of the old ruling class—even if Nazi leaders were able to grab con-

he insisted war would be the fault of "international financial Jewry" and promised "the annihilation of the Jewish race in Europe". German military expansion al-

lowed the Nazis to carry out this threat.

threat. First SS murder squads were de-ployed to massacre the Jewish pop-ulation when the German army invaded the USSR in June 1941. Then full scale extermination camps were established in con-quered Poland.

quered Poland. Every day special trains brought thousands of people in cattle trucks from as far away as Paris and Am-sterdam, Budapest and Odessa, as well as from Warsaw, Lodz and Cracow—all to be gassed and their bodies burnt. bodies burnt. The Nazis' aim was now to kill

every single person of Jewish descent in Europe—together with Gypsies, homosexuals, the mentally handi-capped and other people said to be "subhuman".

capped and other people said to be "subhuman". The "Final Solution" followed from the very character of Nazism. Hitler had mobilised some of the victims of capitalist crisis, promis-ing them a new society based on German "national solidarity". But in reality he worked hand in glowe with big business and left the existing structures intact. All he could offer his followers was the chance to vent their hatred and to grab some of the spoils. The dreams of the Nazi fanatics focused on murdering those made into scapegoats for capitalist crisis. German big business happily went along with this, profiting from slave labour and the seizure of most of Europe. It was only military democracy once more after 1945. The extermination of the Jews rame about because in a crisis cap-talism is prepared to turn to the most barbaric forces in order to save itself.

SCHINDLER'S LIST captures the Nazi murder of six million Jews film.

It shows something we must never let l it also shows the Holocaust was resisted.

We witness the Nazi "liquidation" of the ghetto in Poland in March 1943.

In scenes of unforgettable terror we stormtroopers rounded up tens of thousand labour and then stalked and killed those who We see the brutality of the "se-lection" process in which the Nazis chose healthy workers and sent the

rest-including children-to their death in the Auschwitz concentration camp.

We see women prisoners at Auschwitz forced into showers, unsure whether they will be gassed, and how SS commanders routinely shot people trying to escape.

Holocaust survivors say everyone should see Schindler's List. They describe how it is like

being transported back in time, how it brings to life the most painful memories. If anything, the film understates

the Nazi brutality, but only because the horror was almost unimaginable. To survive a day with any

degree of humanity was a rebellion in itself The film shows too how big

business profited from Nazi rule. It tells the true story of Oskar Schindler, a German businessman, who went to Cracow to make his fortune two weeks after the Nazi invasion of Poland in 1939.

He lived in a house stolen from a Jewish family as the Nazis herded Jews into ghettos before taking them to the concentration

camps. We see Schindler wear a gold plated swastika and treat the local Nazi SS officers to expensive din-ners and drinks in exchange for

favours. We see him revel in his success and remark that there was always something missing from his previ-

Lots othe DFRE BNP cou

ous failed b He is ju following tradition Time and

it was not j Schindler, h

Schindler, the IG Farben and profite labour. But Schu how people sion at the whatever w

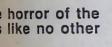
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Every no hid Jews wa in the War People resist camps.

Finally, I mination for stand. He spe risked his

Jews as p gretted th more. Poldek I rescued by

JCRY' Holocaust survivor



happen again. But

he Cracow Jewish see how Nazi SS

s of Jews for slave o hid.

what? s of ers died⁹ K BEACKON.

uscillor

Gininess venturesust another capitalist g a time honoured -wartime profiteering. cd again the film shows just small operators like but corporate giants like that backed the Nazis led from Jewish slave

hindler's List also shows le were filled with revul-e Nazis and resisted in way they could.

Jnbearable

non-Jewish family that was fighting back. Jews arsaw ghetto rose up. isted in the concentration

horror at the Nazi exterorced Schindler to take a

ent his fortune and s life to save as many possible, and later re-that he had not done

Pfefferberg, one of those y Schindler, says of the



"TO SURVIVE a day with any humanity was a rebellion"

Join the Anti Nazi

film, "It is so accurately put to-gether that you cry."

Some critics argue the director, Stephen Spielberg, should have fo-cused more on the Jewish prison-ers than on Schindler.

Yet the film is so effective pre-cisely because we see and identify with many Jewish characters with-out getting to know them. Schindler's List leaves you with

a feeling of unbearable loss.

But it also leaves you with a de-termination to stop Nazi mass. murder from ever happening again.



Two Nazis were jailed in Germany last month for burning a Jewish man to death while shouting, "Remember the Holocaust" In Britain BNP councillor Beackon says of the Holo-

SEE Schindler's List because it keeps alive the memory of those who perished. But see it also because it exposes the lies of the new Nazis who try to deny the Holocaust in order to make their barbarism respectable today ■LEE, New York

LEE, New York *THE FILM stays with you. You cannot forget what you see. You feel upset and angry. People were crying in the cinema. The point where the cattle trucks pull into Auschwitz, with the chimney pouring out fire and ash, is terrible. Nobody should think this isn't to do with them. Whether you are Aslan, black or white, it doesn't matter. This film will make you angry.

matter. This film will make you angry. It made me want to smash the bastards. Everybody has to see this film, and everyone who sees it has to join the ANL. We don't have to put up with the Nazi scum a minute longer.⁹ HASSAN, London

THE film Schindler's List appears at a crucial time. It reminds us of the horrors of the Nazis just as Nazi organisations are growing again across Europe.

caust: "I don't think anyone was exterminated," but adds, "So what, lots of oth-ers died."

His would-be fuhrer, BNP leader John Tyndall, says "Hitler showed the way to a proper, fair and final solu-tion to the Jewish ques-tion".

tion". Across Europe the new Nazis are feeding off the bit-terness produced by a capi-talist system in deep crisis. In Russia the fascist Lib-eral Democrat Party led by Vladimir Zhirinovsky is now the country's largest political party with 24 percent sup-port.

port. Local elections in Italy saw the fascist MSI poll forty per-cent in a number of major

cities. In France, Le Pen's Na-tional Front has about four-teen percent support nation-

In Germany a number of Nazi organisations share about ten percent support between them.

These figures are horrify-ing when you consider Hit-ler's rise to power in Ger-

many. In May 1928 his Nazi party won 2.6 percent of the vote in the national elections. At the elections in September 1930 this rose to 18.3 percent.

Two and a half years later Hitler was in power. Today's Nazis stand for mass murder and a repeat of Hitler's Holocaust. That is why they must be stopped.

March against racism and fascism in Europe Saturday 12th March, Assemble 2.00pm, Parnell Square, Dublin Speakers include: Franzel Frisson (Holocaust survivor); Joe Costello (TD); Des Geraghty (MEP); Senator David Norris; Brid Smith (ANL)

For details of buses from around the country contact: Anti Nazi League, PO Box 4007, Dublin 1 & PO Box 103 Belfast 15 2AB

Join the ANL and get your college/Trade Union branch/school/Organization to affiliate to the ANL

Join the March in Dublin on March 12th and

Join the March in Dublin on March 12th and bring your friends. Organize a delegation from college/ workplace/school/locality to join the march. Take up a petition protesting at the use of EC money to fund the Nazi group of MEPs in the European Parliament.

Send a donation to the ANL or organise a

fundraising event in your workplace/ college/ area.

To contact the ANL write to PO Box 4007. Dublin 1.

Dublin 1. ANL Sponsors include: Brendan Archbold(Union Official IDATU); Paddy Armstrong (Guildford Four); Asher Benson(Jewish Chronicle); Barbara Bergin(Actress); Dr Bhamjee(1D,Lab); Christabel Bielenberg(Author); Bono(Singer); Declan Bree(TD,Lab); Prof Farrell Corcoran(DCU); Joe Costello(TD,Lab); Ciaran Cuffe(Councillor,Green Party): Gerald Davis(Artist); Dragonfly(Musicians); The Frames(Musicians); Franz el Frisson(Holocaust Survivor); Des Geraghty(MEP, Dem Left); Garry Hynes(Theatre director); Dr Declan Kiberd(UCD); Gavin Kostick(Playwright); Lir(Musicians); Eamonn Mc Cann(Journalist & Author); Tomas Mac Giolla(Lord Mayor Dublin); Christy Moore(Singer); John Muvihill(TD,Lab); Mick O'Reilly(Union Official ATGWU); Fintan O'Toole(Journalist); Dr Helge Robinson(TCD); Genry Ryan(Broadcaster); Twink(Entertainer); Shrine(Musicians); Armelia Stein(Photographer); Eamonn Walsh(TD & Councillor, Lab).

Smash the

TWO YEARS AFTER THE X CASE: **Vhat's happel** nen 'S MO Í

THE eighties saw a whole series of attacks on women's rights. In 1983 SPUC

forced an antiabortion referendum on the government although abortion was already illegal here.

amendment The strengthened this law and equated a woman's life with that of a foetus. This victory gave the right wing the confi-dence to go on a rampage against women's rights. Phone numbers of cen-

tres giving information on abortion were banned. Women's health books were taken off library shelves

Eileen Flynn was sacked from her job as a teacher because she was pregnant and unmarried. The 1987 divorce referendum was defeated by 2 to 1 because of lies put out by Family Solidarity. There seemed to be no

end to the roll-back on women's rights and no effective challenge to the bigots.

This created a climate of repression where peo-ple were afraid to talk openly of abortion, pregnancy or even sex.

This atmosphere was shown at its most tragic

THE last election

was greeted as a

great break-through for wom-

en's rights, with

more women be-

ing elected to the

Dail than ever be-

But the women TDs

have not delivered much for women's

Niamh Breathnach.

the Minister for Educa-

tion, has been trying to get more women on to the boards of RTCs and

So far she has failed.

tore.

bave

rights.

VEC

break-



with the death of Ann Lovett, a 15-year-old schoolgirl in Granard, who died giving birth outdoors.

Response

The 14-year-old girl in the X case two years ago elicited a very different public response. Tens of thousands of

people took to the streets demanding that she be allowed to travel to Britain for an abortion.

Throughout that week there were pickets, dem-onstrations and marches almost daily. The high point was a huge march of fourteen thousand people through the streets of

Dublin. In one school in Dublin, two hundred girls defied their principal and walked out on a demonstration with their banner "Let Us Decide".

This explosion of anger on to the streets forced the highest court in the

state to back down and allow the girl to go to Britain.

Reversed

The X case marked a watershed for Irish women. It reversed the reactionary tide of the 1980s The reverberations can

still be felt today. E Four months after the X case Dublin saw its

first Gay Pride march in

seven years.

Homosexuality was legalised last year.

Condoms were finally made more widely avail-able through vending machines.

As well as these concrete gains, the change was also shown in the public reaction to the way rape victim Lavinia was Kerwick SO dismissively treated by the courts, and also in the outrage at the treatment of the women used as slave labour in the Magdalen laundries years

Aftermath

aftermath of the X case

didn't happen in isola-

tion, but occurred against

a backdrop of very real

changes in women's lives

themselves only as wives

Women no longer see

These changes in the

earlier.

in Ireland.

and mothers.

Although the family is supposedly sacrosanct, Ireland has the lowest rate of marriage in the EU.

The proportion of births outside marriage has jumped.

One in five babies are now born to unmarried women. Women who become pregnant no longer feel obliged to marry to escape the "scandal".

Women are having fewer children. Fertility rates have decreased by one third in the past ten years.

A recent study by the Irish Commission for Justice and Peace found that 68 percent of Irish Catholic women feel anger at the way women are treated by the Catholic Church.

Only eleven percent were satisfied with the way the church portrays women.

This change in attitudes is linked to the fact that more and more Irish women are going out to work.

Women now make up 32 percent of the work force. In the past twenty years the number of women at work increased by 36.8 percent, while in the same period the number of men at work decreased by 3.4 percent. These fundamental

changes in women's lives has changed their expectations about themselves and what they expect from life.

But even if she were successful it wouldn't tackle the real problems with the education system for working class women. The Catholic Church is

still in control of the schools and most young working class women and men are denied access to third level colleges.

Derisory

Joan Burton, the Jun-ior Minister for Social Welfare, has given unem-ployed women a derisory increase of \$1.67 in their weekly dole. She has also tried to fax willows' pensions.

idows' pensions. All of the women TDs

in Leinster House haven't been enough to confront the bigots and introduce

the bigots and introduce the promised abortion legislation. Their cowardice has given groups like SPUC an opening to regain con-fidence to attack the stu-dent unions over distrib-uting abortion informa-tion. tion

The reality is that antisexism cannot be legis-lated into existence or im-

tates into existence or im-posed from above. The march of fourteen thousand people two years ago has done more for women's rights than two years of women TDs. Similarly, liberalisation does not occur, in an int does not occur in an au-

tomatic, gradual way. Already the hope that divorce will be introduced

before the end of this year has taken a blow with the defeat of the innocuous Matrimonial Homes Bill. Labour Pary TD Michael Bell has taken a leaf out of the Tories' "Back to Basics" cam

paign. He is insisting that a single mother must de-clare the father of her child before she will be

the right wing are still walting in the wings, they have not been able to mount a backlash against women's rights.

The right wing are still nursing a bloody nose. But it is imperative that they never claw back the gains made in the after-

Action

Socialists draw the link between the demonstra-tions over the X case and the subsequent strikes in the subsequent strikes in the banks and health boards, when mainly women workers took ac-tion for the first time to defend their basic working conditions.

In these situations women experience the strength of their collective power, fighting alongside their workmates against

exploitation. The starting point for a struggie against women's oppression is the point

oppression is the point where ordinary women are at their strongest. Such struggies do more to break down sexism and combat women's oppres-sion than any attempts at tokenistic "gender tal-ancing" by Niamh Breathnach or Mervyn Taylor. Taylor. The X case proved that It is action from below which brings real gains

for women.

While this shows that

math of the X case. Those gains must be built on by fighting in all the struggles of working class women.

Branches of the SWM meet around the country at the following times and venues

Athlone

Meets every Tuesday. For details of time and venue write to the SWM national address.

Dublin North Central Meets every Wednesday 8pm Conway's Pub Parnell St

Tuesday 8th: Public Meeting, 8.00pm Kinlay House, Lord Edward St: The fight for women's rights Wednesday 16th: Workers' struggles in Europe Wednesday 23th: South Africa: Can the ANC bring peace

Wednesday 30th: Abortion: A Woman's right to choose

Dublin Northsida Meets every Tuesday 8pm The Old Brogue, Dorset St Tuesday 8th: Stop THORP: How do save the

Environment? Tuesday 15th: Two years after the X case: Have women's rights changed? Tuesday 22nd: Can the working class change the world?

Tuesday 29th: How do we solve unemployment? Dublin South Central Meets every Thursday 8pm Trinity Inn Pearse St Thursday 10th: What did Trotsky stand for?

Wednesday 16th: The roots of racism Thursday 24th: Abortion: a woman's right to choose

Dublin Southside Meets every Wednesday 8pm The Junction Pub in Camden St

Wednesday 9th: Can the United Nations bring peace? Wednesday 16th: The roots

of racism Wednesday 23th: Abortion: A woman's right to choose Wednesday 30th: South Africa: the politics of the ANC

Tellaght/Clondalkin Meets every Wednesday 8pm Tallaght Welfare Society next to Foxes Covert in Tallaght village Wednesday 9th: The fight against fascism Wednesday 16th: Abortion: a woman's right to choose

Wednesday 23th: The fight against unemployment Wednesday 30th: South Africa: Will the elections bring real change? Maynooth

Meets every Wednesday 1pm Maynooth College. Tutorial Room 4 Wednesday 9th: Spain 1936: When workers took power Wednesday 16th: Maynnoth College: Education institution or factory?

Wednesday 23th: Where does racism come from?

To contact the SWM in Bray, Coleraine, Cookstown, Drogheda, Galway, Kilkenny, Limerick & Navan, write to SWM PO Box 1648, Dublin 8, Phone (01) 872 2682 or PO Box 103 Belfast 15 2AB

Wednesday 30th: Can socialism end unemployment? Waterlord Meets every Thursday 8pm ATGWU Hall, Keyser St

Thursday 10th: The fight against fascism

Thursday 17th: Abortion: a woman's right to choose Thursday 24th: The fight against unemployme Thursday 31st: South Africa: Will the elections bring real change?

Belfast

Meets every Tuesday 8pm See SW sellers for details or contact national office Tuesday 8th: Can students change society? Tuesday 15th: Fascism is a danger once again Tuesday 22nd: Can there be peace in the Middle East? Tuesday 29th: What do socialists say about crime? Deny

Meets every Tuesday 8pm Badgers Pub Orchard St Tuesday 8th: Why the Child Support Agency should be scrapped Tuesday 15th: Fascism: is it a threat again? Tuesday 22nd: South Africa: What will the elections change? Tuesday 29th: Drugs: Cracking up or cracking

down?

Cork Meets every Thursday 8pm Anchor Inn, Georges Quay Thursday 10th: The fight against racism Thursday 17th: Socialism and religion

Thursday 24th: Why does the church control the schools? Thursday 3rd March: How

Franco came to power in Spain?

Dundalk

Meets every Wednesday 8pm McConvilles Pub Wednesday 9th: Why the Labour Party fails Wednesday 16th: The North: Why the Declaration fails Wednesday 23th: Will the rade unions fight?

People before pr SHUT SHUT ?? S RUP! St SHUT SP THORP! THORP THORP

1,500 people took part in an angry protests in Dublin to demand that the Thorp

plant be shut. In a small follow up demonstration in Cork, 80 people braved lashing rain to register their anger.

The protests followed starling revelations in the Evening Herald which reported on a new piece of research which showed a clear link between Sellafield and birth defects in the Dundalk area. The research which was carried

out by Dr Patricia Sheehan. She studied 319 girls who had attended the St Vincent's Secondary School in the 1950s.

It showed that five of them gave birth to Down's Syndrome babies and 33 more babies were born with serious handicaps. Five mothers had stillbirths and seven babies died within six weeks

of being born. At the time the girls attended the school a cloud of radioactive gas had been released from

Sellafield. The British government kept the leak secret until several

years after. At Dublin protest, Conor Kostick from the Socialist Work-ers Movement attacked Albert Reynolds for having put his name to an EC document that gave fund-ing to THORP. John Bowler from Greeneese

John Bowler, from Greenpeace called on the Irish government to take legal action to get THORP

Joe Carolan, an unemployed member of the Socialist Workers Movement from Dundalk pointed to the results of the Sheehan re-

to the results of the Sheenan re-search and condemned the system that put profit before people. At the time of going to press, the British courts are deciding whether or not THORP can go about (they give permission there. ahead. If they give permission there needs to be more protests outside the British embassy. Major and the BritishTories have

to be told that they are not going to be let build another Chernobyl which is a threat to the lives of Irish and British people.

Build the Socialist Workers Movement

The SWM was the main organisation that helped to organise the anti-THORP march. Its

members had been gathering petitions on the streets in the weeks running up to the march. Hundreds of copies of *Socialist Worker* with its headline THORP TIME BOMB were sold. On the demonstration it-

self 140 copies were sold. After the march several people immediately joined the SWM. One new member said, "I was impressed. This organisa-tion is not just about talk. It gets out there in the streets and

starts organising. This country is full of people who really want to change. It's not just about THORP.We have to fight to rid this coun-

It's not just about THORP. We have to fight to rid this cour try of unemployment" The SWM is now engaged in a major recruitment cam-paign. Over a hundred people turned up to hear Yunus Baksh, a British socialist speak in Dublin on "Why you ishould be a socialist". Several people joined during his speaking tour around the countries. Two new branches of the SWM have been estab-lished in Dundalk and Maynooth. If you want to get active and start organising to bring some real changes in this country, then fill in the coupon on this page and join the SWM.

stand fo

Workers create all the wealth in capitalist soci-ety. A new society can only be constructed when they collectively seize control of that wealth and plan its production and distribution.

What we

FOR REVOLUTION, NOT REFORM The present system cannot be reformed out of existence. Parliament cannot be used to end the system. It has to be overthrown. The machinery of the capitalist state—parlia-ment, courts, army, police etc.—is there to de-tend the interests of the capitalist class, not to run society in a 'neutral' fashion. To destroy capitalism, workers need to smash the state and create a workers' state based on workers' councils.

FOR REAL SOCIALISM, EAST AND WEST: The SWM welcomed the break-up of the USSR and the end of the East European dictatorships. These states were not socialist but were run by a state-capitalist class. Workers' revolutions are needed to win real treedom in the East. We are against the domination of the globe by imperialist powers and we oppose their wars. We are for the right of all nations, East and West, to self-determination.

FOR AN END TO ALL OPPRESSION We oppose all forms of oppression which di-vide and weaken the working class. We are for full social, economic and political equality for

We stand for: free contraception and free, le-galised abortion and the right to divorce; the complete separation of church and state, an end to church control over schools and hospi-tals; an end to discrimination against gays and lesbians; an end to racism and anti-traveller

bigotry. We argue for working class unity in the fight against oppression.

FOR WORKERS' UNITY IN THE NORTH: Northern Ireland is a sectarian state, propped up by the British Army. Catholic workers are systematically discrimi-nated against by the state. The division be-tween Catholic and Protestant workers weakens the whole working class

the whole working class. Workers' unity can only be won and maintained in a fight to smash both the Northern and South-

ern states. We stand for the immediate withdrawal of Brit-ish troops. Violence will only end when workers unite in the fight for a workers' republic.

FOR A FIGHTING TRADE UNION MOVEMENT:

Trade unions exist to defend workers' interests. But the union leaders' role is to negotiate with capitalism—not to end it. We support the leaders when they fight but oppose them when they betray workers. We stand for independent rank and file action.

FOR A REVOLUTIONARY PARTY: To win socialism socialists need to organise in a revolutionary party. This party needs to argue against right-wing ideas and for overthrowing the system. The SWM aims to build such a party in Ireland.

If you would like to join the SWM or receive more details, send this slip to: SWM, PO Box 1648, Dublin 8, Tel: (01) 872 2682 or PO Box 103 Belfast 15 2AB

Name Address

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Book:

CONOR KOSTICK reviews a new biography of Leon Trotsky



IN many ways the world we live in today is similar to that of the 30's. Fascist movements have returned to Europe in the

midst of the longest recession since WW2. The crisis is not as deep as the 1930s—but there is much to be learnt from Trotsky's writing about this period. Most important of all is Trotsky's opposition to the rule of Stalin in Russia.

Most important of all is Trotsky's opposition to the rule of Stalin in Russia. Today many right wing writers claim that the 1917 revo-lution led directly to the dictatorship of Stalin. This view implies that all revolutions must end in tyranny. Trotsky was one of the main architects of the 1917 revo-lution. He knew that its aim was to bring about the demo-cratic rule of the working class. He argued that Stalinism did not arise from some "origi-nal sin" in the Bolshevik party. It grew out of the particular conditions that the revolution found itself in. Trotsky's view was that the workers of Russia had suf-fered terribly as a result of civil war, economic blockade and utimately the failure to spread the revolution to coun-tries like Germany. As a result new forces emerged in the Communist Party, reflecting the interests of different classes. A right wing associated with Bukharin, argued for a policy of enriching the wealthier peasants.

Strengthen

Trotsky believed that they would eventualy lead a revolt that would restore capitalism. Around Trotsky there grew a Left Opposition which gath-ered ten thousand supporters. In October 1927 100,000 people demonstrated in favour of the Left Opposition in Moscow. The Left Opposition policies stood for increased democ-racy; building up industry to strengthen the working class: and spreading the revolution internationally. A Centre group emerged around Stalin which reflected the interests of the growing party bureaucracy. Trotsky believed that this group would vacillate between the left and the right. After 1928 however this began to change.

The left and the right. After 1928 however this began to change. The Left Opposition went into crisis as Stalin began to take more and more control. The crisis was caused partially by the huge levels of repression that Stalin began. Yet the Russian revolutionar-ies had organised against worse repression under the Tsar. The collapse of the Left Opposition was also acceler-ated by their faulty analysis. Stalin had started to act in a way that was very different to how Trotsky had predicted. At the time Trotsky had no precedent for what was hap-pening in Russia.

way that was very different to how Trotsky had predicted. At the time Trotsky had no precedent for what was hap-pening in Russia. — His experience of a bureaucracy was that of the Trade Unions and Social Democratic parties. He believed that Stalin's apparatus was like these organisations. — He thought the Stalinist bureaucracy would hesitantly sup-fort workers and then sell out in the end to the right wing. In fact with the benefit of hindsight we can see that by by the force, Stalin's bureaucracy tored itself into power against both left and right. It had become a state capitalist cass and executioner of the revolution. — Because Trotsky's supporters saw Stalin attacking the fich peasantry and building up industry they were confused as to where the main enemy lay, and capitulated to him. Trotsky himself refused to give up on the goal of interna-tional socialism. He wrote passionately in favour of a new revolution against Stalin in his last completed book "The Revolution Batayed". — For this he was hounded, exiled and assassinated by Stalin. He witnessed the murder of his friends and relatives and massive defeats for workers in Spain and Germany. Mevertheless, a short time before his death he wrote that his faith in socialism was "not less ardent, indeed it is firmer today than it was in the days of my youth." The biography arms you with an understanding of how to stop faccient, and the nature of Stalin's Russia. It also gives you the inspiration of reading about the life of one of history's most unbreakable revolutionaries.



Upper class love triangle

Edith Wharton on whose book Martin Scorsese's film is based

THE Age of Innocence marks a departure for Martin Scorsese from pre-occupations with modern American street life to the world of Merchant lvory. The film is set in nineteenth century New York, adapted from

Edith Wharton's prize winning novel of the same name. It takes place among wealthy, mannered upper class New Yorkers.

It exposes the confines and boundaries of this elitist society in the 1870s.

'Age of Innocence'

reviewed by **Christine** Jones

where thirteen course meals are

But this authenticity in detail might be expected from a film whose budget was an estimated

The film becomes a little la-

You are made feel how specific

Scorcese fans may be startled

These earlier films looked at

the deep rooted corruption of so-ciety whether in the Mafia or the

But that corruption reaches to the very heights of society.

the conventions were then and the

standard in this society.

\$30 million.

boured at times

or Good Fellas.

streets of Manhattan.

The society pretends to be con-cerned with order and propriety -- but this is a mask for malice and

Film:

pleasure in other's scandal. The film centre on the frustra-tions of a love triangle amongst Newland Striker, May, his fian-cee and then wife, and May's

cousin, Countess Olensha. Newland is content and set to marry May, but after encounter-ing the Countess his world is shattered

Passions

She triggers off passions in him which he must deny because of his commitment to May. Through Countess Olensha we

restrictions start to appear ridicu-lous and farcical. can see the torture that this society can cause as she struggles to understand its quirks when her own views are more liberated. by this jump in subject matter. But the Age of Innocence is not so different from Taxi Driver

The society won't tolerate people rebelling from their code and if someone is on the edge of a re-bellion they are snubbed, ignored

and scandalised. The scenes are spectacular par-ticularly at the dining scenes

Book:

in Class equalit

THIS book is a good read about what is happening in Irish schools.

Written by two Irish sociologists, Sheelagh Drudy and Kathleen Lynch, it examines in some detail the class inequalities in education.

It also provides a detailed analysis of the different approaches to education. The authors highlight the

three main ideological stand-points evident in both government reports and the work of Irish educationalists.

Firstly, class, gender or other differences are not considered to be important factors in de-termining the shape and direc-tion of the education system. But this is absurd. 90% of the

children of the professional middle class get their Leaving Cert but only 37% of the chil-dren of semi-skilled and manual

workers do. Last year the Provost of Trinity College admitted that only three of its students came from unskilled manual working class backgrounds.

Secondly, success or failure at school is explained in terms of individual attributes.

The dominant view is that in-telligence is fixed and measurable. IQ tests are preferred and used as a basis for selection.

Cyril Burt, who faked his ex-periment to prove that intelli-gence was based on hereditary, is still regarded as a respectable

authority by many in the Irish education establishment Finally, it is believed that those with measured talent

should be rewarded highly. Lose Out

Drudy and Lynch believe that these views of Irish education establishment reflect and reinforce their own class position as members of the intelligentsia.

The fact that Lynch and Drudy question them is to be welcomed. Their book examines for the

first time in a serious way how working class people loose out. School textbooks, for exam-

ple, almost always reflect a mid-

dle class life style.

The father is dressed in a suit and tie and drives off to work with a briefcase.

Lynch and Drudy quote one study which shows that 87% of working class mothers believed that working class life styles were never reflected in education.

Reward

Lynch and Drudy's criticism of the use of intelligence testing is particularly good.

These tests measure a very narrow view of intelligence.

Many of the tests in Ireland are based on the Drumcondra Verbal Reasoning Test.

These reward people who are conventionally thought to have a good vocabulary.

Not surprisingly, working class pupils tend to score lower on these tests than middle class pupils.

As Drudy and Lynch quote: "IQ tests have served as an instrument of oppression against

the poor - dressed in the trappings of science rather than politics" (I. Reid).

Poverty is singled out as the key factor for understanding inequality in education.

The authors however avoid outlining in any detail their own approach to education.

It needs to be emphasised that education is shaped ac-cording to the needs of capitalism.

Education is primarily an instrument of social control.

It instills in children the idea that class society is the natural order of things.

While education remains part of the capitalist system -and subject to its needs - it can always be used against the working class.

Only under socialism will education truly become an in-strument for the liberation of the human personality.

SCHOOLS AND IRISH SOCIETY" by Sheelagh Drudy and Kathleen Lynch, Gill & MacMillan.



SOCIALIST WORKER PAGE ELEVEN

If you have a story from your workplace phone (01) 872 2682

THE ICTU has come up with a new national pay deal after having walked out of negotiations with the Coalition just before Christmas.

The deal they have got is the worst that has ever been produced in the last six years.

It includes a five month pay freeze for workers in the public sector and a six month freeze for construction workers.

On a basic wage of £175, workers will only get an increase of £3.50 in the first year. That is before tax.

That is before that spring many workers from the poverty trap. The Programme for Competitiveness and

Work will mean a cut in real wages. Inflation in 1993 was exceptionally

But inflation is not go-ing to stay at 2% for the next three years. The PCW does not of-

fer any increases above 2% for any year.

SIX workers have

been on strike at

Nolan's Transport

in New Ross, Co Wexford, for over a

They are fighting for

their right to join a un-

For the past year the strikers have had to live on the weekly strike pay

of £36 plus some other donations from the soli-

darity fund. The pay at Nolan's Transport is terrible. The workers joined the union to improve on the basic pay of £2 to £2.50 an hour for an aver-

year.

ion.

darity fund.

No wonder the business correspondent of the Sunday Tribune wrote that the

government had got a deal "relatively cheaply". The ICTU and the gov-ernment have claimed that the deal will help tackle the unemployment critic crisis.

This is pure hypocrisy. The Coalition have already cut hundreds of jobs at Aer Lingus and plan to cut 2,000 at Telecom.

Dead End

They only offer places on dead end training schemes.

Instead of jobs, they are drawing up new plans to introduce workfare to force thousands of the un-

employed to work for cheap labour. The new programme has also got an "inability to pay" clause. The employers can

NOLANS TRANSPORT, NEW ROSS:

Programme for Competitiveness and Vork

plead poverty because of the recession to get out of paying even the miserly increases During the last pro-gramme 50% of SIPTU

members never got the last 3% increase under the local bargaining clause. Even before this agree-

ment is signed, one sec-tion of the bosses is threatening not to pay up.

order to get a centralised pay deal with the government. If SIPTU launched an all-

out campaign of blacking and mass pickets, Nolan Transport would be quickly brought to its knees.

FIREFIGHTERS in Wexford have voted for strike ac-

tion. The County Council tried to cut back on stand-by pay-

ments. But the firefighters have said that they will not stand for any cut in their wages.

The Irish Medium and Small Enterprises Asso-ciation have publicly stated that they will not honour any of the pay terms.

Attack

Nor is anything going to be done to halt the at-tack on workers joining unions



INDUSTRIAL NEWS

"THE fastest way to cause an industrial revo-lution would be to take workers who pay tax and dues to Government buildings during the negotiation of a national agree-ment," writes writes Jackie Gallagher, the industrial corre-spondent of the trish Times.

After the defeat of SIPTU at Pat the Baker

the union leaders tried to

establish an automatic

They were told to get lost. They accepted.

This deal is based on

the idea that Irish work-ers and bosses share a

common interest in com-

right to join a union

Gallagher was an inside witness on how the dirty deal was done. 20 officials from ICTU unions turned up every day for negotiations. It cost their unions £1,000 for every official who was present.

song'

Wine

wine was served regularly with meals. Every evening the bu-reaucrats enjoyed a steak sandwich. The total cost of

The total cost of this charade amounted to £250,000 accord-ing to Gallagher. Next time you hear them tell us about sacrifices for the sood of the

for the good of the country, ask them about the steak sandwiches...

was

Quizzes

Most of them, "spent their time playing cards, having quizzes and on one occa-

peting against workers in other countries.

Benefit

But every German worker and French worker is also being told that they must be "com-

that they must be "com-petitive" or lose their iobs It is a con from which only the bosses benefit.

Bosses like Tony O'Reilly who earns the modest sum of £70,000 a

day. Or Larry Goodman who got away with only paying 1% of his tax bill. Irish workers have nothing in common with these sharks.

That is why we should VOTE NO to this con deal

LARNE PROTESTS AT Hospital Closure

The people of Larne are outraged at the Tory plans to close down the Emergency Department of the Moyle Hospital.

thousand people turned up to march and every shop in the town closed. Teach-

Noyle HOSpital. Moyle Hospital NursesAc-tion Group. This is a rank and file group based at the hospital. Last month they organ-ised a very successful Day of Action which brought Larne to a standstill. A thousand people humedum

ers and pupils marched from the schools to join the lunch time protest. Farmers blockaded the

town with tractors which carried union placards. Workers at the nearby Ballylumford Power station took time off to join

tion took time off to join the protest. One nurse who spoke at the rally called for "people power to be used to stop the Tories dismantling the health service. Socialist Worker spoke to

"I think it was a mistake. He is just interested in pub-licity. The DUP have been involving themselves in the campaign but we didn't need or want their help. If anything they are hurting the campaign by keeping people away who don't want to be associated with the DUP"



walk away from it now." The tragedy is that the strikers' courage is not matched by the SIPTU lead-ership. They have refused to impose blacking of Nolan's. They do not even organise mass pickets on Nolan's. The SIPTU Regional Of-ficer Tony Ayton claimed that "because of the Indus-trial Relations Act the day of the mass picket is over".

age of fifteen hours a day. The strikers have been at-tacked. Recently a mound of mud and stones was dumped on the lay-by where their caravan is parked. But they are determined to fight on. One of the strik-ers, Chris Halligan, said, "We're here to stay. We can't

the mass picket is over". But it is time for SIPTU to defy this terrible law that they originally supported in

Cuts in funding to col-

leges has meant a greater use of contract staff. In the DCU library half of the staff of 41 are on temporary contracts.

ing hours

After the strike vote. After the strike vote, management backed down and offered compensation. The issue is by no means over but a new wave of con-fidence has returned to the union.

DCU workers vote to defend contract staff

WORKERS at Dublin City University voted over-whelmingly to take strike

whelmingly to take strike action against the treatment of contract staff recently. Two contract workers were let go after working for over two years at the college. One of the workers had been put on nine different contracts. The management claimed that they were not "suitably qualified" for per-manent jobs. Cuts in funding to col-

In some departments temporary staff carry out the bulk of the teaching on lower pay and longer teach-

The bosses at Waterford docks are attempted to destroy the conditions of the dockers. Waterford Multi-Ports - a subsidiary of Bell Ferry - made dockers redundant some time ago. But now they are hiring workers from outside Waterford on a one ship, one contract basis. This has led to a complete cut in wages and manning levels. The new yellow pack workers are only getting 50% of the wage of the former dockers and manning levels have been cut from 32 to 16 on livestock ships. Unofficial pickets have now been mounted by dockers who are in the ATGWU. The tragedy is that the union is doing nothing to get solidarity action from other dockers who are employed by Bell Forry. But If action is not taken now like rich busi-

Bell Ferry. But If action is not taken now the rich busi-nessmen with strong FF connections who domi-nate the harbour board will move on to destroy the conditions of all dockers.

It means that people will have to travel 20 miles to

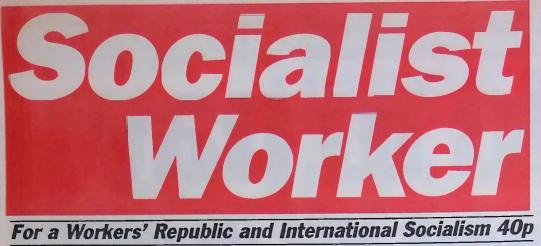
one nurse who was in-volved in organising the

volved in organising the action. "We've had great sup-port from the people of Larne who know what is at stake and are behind us all the way." She also referred to the fact that Ian Paisley had spoke from the platform. "I think it was a mistake. He is just interested in pub-

Antrim for treatment. The Northern Ireland Health Board says that it cannot afford to keep the hospital open. But last year it had an unspent sur-plus of £18 million. The anger against the closure is being led by the

Pickets on Waterford Docks

The bosses at Waterford docks are attempted to



Britain's BNP

Nazis did this





This is the face of Muktar Ahmed.

He was set upon by a gang of 25 racists in Bethnal Green, east London in Feb-

ruary. He now lies critically ill in a hospital bed.

Muktar was just walking down the street when he was attacked from two directions.

The racists beat Muktar to the ground. Then they kicked and beat him,

concentrating on his head. In their frenzy to kill him they fractured his skull in three places.

This attack took place in an area where the fascist BNP is trying to

build a base

One of their members Derek Beackon won a council seat in the nearby Isle of Dogs.

Since his election, racist attacks have grown by 300%.

That is what fascism is all about. It wants to find scapegoats for all the ills of poverty, bad housing and unemployment.

Terrorise

Its thugs hope to gain control of the streets to terrorise those who resist.

It hopes in the long term to get the backing of big business when it wants to crack down on the unions.

Everywhere that Nazis grow attacks like those on Muktar Ahmed happen.

In Germany, there have already been 1,400 racist attacks this year. The previous year Nazi thugs launched an horrific attack on a Turkish hostel in Solingen and murdered five people.

In Russia, the fascist Zhirinovsky got 25% of the vote. He has said: "When I am President, Russian

soldiers will wash their boots in the Indian Ocean."

Now immigrants are being driven out of Moscow.

In cinemas across Ireland, Schindler's List the film about the Holocaust, is on view. It shows the type of barbarism that the fascists want to bring back to Europe. But the fascists can be beaten this

time Millions of people want to fight back against them.

They have taken to the streets to

stop them organising. The victory that stopped the fascist David Irving organising in this country last year shows just what can be done.

But we have to go much further. Fascism breeds from a capitalist system that is stuck in recession.

Those who want to fight back against racist and fascist ideas have to show where the real roots of poverty and unemployment lie.



THIS is Professor Richard Lynn from Coleraine University. He claims that black people are less intelligent than whites. He is a racist.

Lynn has received a £30,000 grant from the extreme right wing Pioneer Fund in America.

The research is to prove that black people have IQs fifteen points lower than that of whites.

Lynn has submitted several articles for a magazine, *Mankind Quarterly*, run by Roger Pearson, renowned for his previ-ous far right activity. Nazi scientist Baron Otmar von Verschuler was a past editorial adviser to the magazine.

Now the Anti-Nazi League has launched a campaign in Coleraine to get Lynn sacked. Fifty Coleraine students have al-ready joined the ANL.

Angry ANL campaigners picketed Pro-fessor Lynn's lecture in February and forced Lynn to abandon his class.

At a student union general meeting a motion was tabled demanding Lynn's im-mediate resignation or that he be sacked. The motion was postponed for further dis-cussion once additional information has been amassed.

amassed. A spokesperson for the university told the Belfast Telegraph that "Professor Lynn's re-search is being conducted in a personal ca-pacity and is not a registered research project of the university". This is a pathetic response to the cam-paign that has been mounted against Lynn's racist research. Lynn is working at Coleraine and is using the facilities of the college to carry out his research. If the college wants to disassociate themselves from Lynn, they should SACK him. should SACK him.

At present petitions are piling up at Col-aine, Magee and Jordanstown and will be sent to the new chancellor, Rabbi Julia Neuberger.

Extensive research is being carried out on

Extensive research is being carried out on the Pioneer Fund and as we go to press the SWM is pushing the ANL to organise a pro-test rally on the Coleraine campus. With the rise of fascism all over Europe, so-called research like Lynn's is unaccept-able. Lynn should not be in a position to propagate his racist ideologies under the guise of "science".